

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



Cover by: Amy Wallot/Communications

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY



PREPARED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

Paid for with Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government Funds



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

Linda Gorton Mayor

November 23, 2020

Dear Citizen,

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, reflects fiscal discipline and strong financial management in the face of significant economic fallout from the COVID-19 pandemic.

The impact of the pandemic on our economy and on the city budget was sudden and deep. Beginning in early March, when Lexington reported its first case of COVID-19, virtually all economic activity slowed in our city, throughout our state, and across our nation.

In March 2020, over 18,200 Lexington citizens filed first-time claims for unemployment. A year earlier, in March 2019, Fayette's initial unemployment claims numbered 408. Naturally, there was a significant drop in fourth quarter revenues.

Before the pandemic struck, we were following a tight budget designed to maintain and protect the basic services our citizens value. We funded a continuation budget for FY 20 ... a continuation of excellent government services through a fiscally responsible budget that reset our spending. We tightened our belt, and limited borrowing to the lowest level since 2013. The pandemic required that we cut expenses to tighten that belt even more.

The success of our financial management is reflected in a bond rating that has remained unchanged despite the change in our economy. Bond rating agencies measured the health of our city and affirmed our excellent rating in spite of economic upheaval. We have recently refinanced several bonds, saving \$500,000 this year in debt costs, and a total savings over several years of \$4.7 million. Those savings would have not been possible without a low bond rating.

Sincerely, Kinda Arton

Linda Gorton Mayor

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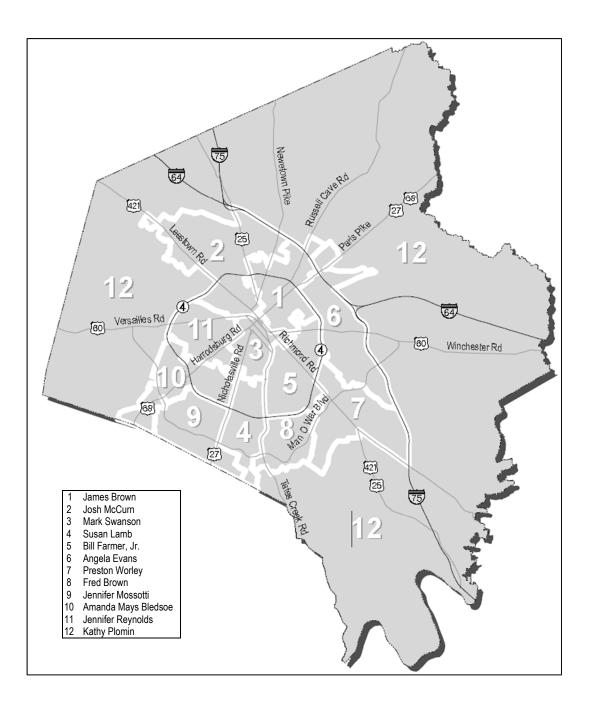
200 East Main Street

Lexington, KY 40507 • (859) 425-2255 HORSE CAPITAL OF THE WORLD www.lexingtonky.gov

ELECTED OFFICIALS

MAYOR Linda Gorton

COUNCILMEMBERS-AT-LARGE Steve Kay – Vice Mayor Richard Moloney Chuck Ellinger DISTRICT COUNCILMEMBERS





ERIN HENSLEY COMMISSIONER FINANCE

November 23, 2020

Citizens of Lexington-Fayette Urban County Honorable Mayor Linda Gorton Members of the Urban County Council Lexington-Fayette Government

Dear Citizens, Mayor and Members of the Urban County Council:

As Commissioner of Finance, it is my pleasure to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government (the Government) (LFUCG) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The CAFR has been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and the reporting standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The CAFR includes all funds of the Government and its component units.

The report is organized into three sections: an introductory section, a financial section, and a statistical section. The introductory section provides general information on the Government's structure, as well as information useful in assessing the Government's financial condition. The financial section contains the independent auditors' report on the financial statement audit, management discussion and analysis, basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and information on individual funds not separately provided in the basic financial statements. The statistical section provides a broad range of trend data covering financial, demographic, and economic activity useful in assessing the Government's financial condition.

This CAFR was prepared by the Division of Accounting with assistance from staff in the Divisions of Finance, Revenue, and Budgeting. These entities are responsible for both the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the Government's assets from loss, theft or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for preparation of the financial statements in conformance with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of internal control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from their use and that such cost-benefit evaluation requires estimates and judgment by management.

State statute and the Charter of the Government both require that an independent financial audit be conducted annually. The accounting firm of Strothman and Company, performed the audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the



Government's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component in the financial section of this report.

Additionally, the audit engagement also included an audit of federal grants meeting the requirements of federal grantor agencies as outlined by the Federal Single Audit Act of 1984, the Single Audit Act Amendment of 1996, and the related Uniform Guidance. These standards require the auditor to report not only on the fairness of the representation of the financial statement, but also on the internal controls and compliance with legal requirements of the federal awards. These reports will be available in the Government's separately issued Single Audit Report.

Profile of the Government (As of June 30, 2020)

Demographic Profile

The City of Lexington, with a population of 323,152, is the second largest city in Kentucky. It is ideally located within 600 miles of 50% of the US population. Besides being the horse capital of the world, Lexington is also home to the state's flagship university, the University of Kentucky, with 30,545 postsecondary students in the talent pool. Incorporated in 1775, Lexington has since grown to encompass just over 286 square miles of land.

Form of Government

The Government is an urban county with the powers of both a city of the second class and a county created from the merger of the City of Lexington and the County of Fayette in 1974. The Government operates pursuant to Chapter 67A of the Kentucky Revised Statutes. The Government operates under a Mayor-Council form of government, where executive and administrative functions are vested with the Mayor, and legislative authority is vested with the Urban County Council. The Mayor is assisted in the administration of the government by the Chief of Staff, a Chief Administrative Officer (CAO), the Chief Information Officer (CIO), and seven Department Commissioners. The senior advisors, CAO, CIO and Commissioners are appointed by the Mayor with the approval of the Urban County Council. A list of principal officers begins on page 11.

The Government provides a full range of services typical to Municipal governments, including:

- General Government Mayor, Councilmembers, Chief of Staff, Chief Administrative Officer, Chief Development Officer, Council Clerk, Office of Bluegrass Farm to Table, Office of Diversity and Inclusion, Office of Economic Development, Office of Homelessness Prevention & Intervention, Office of Multicultural Affairs, Office of Purchase of Development Rights, Division of Government Communications, Division of Grants & Special Programs, Division of Historic Preservation, Division of Human Resources, Division of Internal Audit, Division of LexCall, and the Division of Planning
- Information Technology Divisions of Computer Services and Enterprise Solutions
- Environmental Quality & Public Works Divisions of Building Inspection, Engineering, Environmental Services, Waste Management, Water Quality, Streets & Roads, and Traffic Engineering
- Finance Divisions of Accounting, Budgeting, Purchasing, and Revenue
- General Services Divisions of Facilities & Fleet Management and Parks & Recreation
- Law Divisions of Corporate Counsel, Litigation, and Claims Management
- Public Safety Divisions of Code Enforcement, Community Corrections, Emergency Management, Enhanced 911, Fire & Emergency Services, and Police
- Social Services Divisions of Community and Resident Services, Aging and Disability Services, Family Services, and Youth Services.



Significant Events (as of November 1, 2020)

Response to COVID-19

Lexington-Fayette County began to see the impacts of the COVID-19 global pandemic in March 2020. During the third and fourth quarters of fiscal year 2020, the City's main revenue sources, Occupational License Tax and Net Profits Tax, showed noticeable signs of decline as businesses adjusted operations to meet state and local guidelines. To assist local businesses and residents, Lexington-Fayette County created grant programs for small businesses and emergency financial assistance programs for residents facing evictions or utility shutoffs. These actions were combined with expenditure controls within the local government to ensure fiscal soundness and stability. The effects of COVID-19 and subsequent needs of the community will continue to have an impact throughout fiscal year 2021.

Lexington Convention Center

In July 2018, the Lexington Convention Center broke ground on a more than \$240 million renovation and expansion, which is the single largest capital project in Lexington's history. The project is scheduled for completion in November 2021. In March 2020, when the spread of COVID-19 worsened, the convention center and arena began to see a sharp decline in hotel tax revenues which backed the bonds issued for this project. In response to the decline in revenue and less favorable financial outlook, the Government took an active management approach and sought to restructure the existing debt. The refunding bonds issued will pay for capitalized interest through and including March 1, 2023, with the debt maturing from 2049 to 2053, a period that will include the useful life of the renovated facilities. The GO pledge earned the deal ratings of Aa2 from Moody's Investors Service and AA from S&P Global Ratings, matching the GO ratings of Lexington-Fayette County. Both rating agencies said the outlook is stable.

Town Branch Commons and Trail

Construction began in July 2018 for the Town Branch Commons. The project is a linear urban trail closing the gap between our downtown parks and two major trails. Once on the Town Branch Trail, users will be able to access 22 continuous miles of dedicated walking, jogging, and cycling trails connecting the city center to the countryside. Water is featured along the path in interactive fountains and planting areas work to collect storm water. The trail is separated and buffered from adjacent vehicular traffic. The trail is fully funded by a diverse array of federal and state grants that leverage local dollars. Funding sources include a \$14.1M federal TIGER Grant, a \$5.2M federal CMAQ Grant, a \$2.3M federal TAP Grant, a \$1M SLX Grant, a \$5.6M Kentucky Infrastructure Loan, and \$11.8M of local dollars. Completion of the project is expected in 2022.

Consent Decree

The Government is required to reduce sanitary sewer overflows as part of a court ordered settlement, the Consent Decree, with the United States (US) Department of Justice, the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The Consent Decree requires Lexington to address structural, operational, and procedural issues within its storm and sanitary sewer systems in accordance with the schedule developed jointly with the EPA. To date Lexington has incurred no penalties for missing a Consent Decree imposed deadline.

The sanitary sewer capital construction component of the Consent Decree consists of 116 capital improvement projects intended to rehabilitate the sanitary sewer system to prevent recurring sanitary sewer overflows and unpermitted bypasses. The cost estimate for all the Remedial Measures Plan (RMP) capital projects is \$591 million, and LFUCG must complete the projects by December 31, 2026. In FY 2020, three new wet weather storage facilities were completed. The 24 million gallon West Hickman WWTP storage tank was completed in conjunction with the adjacent new head works facility. This



\$64 M project received a 2019 Performance and Innovation award from US EPA. Additionally, the 5 million gallon West Hickman 7 storage tank was completed at a total project cost of \$16.97 M, which is 88% of the originally projected cost contained in the RMP schedule. Upon completion of the West Hickman 7 project, Lexington was able to subdivide surplus property left over from the project site, recovering an additional \$1.3 million in site acquisition costs. Finally, the 6 million gallon East Hickman wet weather facility has been placed into service, mitigating Lexington's 4th most frequent pump station Sanitary Sewer Overflow (SSO). By the end of 2020, Lexington will have over 70 MG of storage completed as part of the RMP.

As of September 2020, a total of 35 RMP projects have been completed and another twenty four (24) are in the construction phase, totaling approximately \$278.7 million in capital expenditures. The most recent projections show total RMP capital project expenses trending approximately 20% below the original estimated expenditure for the projects completed or are under construction to date. The Government will continue to closely monitor this trend as the overall project scope has now begun to transition away from the storage tank projects and into the pipeline upgrade projects.

The Capacity, Management, Operation, and Maintenance (CMOM) Program is also a requirement of the Consent Decree. The CMOM Program outlines the operational changes that must be implemented and maintained. Since launching the Consent Decree, the Division of Water Quality has completed or implemented all 154 required CMOM Program elements. Many have ongoing, continuous compliance components which are being performed. In FY20, the Government hired two employees to provide daily management for the CMOM program. Utilizing internal staff and support from an external consulting firm, they have begun conducting gap analysis on existing program elements to proactively identify and correct compliance issues before they escalate.

All four (4) Supplemental Environmental Projects (SEPs) that were specifically required by the Consent Decree are now complete. The flood mitigation Commonwealth SEP completion report was submitted for state review and approval on October 13, 2020. The completion report documents a total expenditure equaling \$20,222,602 over a 10-year period for the mitigation of priority flood control projects in Fayette County.

The Government has met all Consent Decree compliance measures associated with the Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) and is in full compliance with its state-issued KPDES permit. In June 2020, Lexington submitted a formal notice to EPA and the Department of Justice (DOJ) that documents Lexington's full compliance with the stormwater program provisions of the Consent Decree. That notice also contained Lexington's request to be dismissed from further stormwater program obligations under the Consent Decree.

The city is awaiting EPA / DOJ response. In regards to the KPDES permit, Lexington has submitted the required permit renewal application and is waiting for the state to complete the public notice process for a new permit. In the meantime, the city continues to operate under the permit that expired in May 2020.

Finally, as with many other municipal utilities, the COVID-19 pandemic has negatively impacted some project delivery schedules. Lexington has requested and received regulatory relief for several near-term project schedule milestones. Lexington will continue to work closely with US EPA and state government to ensure compliance with the term and conditions in these unprecedented times.

Parks and Recreation

In the past year, the Division of Parks and Recreation continued to prioritize many projects that stemmed directly from the 2018 Parks Master Plan. Projects included building improvements, improved access to new trails, increased shade



and interpretive signage, new basketball courts and water fountains. Under the goal of Great Stewardship, the Bring Back the Bluegrass naturalization effort includes system-wide and riparian improvement at Wellington Park. These projects allowed the department to preserve and restore sensitive areas while conserving resources. Additionally, the department continued their commitment to the goal of Great Engagement by completing an ADA Implementation Plan and upgrading accessible play equipment at Masterson Station and Shilito Park. The onset of the COVID-19 pandemic forced parks to pivot programming, events, and facility offerings to maintaining green space and community engagement for the health and well-being of the community.

Strengthening Fiscal Management

Introduction

In the past several years, the Government has benefited from local economic growth and historically low interest rates that have allowed for significant investments in infrastructure and public safety. The Government has also restructured existing debt to benefit from the low interest rate environment and decrease its overall debt service burden. This restructuring is anticipated to create a savings of over \$4 million during the 15-year issue period. As the Federal Reserve considers future rate changes, the Government will monitor the bond market to ensure that it stays in a favorable position regarding its long-term debt.

Local Economy

The unemployment rate in Fayette County was 4.5% in June 2020, as compared to 3.9% in June 2019. However, it should be noted that in April and May 2020, the unemployment rate was measured at 14.1% and 9.0% respectively. This increase shows the vast impact of the coronavirus on the local employment economy during 2020. Still, Fayette County compared favorably to the State rate of 16.2% and 10.7% in April and May 2020. Fayette County has begun to see some positive signs in employment as the area begins to slowly recover.

Total employment remains well above levels seen during The Great Recession. Employment, as measured by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, was 199,993 for the quarter ended December 31, 2019. By comparison, total employment was 194,528 for the quarter ended December 31, 2018 and 179,182 for the quarter ended December 31, 2007 (pre-recession). Average annual pay has also increased in Lexington-Fayette County during that time period. In 2019, the average annual pay was \$50,432 as compared to \$39,823 in 2007.

Budget Control and Financial Management

The Mayor of the Government submits a proposed annual operating and a five-year capital improvement budget to the Urban County Council at least sixty days prior to the beginning of each succeeding fiscal year. The Urban County Council, upon receipt of the proposed budget, conducts a series of public hearings on the proposed budget. The Charter of the Government provides that the Urban County Council may amend the budget; however, the adopted budget shall provide for all expenditures required by law and for all debt service requirements. Other budgeting polices include that the budget must be balanced for each fund, and total available funds must equal or exceed total anticipated expenditures.

The Urban County Council adopts a line-item budget ordinance and must approve all budget amendments moving money within the personnel category or from one category to another (personnel, operating, capital). Budgetary control is maintained at the division level and is facilitated by the use of encumbrance accounting. As purchase orders are issued, corresponding amounts of divisional appropriations are reserved for later payment. Requests for disbursements, which will result in an overrun of budgeted expenditures, must be accompanied by a request for a budget amendment.

The Administration conducts monthly departmental budget reviews. Supplemental information on budget amendments, upcoming issues, and long-term plans are discussed. These meetings, along with the standing Urban County Council



Budget, Finance & Economic Development committee, give the Government a platform to discuss critical questions related to programs, policies and priorities in addition to the more routine aspects of governmental budget management.

As an added control, during 2020 Lexington-Fayette began encumbering unused budgetary funds to help manage expenses. This practice will continue as needed through 2021, and will help ensure financial security throughout the uncertainty of the pandemic.

Long-Term Financial Policies

Annually, the Government adopts a Capital Improvement Plan prior to the completion of the annual operating budget. The development of the capital improvement plan budget is coordinated with the development of the operating budgets. Requests for capital projects are accompanied by estimates of project impact on annual operating costs and revenues. Additionally, multi-year forecasts of revenues and expenditures, including operating and capital expenditures, are prepared throughout the year to monitor the adequacy of funding resources and debt capacity.

Cash Management and Investment Policy

The Department of Finance is responsible for the custody, investment, and disbursement of all funds of the Government in accordance with the procedures and standards adopted by the Urban County Council. It is the policy of the Government to invest funds in a manner that will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security of principal while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Government. The Government's investments are governed by state statues (KRS 66.480) and an investment policy approved by the Urban County Council. In fiscal year 2020 all funds were invested in either obligations of the United States and its agencies or instrumentalities, mutual funds comprised of those securities, repurchase agreements, collateralized Certificates of Deposit, or commercial paper.

Awards and Acknowledgements

For the 28th consecutive year, the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended July 30, 2019. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report whose contents conform to the program standards. This report must also satisfy generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements.

Preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the professional, efficient, and dedicated services of the staff of the Divisions of Accounting, Finance, Revenue and Budgeting. Further appreciation is extended to the Mayor, the members of the Urban County Council, Commissioners, and Division Directors for their cooperation and support.

Respectfully submitted,

Esti Hender

Erin Hensley, Commissioner Department Of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Lexington-Fayette Urban County Kentucky

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

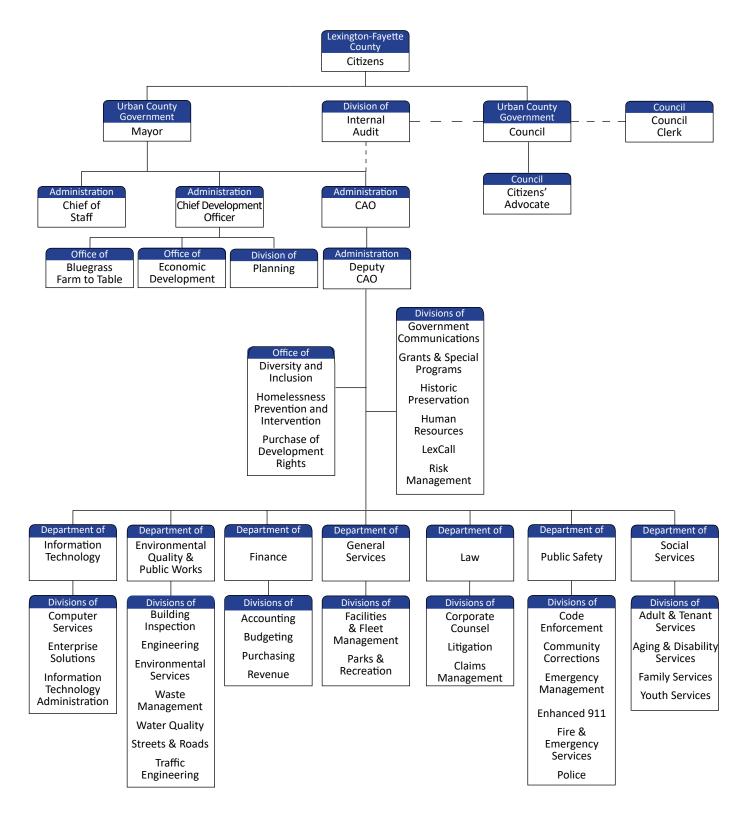
Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO



Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government

Organizational Chart



DIRECTORY OF GOVERNMENTAL OFFICIALS

Council Office Citizens' Advocate Office

Council Clerk's Office

Office of the Mayor

Internal Audit

Office of the Chief Administrative Officer Grants and Special Programs Risk Management Public Information Office LexCall GTV3 Human Resources Office of Homelessness Prevention & Intervention Purchase of Development Rights Historic Preservation

Chief Development Office Planning

Chief Information Office

Computer Services Enterprise Solutions

Finance

Accounting and Payroll Purchasing Revenue Budgeting

Environmental Quality and Public Works

Environmental Services Water Quality Waste Management Streets and Roads Traffic Engineering Building Inspection Engineering

Law

Public Safety

Community Corrections Division of Emergency Management E911 Fire and Emergency Services Police Code Enforcement

Social Services

Adult Services Aging Services Family Services Youth Services

General Services Facilities and Fleet Management Parks and Recreation Stacey Maynard, Council Administrator Amber Deitz, Citizens' Advocate

Abigail Allen, Director

Linda Gorton, Mayor

Bruce Sahli, Director

Sally Hamilton, Chief Administrative Officer Charlie Lanter, Director Vacant, Director Stacey Dimon, Supervisor Kendra Carter, Director Chris Edwards, Supervisor John Maxwell, Director Polly Ruddick, Director Elizabeth Overman, Program Manager Bettie L. Kerr, Director

Kevin Atkins, Chief Development Officer Jim Duncan, Director

Aldona Valicenti, Chief Information Officer Mike Nugent, Director Phillip Stiefel, Director

William O'Mara, Commissioner

Phyllis Cooper, Director Todd Slatin, Director Jeffrey Lewis, Acting Director Melissa Lueker, Director

Nancy Albright, Commissioner

Susan Plueger, Director Charles H. Martin, Director Tracey Thurman, Director Rob Allen, Director Jeff Neal, Director Dewey Crowe, Director Doug Burton, Director

Susan Speckert, Commissioner

Ken Armstrong, Commissioner

Steven Haney, Director Patricia Dugger, Director Robert Stack, Director Kristin Chilton, Chief Lawrence Weathers, Chief Alex Olszowy, Director

Chris Ford, Commissioner

Connie Godfrey, Director Kristina Stambaugh, Director Joanna Rodes, Director Stephanie Hong, Director

Monica Conrad, Acting Commissioner Jamshid Baradaran, Director Monica Conrad, Director



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FINANCIAL SECTION

Strothman and Company Certified Public Accountants and Advisors 1600 Waterfront Plaza 325 West Main Street Louisville, KY 40202 502 585 1600



Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor, Members of the Urban County Council and Citizens Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government Lexington, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government (the "Government"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Government's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the following entities:

- Lexington Center Corporation
- Lexington Convention and Visitors Bureau
- Lexington-Fayette Urban County Airport Board
- Lexington-Fayette Urban County Department of Health
- Lexington Public Library
- Transit Authority of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government

Collectively, these entities represent 100%, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the entities above, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

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We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the Government's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Government's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Government as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 16 to 29 and budgetary comparison information on pages 110 to 114 and pension and OPEB information on pages 115 to 122 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Government's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the schedule of expenditures of state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 23, 2020, on our consideration of the Government's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Government's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Strothman and Company.

Louisville, Kentucky November 23, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents a discussion and analysis of the Government's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. It is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and is intended to provide a readable explanation of the information within the basic financial statements. It should be read in conjunction with the Letter of Transmittal (which can be found preceding this narrative on page 3) and the financial statements immediately following the analysis.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Government–Wide Highlights

- In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the global novel coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) outbreak a pandemic. Further, the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention confirmed the spread of the disease throughout the United States. As of the date the financial statements were available to be issued, the Government's operations have been adversely impacted by the COVID-19 outbreak. The currently known impacts are:
 - Revenues for license fees and permits are down \$9.74 million from the final budgeted amount.
 - The Government received grant funds from the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES) in fiscal year 2020 of \$20.92 million. Of that amount, \$20.77 million was Governmental Activities and \$0.15 million was Business-Type Activities expenditures. The Government anticipates receipt of additional grant funds of \$4.08 million in fiscal year 2021.
- Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources of the Primary Government exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by approximately \$276.07 million at the close of fiscal year 2020. This amount includes a deficit of approximately (\$798.86) million in unrestricted net position.
- Governmental Activities' net position was (\$85.28) million at the end of fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$693.35 million was the net investment in capital assets. The net investment in capital assets comprises 813.05% of total net position.
- Business-Type Activities held a balance of \$361.35 million in net position. The unrestricted fund balance at June 30, 2020 is \$43.00 million, or 43.04% of Business-Type Activity expenses.

Fund Highlights

- As of June 30, 2020, the Government's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$158.05 million, an increase of \$10.26 million compared to the previous fiscal year. Of this total amount, \$75.31 million is restricted for various projects: public works, public safety, capital projects, grants, urban services, and energy improvements.
- The General Fund, the primary operating fund of the Government, held an unassigned fund balance of \$4.07 million or 1.17% of General Fund expenditures. There are two categories of committed fund balance; general government and economic stabilization. Committed funds represent amounts restricted for use by the highest level of governing authority, an ordinance passed by the Urban County Council. The total committed fund balance is \$47.79 million. The committed fund balance designation for economic stabilization held a balance of \$42.48 million, available for spending in the event of an economic downturn or unforeseen event. There is one category of assigned fund balance; general government. Assignments for general government represent planning for various projects combined with management's intent to complete these projects. These assignments total \$28.20 million for fiscal year 2020.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three key elements comprise the basic financial statements, including:

- A) Government-Wide Financial Statements;
- B) Fund Financial Statements, and;
- C) Notes to the Financial Statements

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *Government-Wide Financial Statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Government's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements report financial information about the entire Government, except for fiduciary activities, and provide both short-term and long-term information about the Government's financial position, and assist in the assessment of the Government's economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. The statements are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. They take into account all revenues and expenses of the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The *Government-Wide Financial Statements* include two statements: The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

The *Statement of Net Position* reflects the financial position of the Government at fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Accordingly, the Government's net position, the difference between assets (what the citizens own) plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities (what the citizens owe), is one way to determine the financial condition of the Government. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are one indicator of whether the financial health of the Government is improving or deteriorating. However, additional factors such as changes in the Government's revenue structure, its tax base, and its level of assets held, should be considered in order to assess thoroughly the overall financial condition of the Government.

The *Statement of Activities* reflects the Government's revenues and expenses, as well as other transactions that increase or decrease net position. Program revenues are offset by program expenses in order to provide better information regarding program costs financed by general government revenues.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements divide the Government's activities into three types:

- 1. Governmental Activities The activities in this section are mostly supported by intergovernmental revenues (federal grants) and taxes, namely licenses and permits, property taxes, and charges for services. Most services normally associated with local government fall into this category, including police, fire, solid waste, parks and general administration. Internal Service Fund balances are reported as part of Governmental Activities.
- 2. Business-Type Activities These activities normally are intended to recover all or a significant portion of costs through user fees and charges to external users of goods and services provided by the Government. The Business-Type Activities of the Government include the operations of various Enterprise Funds, including sanitary sewer services, landfill and disposal costs, water quality, and leases and operating costs for public facilities related to debt issues.
- 3. Discretely Presented Component Units The Government includes eight separate legal entities in its reports. Although legally separate and possessing independent qualities, the Government maintains financial accountability for these entities.

B. Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The *Fund Financial Statements* report the operations of the Government in greater detail than the *Government-Wide Financial Statements* by providing information about the Government's most significant funds. Local ordinance or bond covenants may require the creation of some funds; others may be created at the discretion of

the Administration for management and fiscal control of financial resources. All funds of the Government can be divided into three types of funds: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds.

1. Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as Governmental Activities in the *Government-Wide Financial Statements*. However, unlike the *Government-Wide Financial Statements*, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the basic services performed by the Government are reported in the governmental funds category. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the *Government-Wide Financial Statements*, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for Governmental Activities in the *Government-Wide Financial Statements*. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Government's near term funding decisions. The governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and Governmental Activities.

2. Proprietary funds – When the Government charges a fee for services which is intended to cover the cost of providing those services – whether to outside customers or other units of the Government – those services are generally reported in the proprietary funds category. The subcategories of the proprietary funds include enterprise funds and internal service funds.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as Business-Type Activities in the *Government-Wide Financial Statements*.

Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the various functions of the Government. The Government uses internal service funds to account for its health, general liability, auto, property and worker's compensation self-insurance. These services predominantly benefit Governmental Activities rather than Business-Type Activities and they have been included with Governmental Activities in the *Government-Wide Financial Statements*.

The proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the *Government-Wide Financial Statements*, but the fund statements provide more detail. The Government considers the Sanitary Sewer System Fund, the Public Facilities Corporation Fund, the Landfill Fund, and the Water Quality Fund as its major proprietary funds.

3. Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the *Government-Wide Financial Statements* because the resources of those funds are not available to support the programs of the Government. The accounting used for the fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds. The Government is the trustee, or fiduciary, for two employees' pension funds, the City Employees' Pension Fund and the Policemen's and Firefighters' Retirement Fund.

C. Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the *Government-Wide* and *Fund Financial Statements*. They are an integral part of the financial statements and focus on the primary government and its activities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Analysis of Net Position

Net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In Table 1 below, the Government's combined net position (Governmental and Business-Type Activities) totaled \$276.07 million as of June 30, 2020, a decrease of \$53.76 million from the previous year. Total depreciation expense government wide was \$76.23 million.

The largest proportion of the Government's net position, \$994.84 million, is invested in capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructures, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment), minus any related debt, which is still outstanding and used to acquire those assets. The Government uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens. As such, these assets are not available for future spending.

Table 1 Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government Summary of Net Position For Years As Stated (in thousands)

Total Net Position

		Restated	
_	FY 2020	FY 2019	Change
ASSETS			
Current and other assets	\$413,599	\$365,639	\$47,960
Capital assets	1,430,751	1,428,817	1,934
Total assets	1,844,350	1,794,456	49,894
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	236,187	222,116	14,071
LIABILITIES			
Current and other liabilities	81,754	85,587	(3,833)
Long-term liabilities	1,575,906	1,441,411	134,495
Total liabilities	1,657,660	1,526,998	130,662
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	146,805	176,189	(29,384)
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	994,842	942,878	51,964
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	43,530	47,789	(4,259)
Energy Improvement Projects	1,115	1,377	(262)
Debt Service	3,958	3,762	196
Capital Replacement	2,286	1,794	492
Pension	21,930	21,449	481
Water Quality Incentive Program	5,794	5,336	458
Grants	266	259	7
Maintenance and Operations	1,215	925	290
Unrestricted	(798,864)	(712,184)	(86,680)
Total net position	\$276,072	\$313,385	(\$37,313)

Approximately \$80.09 million, or 29.01% of total net position, is subject to external restrictions regarding its use. Restricted amounts within Governmental Activities include fund balances of the general fund, the urban services fund and various special revenue funds. Please refer to the fund analysis beginning on page 25 for more information.

Table 2 indicates that the net position of Governmental Activities totaled (\$85.28) million, or 7.36% of total assets, a decrease of \$52.60 million from the previous year. Of this total, \$693.35 million is invested in capital assets (e.g.

land, infrastructures, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment), minus any related debt, which is still outstanding and used to acquire those assets.

Table 2 Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government Summary of Net Position For Years as Stated (in thousands)

	Governmental Activities				
		Restated			
	FY 2020	FY 2019	Change		
ASSETS					
Current and other assets	\$246,842	\$233,922	\$12,920		
Capital assets	911,308	939,782	(28,474)		
Total assets	1,158,150	1,173,704	(15,554)		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	219,997	206,043	13,954		
LIABILITIES					
Current and other liabilities	58,529	60,704	(2,175)		
Long-term liabilities	1,263,611	1,180,692	82,919		
Total liabilities	1,322,140	1,241,396	80,744		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	141,285	171,026	(29,741)		
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	693,353	667,270	26,083		
Restricted for:					
Capital Projects	39,554	43,875	(4,321)		
Energy Improvement Projects	265	632	(367)		
Debt Service	1,223	1,026	197		
Pension	21,930	21,449	481		
Grants	266	259	7		
Maintenance and Operations					
Unrestricted	(841,869)	(767,186)	(74,683)		
Total net position	(\$85,278)	(\$32,675)	(\$52,603)		

Table 3 shows the net position of Business-Type Activities totaled \$361.35 million at the end of fiscal year 2020, an increase of \$15.29 million from the previous fiscal year. Of total net position, \$301.49 million, or 83.43%, is invested in capital assets, minus related debt which is still outstanding and used to acquire those assets. The Government uses these capital assets in the same way as the capital assets held by Governmental Activities.

Table 3Lexington-Fayette Urban County GovernmentSummary of Net PositionFor Years as Stated(in thousands)

	Business-Type Activities				
		Restated			
	FY 2020	FY 2019	Change		
ASSETS					
Current and other assets	\$166,756	\$131,718	\$35,038		
Capital assets	519,443	489,035	30,408		
Total assets	686,199	620,753	65,446		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	16,190	16,073	117		
LIABILITIES					
Current and other liabilities	23,224	24,883	(1,659)		
Long-term liabilities	312,295	260,719	51,576		
Total liabilities	335,519	285,602	49,917		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,520	5,163	357		
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	301,489	275,608	25,881		
Restricted for:					
Capital Projects	3,976	3,914	62		
Energy Improvement Projects	850	746	104		
Debt Service	2,736	2,736			
Capital Replacement	2,286	1,794	492		
Water Quality Incentive Program	5,794	5,336	458		
Maintenance and Operations	1,215	925	290		
Unrestricted	43,004	55,002	(11,998)		
Total net position	\$361,350	\$346,061	\$15,289		

Governmental Activities

As indicated in Chart 1, the Government funds its Governmental Activities from revenue received from four significant categories. A clear majority, 61%, of the Government's revenue were provided through licenses and permits. This category includes fees placed on employee withholdings, business returns, insurance premiums, and franchise fees. Charges for Services were 16%, which was the second largest contributing category to governmental activity revenues. Revenues collected in this category included charges collected from the Detention Center, EMS charges, golf course collections, fees for building permits, and fees associated with parks and recreation programs. Property Taxes comprised 13% of governmental revenues. Federal and State grant funding represented 9% of governmental revenue. The remaining 1% in Other category represented miscellaneous revenues collected by the Government.

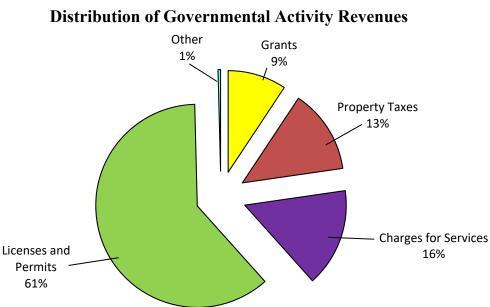


Chart 1

As indicated by Table 4, revenues from Governmental Activities totaled \$497.32 million, which was an increase of \$21.04 million, or 4.42%, from the previous fiscal year. Licenses and permits totaled \$304.49 million, representing 61.23% of total revenues. As stated earlier, this category includes employee withholdings in the form of an occupational license fee (OLF). This fee is comprised of an assessment of 2.25% on the total wages received by individuals employed in Lexington-Favette County and an assessment of 2.25% on the net profits of businesses operating in the Lexington-Fayette County area. Licenses and permits increased by \$0.93 million, or 0.31% from the previous fiscal year. This is primarily due to an increase in insurance premiums collected during the fiscal year. Property taxes increased by \$2.05 million, due to an increase in realty taxes collected. Charges for services decreased by \$6.95 million from the previous fiscal year, or 8.19%. Operating and Capital grants increased by \$27.11 million from the previous fiscal year, or 161.51%. Both of these changes year over year are due to the impact of COVID-19.

As noted on Table 4, total expenses of Governmental Activities were \$547.83 million; a decrease of \$1.22 million from the previous fiscal year. This is primarily due to the Government's commitment to control budgets during the pandemic. In addition, the Department of Planning, Preservation & Development was reorganized. The Division of Planning moved to Chief Development Officer. The Divisions of Water Quality, Building Inspection and Engineering moved to Environmental Quality & Public Works. The Divisions of Historic Preservation and Purchase of Development Rights moved to Administrative Services. In addition, the Division of Lexcall was created in Administrative Services. The Division of Code Enforcement moved to Public Safety. The Division of DEEM/Enhanced 911 was split into two separate Divisions, Emergency Management and Enhanced 911.

Business-Type Activities

Also indicated on Table 4, revenues from Business-Type Activities increased by \$1.75 million from the previous fiscal year. Revenues collected for services provided by the Government increased \$1.85 million and other general revenues decreased \$0.97 million. Total expenses of Business-Type Activities increased when compared to fiscal year 2019, by \$3.84 million. Primarily Sanitary Sewer and Water Quality increased \$2.93 million and \$1.10 million, respectively. Public Facilities, Landfill and Other Business-Type Activities expenses decreased \$0.02 million, \$0.12 million, and \$0.05 million, respectively. The largest program among these activities is the Sanitary Sewer system, with expenses of \$65.67 million during the fiscal year, representing 65.73% of all Business-Type Activities expenses.

Table 4 Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government Summary of Statement of Activities

For Years as Stated

	For	Years as Stated	1				
	(in thousands)					
	Governmental		Business-Type		Total Primary		
	Activities		Activ	ities	Government		
		Restated		Restated		Restated	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Revenues							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$77,903	\$84,848	\$113,200	\$111,353	\$191,103	\$196,201	
Operating Grants & Contributions	34,184	11,596			34,184	11,596	
Capital Grants & Contributions	9,710	5,189			9,710	5,189	
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	66,620	64,574			66,620	64,574	
Licenses & Permits	304,493	303,563			304,493	303,563	
Grants & Unrestricted Contributions	2,433	3,353			2,433	3,353	
Other General Revenues	1,974	3,155	1,652	1,749	3,626	4,904	
Total Revenues	497,317	476,278	114,852	113,102	612,169	589,380	
Program Expenses							
General Government	32,299	43,228			32,299	43,228	
Administrative Services*	11,694	10,304			11,694	10,304	
Health, Dental, Vision, Workers Comp,							
General Insurance	28,528	28,506			28,528	28,506	
Chief Development Officer*	4,475	1,218			4,475	1,218	
Information Technology	11,933	12,251			11,933	12,251	
Finance	38,587	36,315			38,587	36,315	
Environmental Quality & Public Works*	99,635	64,931			99,635	64,931	
Planning, Preservation, & Development*	659	46,409			659	46,409	
Public Safety*	15,882	14,640			15,882	14,640	
Police	98,571	88,198			98,571	88,198	
Fire & Emergency Services	97,422	89,345			97,422	89,345	
Community Corrections	40,830	42,490			40,830	42,490	
Social Services	14,413	15,095			14,413	15,095	
General Services					14,413	12,382	
Parks & Recreation	13,772	12,382					
Law	21,974	24,809			21,974	24,809	
	2,277	2,889			2,277	2,889	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	15,587	16,045	65 670	62 740	15,587	16,045	
Sanitary Sewer System Public Facilities			65,670	62,740	65,670	62,740	
			6,899	6,915	6,899	6,915	
Landfill			4,678	4,801	4,678	4,801	
Right of Way			627	595	627	595	
Extended School Program			1,803	2,156	1,803	2,156	
Enhanced 911			5,074	4,799	5,074	4,799	
CKY Network			417	421	417	421	
Water Quality			14,745	13,647	14,745	13,647	
Total Expenses	548,538	549,055	99,913	96,074	648,451	645,129	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position before Transfers	(51,221)	(72,777)	14,939	17,028	(36,282)	(55,749)	
Transfers	(350)	565	350	(565)	(2(282))	0	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(51,571)	(72,212)	15,289	16,463	(36,282)	(55,749)	
Net Position, July 1	(33,707)	38,505	346,061	329,598	312,354	368,103	
Net Position, June 30	(\$85,278)	(\$33,707)	\$361,350	\$346,061	\$276,072	\$312,354	

*In FY20 the Department of Planning, Preservation & Development was reorganized. The Division of Planning moved to Chief Development Officer. The Divisions of Water Quality, Building Inspection and Engineering moved to Environmental Quality & Public Works. The Divisions of Historic Preservation and Purchase of Development Rights moved to Administrative Services. In addition the Division of Lexcall was created in Administrative Services. The Division of Code Enforcement moved to Public Safety. The Division of DEEM/Enhanced 911 was split into two separate Divisions, Emergency Management and Enhanced 911.

PERSONNEL COSTS

During the year, personnel related expenses for salaries and wages covered by collective bargaining agreements increased approximately \$0.23 million. Police and Community Corrections increased by \$0.01 million and \$0.68 million, respectively. Fire & Emergency Services decreased by \$.50 million. This is primarily due to CARES grant reimbursements of \$20.77 million. Salary and wage costs, including benefits, for non-collective bargaining employees increased 0.96%. See Chart 2 for more information on personnel costs for Governmental Activities during fiscal year 2020.

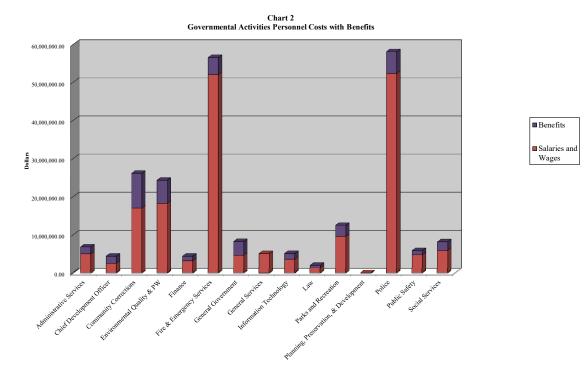
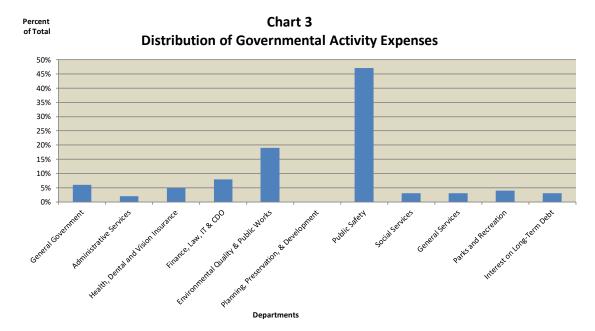


Chart 3 displays the distribution of total costs by governmental activity.



FUNDS OF THE LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT

As discussed earlier, the Government uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and other finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The Government's total governmental funds for the year ended June 30, 2020 reflect a combined ending fund balance of \$158.05 million, an increase of \$10.26 million from the previous fiscal year. The Government reports fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned (refer to Note 1 to the financial statements for detailed information on the fund balance classifications). The increase is primarily due to expenditures in excess of revenues of \$6.19 million, offset by net transfers out and proceeds from the issuance of bonds of \$20.03 million.

The Government had \$4.07 million of unassigned fund balance available in the General Fund at June 30, 2020. Unassigned fund balance of the General Fund (the Government's main operating fund) represents approximately 1.17% of total general fund expenditures for fiscal year 2020. At the end of fiscal year 2020, the fund balance held by the General Fund totaled \$83.91 million, an increase of \$16.0 million, or 23.56%, from the previous fiscal year. This was primarily due to revenues in excess of expenditures of \$19.37 million, offset by other financing uses of \$0.08 million. In addition, there is a decrease from a prior period adjustment of \$3.29 million (see footnote 2.D. for additional details).

The Urban Services Fund is used to finance solid waste collection, streetlights, and street cleaning services for properties within designated property tax districts. At the end of the fiscal year, the Urban Services Fund held a total fund balance of \$23.87 million, a decrease of \$1.97 million over the prior fiscal year. This decrease is primarily due to expenditures in excess of revenues of \$3.54 million, offset by transfers in of \$1.87 million. In addition, there is a decrease from a prior period adjustment of \$0.31 million (see footnote 2.D. for additional details). Operating expenditures increased \$1.97 million over the prior fiscal year. This was primarily due to an increase in equipment, acquisitions, and construction of \$0.99 million and an increase in department expenditures of \$1.23 million offset by a decrease in debt expenditures of \$0.24 million.

The Federal and State Grants Fund held a balance of \$0.27 million for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, an increase of \$0.01 million over the prior fiscal year. This fund balance represents grant revenues received, but not spent, that are restricted for specific activities. During fiscal year 2012, an outstanding loan receivable balance was paid in full. The funding is being used for urban development projects.

The Other Governmental Funds primarily relate to costs associated with various capital bond projects. During fiscal year 2020, \$28.06 million was expended on these projects. Bonds in the amount of \$20.28 million were issued to reimburse these expenditures and cover any additional costs associated with the projects, for more information please see Note 3.D. to the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

The Government's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the *Government-Wide Financial Statements*, but in more detail. Total net position for the Government's proprietary funds totaled \$361.35 million as of June 30, 2020, an increase of \$15.23 million from the prior fiscal year. Revenues from charges for services increased \$1.85 million and total expenses increased \$3.84 million when compared to the prior fiscal year.

The Sanitary Sewer System Fund held a total net position of \$271.34 million, an increase of \$12.86 million over the prior year. Of the total net position held by the Sanitary Sewer System Fund, \$4.94 million is restricted by bond covenants for capital replacement, projects, and debt service. In addition, \$0.85 million is restricted for energy improvement projects.

The Public Facilities Corporation was created by the Government to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Government to finance and operate public projects. The net position of the Public Facilities Corporation was \$19.02 million, a decrease of \$0.65 million from the prior fiscal year. Operating income during fiscal year 2020 was \$5.98

million. The decrease in net position is primarily due to excess operating revenues of \$0.39 million and transfers of \$0.26 million, non-operating expenses of \$1.30 million.

The Water Quality Fund was established to account for the revenues and expenses of developing and operating storm water related activities. The net position of the Water Quality Fund totaled \$21.60 million, an increase of \$0.64 million from the prior fiscal year. Revenues in excess of expenses primarily contributed to this increase.

As of June 30, 2020, the total net position of the Landfill Fund held a balance of \$44.00 million, an increase of \$3.04 million from the prior fiscal year, a 7.42% increase. Revenues in excess of expenses primarily contributed to this increase.

The other enterprise funds were established to account for the acquisition, operation and maintenance of the Government's facilities and services which are entirely or predominantly self-supported by user charges or where the Government has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, and other purposes. As of June 30, 2020 the other enterprise funds held total net position of \$3.67 million, a decrease of \$0.69 million over the previous fiscal year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Government. Over the course of the year, the Urban County Council revises the budget numerous times; thus, exercising one of the primary duties of the Urban County Council as guardian of the Government's funds. Supplemental appropriations are approved to reflect actual beginning fund balances and to re-appropriate funds for capital projects. As the year progresses and actual revenue collections and budgetary experience is known, amendments are processed in order to reflect the actual results and revised expectations of future revenue and expenditures.

For fiscal year 2020, General Fund revenues totaled \$367.59 million, a decrease of 0.63% from the previous fiscal year. Total revenues were \$10.00 million below the final budgeted amount. This decrease in actual revenue is the result of COVID-19 on the local economy, which negatively affected the growth rate of both business returns and franchise fees. Total ad valorem taxes and charges for services were \$0.61 million below the final budgeted amount. Fines and forfeitures, intergovernmental, and property sales were \$0.18 million above the final budgeted amount. Investment returns were \$0.10 million above the final budgeted amount. Other income was \$0.07 million above the final budgeted amount.

General Fund expenditures of the Government totaled \$348.23 million, a decrease of \$21.04 million, or 5.70% over the previous fiscal year. This is primarily due to COVID-19 grant reimbursement of \$20.77 million for CARES. Expenditures were \$33.07 million below the final budgeted amount. Operating expenditures were \$8.19 million below the final budgeted amount. Personnel expenditures, accounting for 62.52% of General Fund expenditures, were \$24.45 million below the final budgeted amount. Divisions with collective bargaining agreements had expenditures \$19.96 million below the final budgeted amount. Personnel expenditures from these divisions account for 51.87% of the General Fund expenditures. Please see Table 5 below for more details regarding the distribution of General Fund personnel costs and the changes from prior year.

Table 5 Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government Summary of General Fund Personnel Costs with Benefits For Years as Stated

(in Thousands)

Departments	2020	2019	Change	% Change	% General Fund Expenditures
Non-Collective Bargaining Divisions					
Administrative Services	\$6,005	\$5,432	\$573	10.5%	1.7%
Chief Development Officer	2,861	421	2,440	579.6%	0.8%
Information Technology	4,984	4,938	46	0.9%	1.4%
Department of Finance	4,524	4,781	(257)	(5.4%)	1.3%
Department of General Services	4,355	3,989	366	9.2%	1.3%
Department of Law	1,913	2,100	(187)	(8.9%)	0.5%
Department of Public Safety	6,445	4,568	1,877	41.1%	1.9%
Department of Social Services	6,816	7,177	(361)	(5.0%)	2.0%
Department of Environmental Quality & PW	10,035	5,930	4,105	69.2%	2.9%
Department of Planning, Preservation & Dev		9,079	(9,079)	(100.0%)	0.0%
General Government	6,406	6,492	(86)	(1.3%)	1.8%
Parks and Recreation	12,631	13,543	(912)	(6.7%)	3.6%
Total Non-Collective Bargaining Divisions	66,975	68,450	(1,475)	(2.2%)	19.2%
Divisions with Collective Bargaining					
Police	59,908	69,487	(9,579)	(13.8%)	17.2%
Community Corrections	26,495	26,128	367	1.4%	7.6%
Fire & Emergency Services	64,321	69,105	(4,784)	(6.9%)	18.5%
Total Collective Bargaining Divisions	150,724	164,720	(13,996)	(8.5%)	43.3%
Total Personnel Costs with Benefits	\$217,699	\$233,170	(\$15,471)	(6.6%)	62.5%

*In FY20 the Department of Planning, Preservation & Development was reorganized. The Division of Planning moved to Chief Development Officer. The Divisions of Water Quality, Building Inspection and Engineering moved to Environmental Quality & Public Works. The Divisions of Historic Preservation and Purchase of Development Rights moved to Administrative Services. In addition the Division of Lexcall was created in Administrative Services. The Division of Code Enforcement moved to Public Safety. The Division of DEEM/Enhanced 911 was split into two separate Divisions, Emergency Management and Enhanced 911.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The Government's capital assets totaled \$1.43 billion as of June 30, 2020, details of which are in Note 3.B. to the financial statements. This investment includes land, buildings, equipment, park facilities, roads, bridges, and sewer systems. For Governmental Activities, the net investment in capital assets totaled \$693.35 million. Governmental Activities net investment in capital assets increased by \$26.08 million from the prior fiscal year. The net investment in capital assets of Business-Type Activities totaled \$301.49 million, an increase of \$25.88 million over the previous fiscal year.

This year's major changes in capital assets included:

- Governmental Activities total capital assets decreased by \$26.26 million compared to the previous fiscal year. The decrease was primarily due to depreciation of \$57.96 million and asset retirements of \$1.69 million, offset by a prior period adjustment increase of \$1.57 million and capital additions of \$31.82 million. Developments in progress decreased by \$0.14 million and were placed in service. Developments in progress relate to the Exaction Area Master Plan (EAMP), additional details can be found in Note 1.D. Infrastructure decreased \$27.00 primarily due to depreciation of \$35.13 million, offset by additions of \$1.68 million, a prior period adjustment of \$2.61 million, and assets placed in service of \$3.84 million.
- Capital assets for Business-Type Activities increased by \$30.82 million. The overall increase was primarily due to additions of \$49.13 million and a prior period adjustment of \$0.43 million, offset by depreciation of \$18.28 million and retirements of \$0.46 million. The increase represents several projects underway related to the Government's Remedial Measures Plan, filed with the Environmental Protection Agency. Additional information can be found in Note 5.B. to the financial statements.

• Construction in progress assets totaled \$19.94 million in the Governmental Activities and \$71.46 million in Business-Type Activities. The overall decrease from the previous year in construction in progress assets totaled \$61.77 million. The decrease was primarily due to additions of \$61.86 million offset by a prior period adjustment of \$1.04 million, net asset retirements of \$1.99 million, and assets placed in service of \$120.60 million.

Table 6 Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government Summary of Capital Assets For Years as Stated (in thousands)

_	Governmenta	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Government
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Land	\$62,895	\$62,866	\$46,422	\$46,422	\$109,317	\$109,288
Purchase of Development Rights	81,923	80,603			81,923	80,603
Intangibles	13,990	12,891	2,951	3,743	16,941	16,634
Buildings	111,878	108,617	24,757	28,203	136,635	136,820
Vehicles, Equipment, & Furniture	46,887	44,344	17,589	19,476	64,476	63,820
Land and Leasehold Improvements	18,531	15,762	5,988	6,432	24,519	22,194
Infrastructure & Sewer Lines/Plants*	555,105	582,102	350,282	261,149	905,387	843,251
Construction in Progress*	19,942	30,082	71,455	123,080	91,397	153,162
Developments in Progress	157	296	0	116	157	412
Total	\$911,308	\$937,563	\$519,444	\$488,621	\$1,430,752	\$1,426,184

* Restated beginning balance due to prior period adjustment, see Note 2.D. to the financial statements.

Additional information on the Government's capital assets activity can be found in Note 3.B. to the financial statements.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The Government began issuing General Obligation (GO) bonds in fiscal year 1999 because of changes in state law that had previously precluded this type of financing. Since GO bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the Government, they carry a higher credit rating than other forms of debt and have lower interest rates. As a result, future debt issues on behalf of the Government will be GO debt, unless such debt is secured by Enterprise Fund activities.

Prior to the issuance of GO bonds, mortgage revenue bonds were issued through various public corporations in order to finance public projects. For mortgage revenue bonds, the Government enters into annual renewable lease agreements automatically with the corporations whereby lease payments from the Government, combined with revenues generated by the operation of the facilities, are sufficient to meet debt service obligations. The underlying security for the bond is the annual lease agreements and the underlying mortgages on the property. Revenue bonds, where only the revenues from the operation of the facilities are pledged as security for the bonds, are issued to finance improvements to the sanitary sewer system.

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the Government had \$646.33 million in bonds and notes outstanding; Governmental Activities' debt decreased by \$13.92 million and total debt increased by \$34.64 million. The increase in debt for Governmental Activities resulted primarily from the issuance of GO bonds totaling \$20.28 million, offset by principal payments and amortized bond costs in the current fiscal year on outstanding debt of \$34.20 million. The Business-Type Activities debt increased \$48.57 million primarily from bond and note payable proceeds of \$62.36 million, offset by principal payments and amortized bond costs of \$13.79 million.

Despite legal changes that provide for the issuance of GO debt, legal limits remain on the total amount of GO indebtedness that may be incurred. The Kentucky Constitution provides that the total principal amount of GO debt cannot exceed 10% of the value of taxable property in the county, or \$3.46 billion. State law provides the same

limitation as set forth in the constitution except that the limitation applies to "net indebtedness", which excludes selfsupporting obligations, revenue bonds, special assessment debt and non-tax supported debt issued prior to July 15, 1996 (the effective date of the previously discussed statutory change). The total amount of debt subject to the legal limitation is \$362.80 million.

Table 7 Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government Summary of Outstanding Debt For Years as Stated (in thousands)

	Governmental		Business-Type Activities		Total Primar	y Government
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
General Obligation Bonds, Notes, Leases	\$388,498	\$402,421	\$138,742	\$138,261	\$527,240	\$540,682
Mortgage Revenue Bonds			41,248	43,965	41,248	43,965
Revenue Bonds			77,837	27,036	77,837	27,036
Total	\$388,498	\$402,421	\$257,827	\$209,262	\$646,325	\$611,683

The Government maintains a general obligation bond rating of "Aa2" from Moody's and "AA" from Standard & Poor's. The revenue bonds of the sanitary sewer system have a bond rating of "Aa2" from Moody's and "AA" from Standard & Poor's. The rating of the Government's mortgage revenue debt is "Aa3" from Moody's and "AA-" from Standard & Poor's. The Government has not issued mortgage revenue debt since 1998 due to changes in state law that provided for the issuance of general obligation debt. Additional information regarding the Government's long-term debt can be found in Note 3.D. to the financial statements.

NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government Fiscal Year 2020 Budget, for all funds combined, net of interfund transfers, is \$605,007 million. Significant initiatives in the budget include:

- A commitment of \$67.77 million for storm sewer projects and programs as required by the Environmental Protection Agency Consent Decree, which will include the issuance of Sewer Revenue Bonds. For additional information see Note 7.
- GO bonds were approved as part of the fiscal year 2020 budget for \$6.80 million. The bonds will fund projects for Public Safety, building and infrastructure improvements, and fleet replacement.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Commissioner of Finance, 200 East Main Street, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, Lexington, Kentucky, 40507.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

	P	rimary Governmen	t	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units
ASSETS				
Cash	\$60,433,621	\$51,697,668	\$112,131,289	\$55,976,528
Investments	45,817,180	63,219,266	109,036,446	23,961,690
Receivables (Net)	45,887,612	5,769,278	51,656,890	2,815,982
Due from Other Governments	25,378,274		25,378,274	4,621,197
Due from Primary Government				1,965,970
Other Current Assets				762,402
Inventories and Prepaid Expenses	2,865,929	115,832	2,981,761	1,012,349
Net Pension Asset Restricted Assets:	21,929,685		21,929,685	653,456
Cash				11,762,824
Receivables (Net)	4,780,614		4,780,614	1,143,052
Grants Receivable	1,000,000		1,000,000	2,601,761
Investments	37,380,922	45,954,305	83,335,227	186,518,310
Other	2.,000,022		,	48,079
Capital Assets:				
Non-depreciable	175,028,842	118,591,846	293,620,688	232,499,695
Depreciable (Net)	736,279,031	400,850,989	1,137,130,020	210,979,185
Other Assets	1,369,101		1,369,101	2,029,503
Total Assets	\$1,158,150,811	\$686,199,184	\$1,844,349,995	\$739,351,983
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Amount on Bond Refunding	\$3,361,795	\$2,697,946	\$6,059,741	\$1,183,176
Deferred Pension Amounts	173,331,885	9,472,675	182,804,560	12,568,050
Deferred Other Post Employment Benefit Amounts	43,303,187	4,019,084	47,322,271	4,201,429
Deferred Amount on Note Payable	45,505,107	4,017,004	+7,522,271	2,625,000
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$219,996,867	\$16,189,705	\$236,186,572	\$20,577,655
LIABILITIES Accounts, Contracts Payable and				
Accounts, Contracts rayable and Accrued Liabilities	\$16,940,804	\$8,745,650	\$25,686,454	\$19,026,976
Interest Payable	4,684,569	411,201	5,095,770	138
Internal Balances	1,726,852	(1,726,852)	-,	
Due to Other Governments	493,366	()	493,366	
Due to Component Units	1,965,970		1,965,970	2,625,000
Unearned Revenue and Other	3,355,603	22,792	3,378,395	357,472
Claims Liabilities	29,362,172		29,362,172	
Liabilities Payable from				
Restricted Assets:				
Accounts, Contracts and Retainage				
Payable		3,620,224	3,620,224	3,219,400
Bonds and Notes Payable		11,195,216	11,195,216	
Interest Payable		956,400	956,400	1,319,783
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year:	22 520 000	2 (52 2 51	26 272 25	0.000.000
Bonds and Notes Payable	33,720,000	2,652,351	36,372,351	9,339,999
Compensated Absences	4,017,978	901,314	4,919,292	602,853
Landfill Closure and		442 205	442 205	
Postclosure Care Costs Due in More Than One Year:		442,205	442,205	
Unearned Revenue and Other	5,750		5,750	341,027
Bonds and Notes Payable	354,778,338	243,979,021	598,757,359	316,794,524
Compensated Absences	24,681,862	1,492,353	26,174,215	911,766
Landfill Closure and	21,001,002	1,172,333	20,1/7,213	511,700
Postclosure Care Costs		11,522,165	11,522,165	
Unfunded Other Post Retirement				
	337,040,126	10,124,441	347,164,567	14,575,870
Benefit Liability		41,180,750	550,547,759	82,440,466
Benefit Liability Unfunded Pension Liability	509,367,009	,		
-	509,367,009 \$1,322,140,399	\$335,519,231	\$1,657,659,630	\$451,555,274
Unfunded Pension Liability Total Liabilities	<u> </u>		\$1,657,659,630	\$451,555,274
Unfunded Pension Liability Total Liabilities	<u> </u>		\$1,657,659,630 \$25,652,933	\$451,555,274 \$4,484,895
Unfunded Pension Liability Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Pension Amounts Deferred Other Post Employment Benefit Amounts	\$1,322,140,399	\$335,519,231		\$4,484,895 3,524,247
Unfunded Pension Liability Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Pension Amounts	\$1,322,140,399 23,745,609	\$335,519,231 \$1,907,324	\$25,652,933	\$4,484,895

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

	P	rimary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$693,353,437	\$301,488,408	\$994,841,845	\$266,836,240
Restricted for:				
Governmental and Program Funds				1,472,084
Fees				492,153
Capital Projects	39,554,277	3,976,035	43,530,312	2,601,761
Energy Improvement Projects	264,880	849,710	1,114,590	
Debt Service	1,222,654	2,735,764	3,958,418	41,163,014
Capital Replacement		2,285,855	2,285,855	
Pension	21,929,685		21,929,685	
Water Quality Incentive Program		5,793,779	5,793,779	
Grants	266,013		266,013	
Maintenance and Operations		1,215,302	1,215,302	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(841,868,598)	43,004,483	(798,864,115)	(12,385,920)
Total Net Position	(\$85,277,652)	\$361,349,336	\$276,071,684	\$300,179,332

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

\$0 Component Units (84,270,173)(1,590,850)(919,970) 2,539,887 (31,415,141) (86,937,398) (85,134,244) (13,889,047) (2,255,811) (659,288) (10,905,644)(604, 299)(\$413,455,051) (\$8,433,158) (3, 429, 909)(38,186,962) (13, 763, 944)(11,932,164) (18, 351, 185)(15,587,055)146,281 (302,296) 426,741,973) 41,274 1,787,802 598,243 13,286,922 Total Net (Expenses) Revenue and **Changes in Net Position Primary Government** (919,970) 2,539,887 (302, 296) \mathbf{s}_{0} (604, 299)41,274 **Business-Type** 11,787,802 146,281 598,243 \$13,286,922 13,286,922 Activities (2,255,811)(18,351,185)(84,270,173) (1,590,850) (\$426,741,973) (31,415,141) (13,889,047) (11,932,164) (659,288) (426, 741, 973)(\$8,433,158) (3,429,909) (86,937,398) (38, 186, 962)(85,134,244) (13,763,944)10,905,644) (15,587,055)Governmental Activities and Contributions 63,5109.710.448 \$9,710,448 166,481 \$1,099,282 7,526,024 Capital Grants 855,151 **Program Revenues** and Contributions **Operating Grants** 12,245,74213,498,07734,183,724 1,071,157 319,779 \$34,183,724 188,980 3,565,280 203,984 1,410,454 \$1,680,271 (651) 7,724 28,527,889 598 792,741 773,172 \$191,102,698 7,275,262 20,731 3,418,739 1.889.897 77,902,765 5,978,762 7,217,580 ,500,645 4,470,178 458,376 113,199,933 \$480,879 190,118 9,225,735 399,959 8,724,174 2,097,349 77,458,054 15,343,166 Charges for 4,851,621 Services 2,276,542 98,572,293 15,881,668 5,074,477 4,475,178 40,829,856 97,423,698 32,298,976 13,771,668 28,527,889 11,932,762 21,973,908 658,637 14,413,447 15.587.055 548,538,910 55,670,252 6,898,732 \$11,693,590 99,634,822 4,677,693 1,802,941 417,102 14,744,923 \$648,451,921 38,586,921 626,891 99,913,01 Expenses Environmental Quality & Public Works Planning, Preservation, & Development **Total Governmental Activities Total Business-Type Activities** Interest on Long-Term Debt Chief Development Officer Fire & Emergency Services Health, Dental, and Vision Extended School Program Administrative Services Community Corrections Information Technology Sanitary Sewer System General Government Function/Program Activities Governmental Activities: Business-Type Activities: Parks & Recreation Total Primary Government General Services Public Facilities Social Services **Primary Government:** CKY Network Enhanced 911 Water Quality Public Safety Right of Way Finance Landfill Police J.aw

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		Component Units	(\$29,474,463) 8,090,586 (9,750,243) (36,338,574) (\$67,472,694)	\$\$7,698,215 5,944,753 463,895 45,783 (317,904) (317,904) (317,904) (3,637,952) <u>303,817,754</u> (3,637,952) <u>303,817,754</u> 8300,179,332
pu		Total	\$ S	\$66,619,933 304,493,274 2,433,102 3,626,540 3,626,540 3,626,540 (36,282,202) 314,409,132 (2,055,246) 312,353,886 (2,055,246) 312,353,886 (2,057,051) (684
Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Primary Government	Business-Type Activities	80	\$0 1,652,479 1,652,479 349,759 2,002,238 15,289,160 345,299,160 345,299,170 345,299,170,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,200,2
Net (J Ch	Pı	Governmental Activities	\$0	\$66,619,933 304,493,274 2,433,102 1,974,061 1,974,061 (349,759) (31,511,607) (51,571,362) (31,516,97) (31,516,993) (33,706,599) (385,277,652) (\$85,277,652)
		Capital Grants and Contributions	\$167,800 11,696,405 1,356,035 \$13,220,240	
	Program Revenues	Operating Grants and Contributions	\$747,502 3,228,827 6,578,849 10,946,369 \$21,501,547	es Specific Programs: ers n te 2.D.)
		Charges for Services	\$12,899,085 19,887,238 3,916,704 3,827,687 3,827,687 \$40,530,714	General Revenues: Property Taxes Licenses Fees - Wages and Net Profits Taxes Grants and Comitibutions Not Restricted to Specific Programs: Community Development Block Grant for Community Development Block Grant for community Development Block Grant for an Community Development and for the Specific Programs: Community Development Block Grant frant frant and Community Block Grant frant frant and Community Assets frant for the Capital Assets frant for the Capital Assets frant for the Capital Assets frant frant for the Capital Assets frant frant for the Capital Assets frant frant frant frant frant for the Capital Assets frant frant frant frant frant for the Capital Assets frant frant f
		Expenses	\$43,288,850 26,721,884 20,245,796 52,468 52,468 8142,725,195	General Revenues: Property Taxes Licenses Fees - Wages and Net Profits Tr Grants and Contributions Not Restricted Community Development Block Grant Income on Investments Net Change in Fair Value of Investments Gain on Sale of Capital Assets Miscellaneous Transfers

Function/Program Activities Component Units: Lexington Center Corporation Lexington Airport Board Fayette County Department of Health Nonmajor Component Units

Total Component Units

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

	General	Urban Services	Federal and State Grants	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash	\$1,097,544	\$4,720,981	\$414,472	\$16,960,448	\$23,193,445
Investments	24,484,910	20,375,001		957,269	45,817,180
Receivables:	, ,	, ,		,	, ,
Loans			1,960,137		1,960,137
License Fees	36,708,979		,,		36,708,979
Other	11,718,635	126,284	1,822,780	589,136	14,256,835
Less Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts	(5,107,370)	- , -	(1,960,137)	,	(7,067,507)
Due from Other Governments	77,200		25,301,074		25,378,274
Due from Other Funds	24,810,084		-))		24,810,084
Inventories and Prepaid Items	2,374,571	78,519			2,453,090
Restricted Investments	1,245,154	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	29,167	36,106,601	37,380,922
Total Assets	\$97,409,707	\$25,300,785	\$27,567,493	\$54,613,454	\$204,891,439
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Accounts and Contracts Payable	\$4,527,891	\$1,027,205	\$2,415,967	\$2,751,619	\$10,722,682
Accrued Payroll & Related Liabilities	4,674,573	404,103	68,338		5,147,014
Due to Other Funds			24,817,175	334,889	25,152,064
Due to Other Governments	493,366				493,366
Due to Component Units	1,965,970				1,965,970
Unearned Revenue and Other	1,833,818			1,521,785	3,355,603
Total Liabilities	13,495,618	1,431,308	27,301,480	4,608,293	46,836,699
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	2,374,571	78,519			2,453,090
Restricted for:	· · ·				
Public Works				9,055,584	9,055,584
Public Safety	1,222,654			1,157,066	2,379,720
Capital Projects	, ,			39,554,277	39,554,277
Grants Projects			266,013		266,013
Urban Services		23,788,028	ŕ		23,788,028
Energy Improvement Projects	261,950	2,930			264,880
Committed for:					
General Government	5,312,381				5,312,381
Economic Stabilization	42,476,494				42,476,494
Assigned to:					
General Government	28,197,020			238,234	28,435,254
Unassigned	4,069,019			,	4,069,019
Total Fund Balances	83,914,089	23,869,477	266,013	50,005,161	158,054,740
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$97,409,707	\$25,300,785	\$27,567,493	\$54,613,454	\$204,891,439

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

Total Fund balances - Governmental Funds		\$158,054,740
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:		
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	1,679,754,571 (768,446,698)	911,307,873
The net pension asset is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.		21,929,685
Restricted receivables and other long-term assets are not available to pay for expenditures in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Restricted receivables (Net) Other assets		5,780,615 1,369,101
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds and notes payable Unearned revenue and other Interest payable Compensated absences Unfunded pension liability and other post retirement benefits	(388,498,338) (5,750) (4,684,569) (28,699,840) (846,407,135)	(1,268,295,632)
Loss on debt refunding has been deferred in the Statement of Net Position (see Note 1.G.)		3,361,795
Outflows and inflows related to pension have been deferred in the Statement of Net Position		149,586,276
Outflows and inflows related to other post employment benefit amounts have been deferred in the Statement of Net Position		(74,236,135)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position.		7,583,791
Internal balances due to non-governmental activities related to items listed above	;	(1,719,761)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		(\$85,277,652)

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General	Urban Services	Federal and State Grants	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					. <u> </u>
License Fees and Permits	\$309,112,251	\$1,773,980	\$0	\$0	\$310,886,231
Taxes	25,901,995	40,717,938			66,619,933
Charges for Services	26,275,626	1,072,904			27,348,530
Fines and Forfeitures	182,230				182,230
Intergovernmental	857,714		46,327,267	7,493,616	54,678,597
Exactions				79,066	79,066
Property Sales	379,746	220,085			599,831
Income on Investments	1,282,752	398,930	15,189	277,190	1,974,061
Other	3,601,621	85,852	1,298,897	481,802	5,468,172
Total Revenues	367,593,935	44,269,689	47,641,353	8,331,674	467,836,651
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Administrative Services	9,666,087	548,797	1,556,865		11,771,749
Chief Development Officer	3,141,622		1,045,448		4,187,070
Community Corrections	38,860,271		266,691	489,176	39,616,138
Environmental Quality & Public Works	14,265,770	35,033,064	464,904	363,518	50,127,256
Finance	5,503,681	44,137	17,585	5,555	5,570,958
Fire and Emergency Services	74,151,317		11,536,368		85,687,685
General Government	1,534,908	3,300,217	278,880	38,560	5,152,565
General Services	8,376,302	252,266	14,630		8,643,198
Information Technology	9,774,362	634,171	142,017		10,550,550
Law	2,256,394	16,730	56,438	19,901	2,349,463
Outside Agencies	22,816,635		2,611,359		25,427,994
Parks and Recreation	19,112,077		255,821	822,685	20,190,583
Planning, Preservation, & Development				97,481	97,481
Police	67,263,586		15,837,646	549,580	83,650,812
Public Safety	14,798,119		1,073,101		15,871,220
Social Services	8,802,817		2,071,350		10,874,167
Debt Service:					
Principal	31,119,490	461,852		258,658	31,840,000
Interest	15,662,147	201,927		3,880	15,867,954
Other Debt Service				83,731	83,731
Capital:					
Equipment	305,894	6,757,323	1,697,483	8,199,908	16,960,608
Acquisitions and Construction	815,532	554,815	11,005,649	17,130,283	29,506,279
Total Expenditures	348,227,011	47,805,299	49,932,235	28,062,916	474,027,461
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	19,366,924	(3,535,610)	(2,290,882)	(19,731,242)	(6,190,810)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Issuance of Debt				18,110,000	18,110,000
Premium on Bonds				2,250,106	2,250,106
Discount on Bonds				(75,157)	(75,157)
Transfers In	6,555,614	1,883,800	2,410,764	(1.8.16.9.69)	10,850,178
Transfers Out	(6,634,920)	(13,773)	(112,879)	(4,346,069)	(11,107,641)
Total Other Financing Sources	(79,306)	1,870,027	2,297,885	15,938,880	20,027,486
Net Change in Fund Balances	19,287,618	(1,665,583)	7,003	(3,792,362)	13,836,676
Fund Balances, Beginning	67,914,565	25,842,822	259,010	53,782,979	147,799,376
Adjustment to Opening Fund Balance (Note 2.D.)	(3,288,094)	(307,762)	200,010	14,544	(3,581,312)
Fund Balances, Beginning - Restated	64,626,471	25,535,060	259,010	53,797,523	144,218,064
Fund Balances, Ending	\$83,914,089	\$23,869,477	\$266,013	\$50,005,161	\$158,054,740

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. (1,778,') The change in other assets is reported in the Statement of Activities and does not require the use of current resources, therefore the change is not reported as an expenditure in the funds: (1,778,') Other assets (55, Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: (55, Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:	
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Amortization of current year bond refunding losses(428,885)Change in unfunded pension liability(65,717,183)	
Change in unfunded other post retirement	on liability (65,717,183)
	post retirement
benefit liability (29,104,113)	(29,104,113)
Change in deferred outflows from pension plans (9,246,038)	vs from pension plans (9,246,038)
Change in deferred outflows from other post retirement benefits 23,629,194	
Change in deferred inflows from pension plans 13,168,676	• •
Change in deferred inflows from other post retirement benefits 16,572,421	1
Unearned revenue and other 267,258	
Change in accrued interest payable 280,899	
Change in restricted receivables (net) 85,344	
Change in compensated absences (2,287,506) (49,931,	(2,287,506) (49,931,579)
Internal Convice Franks are used by menogenerate to the second fit in the second	management to show a solf in sureman
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge self-insurance to individual funds. The net expense of the Internal Service Funds is	
Change in net position of Governmental Activities (\$51,571,	ental Activities (\$51,571,362)
	(\$\$1,571,502)

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities

			Enterpri	Enterprise Funds			
	Sanitary Sewer	Public Facilities			Other Enterprise		Governmental Activities Internal
	System	Corporation	Landfill	Water Quality	Funds	Total	Service Funds
ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Current Assets:							
Cash	\$7,952,227	\$2,842,116	\$15,849,803	\$15,405,388	\$9,648,134	\$51,697,668	\$37,240,173
Investments	26,076,510	311,391	30,226,832	5,111,616	1,492,917	63,219,266	
Receivables:							
User Fees Receivable	11,093,815		1,879,325	2,368,706		15,341,846	
Other Receivables	501,253	35,312	54,234	3,491	350,120	944,410	29,170
Less Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	(7, 645, 501)		(1, 320, 778)	(1,514,832)	(35,867)	(10,516,978)	
Inventories and Prepaid Expenses	61,633			2,813	51,386	115,832	412,839
Due from Other Funds	066		792		5,309	7,091	334,889
Total Current Assets	38,040,927	3,188,819	46,690,208	21,377,182	11,511,999	120,809,135	38,017,071
Noncurrent Assets:							
Restricted Investments:							
Reserved for Construction & Capital Acquisitions	43,668,450					43,668,450	
Reserved for Capital Replacement	2,201,855			84,000		2,285,855	
Capital Assets:							
Land	5,947,189	32,578,646	5,194,637	2,701,225		46,421,697	
Land Improvements	354,183	23,498,213	16,832,022	169,259	10,000	40,863,677	
Buildings	5,075,349	114,754,327	800,936	179,393	7,514	120,817,519	
Sewer Plants	291,581,736		88,764			291,670,500	
Sewer Lines	247,316,429		410,356	14,654,861		262,381,646	
Leasehold Improvements		2,087,090				2,087,090	
Vehicles, Equipment, and Furniture	34,783,196	2,989,625	242,814	251,666	2,957,296	41,224,597	
Intangibles	6,620,642	262,270	597,535	1,120,656	1,490,573	10,091,676	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(227,487,157)	(120, 718, 352)	(13,074,518)	(2,168,826)	(4, 121, 189)	(367, 570, 042)	
Construction in Progress	70,651,763		367,320	435,392		71,454,475	
Total Noncurrent Assets	480,713,635	55,451,819	11,459,866	17,427,626	344,194	565,397,140	0
Total Assets	518,754,562	58,640,638	58,150,074	38,804,808	11,856,193	686,206,275	38,017,071
Deferred outflows of resources:							
Deferred Amount on Bond Refunding	\$553,504	\$2,144,442	\$0	S 0	SO	\$2,697,946	
Deferred Other Post Employment Benefit Amounts	2,117,906		189,726	1,028,729	682,723	4,019,084	
Deferred Pension Amounts	4,986,668		457,885	2,411,736	1,616,386	9,472,675	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	7,658,078	2,144,442	647,611	3,440,465	2,299,109	16,189,705	0
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$526,412,640	\$60,785,080	\$58,797,685	\$42,245,273	\$14,155,302	\$702,395,980	\$38,017,071

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LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities

			Enterprise Funds	se runds			
	Sanitary Sewer	Public Facilities			Other Enterprise		Governmental Activities Internal
	System	Corporation	Landfill	Water Quality	Funds	Total	Service Funds
LIABILITIES Current I labilities							
Accounts. Contracts and Retainage Pavable	\$6.849.362	\$116.205	\$147.839	\$989.385	S41.648	\$8.144.439	\$1.071.108
Accrued Payroll	301,426		27,575	135,701	136,509	601,211	
Claims Payable							29,362,172
Bonds Payable		2,390,000		262,351		2,652,351	
Interest Payable		404,634		6,567		411,201	
Uncarned Revenue and Other			440	22,352		22,792	
Compensated Absences	372,063		6,831	185,640	336,780	901,314	
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs			442,205			442,205	
Payable from Restricted Investments:							
Accounts, Contracts and Retainage Payable	3,620,224					3,620,224	
Bonds and Notes Payable	11,195,216					11,195,216	
Interest Payable	956,400					956,400	
Total Current Liabilities	23,294,691	2,910,839	624,890	1,601,996	514,937	28,947,353	30,433,280
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Bonds and Notes Payable	200,918,476	38,857,562		4,202,983		243,979,021	
Compensated Absences	868,147		61,475	185,640	377,091	1,492,353	
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs			11,522,165			11,522,165	
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefit Liability	5,342,730		462,036	2,610,606	1,709,069	10,124,441	
Unfunded Pension Liability	21,731,338		1,879,312	10,618,532	6,951,568	41,180,750	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	228,860,691	38,857,562	13,924,988	17,617,761	9,037,728	308,298,730	0
Total Liabilities	\$252,155,382	\$41,768,401	\$14,549,878	\$19,219,757	\$9,552,665	\$337,246,083	\$30,433,280
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred Other Post Employment Benefit Amounts	\$1,906,602	\$0	\$164,882	\$931,618	\$609,896	\$3,612,998	
Deferred Pension Amounts	1,006,507		87,042	491,807	321,968	1,907,324	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0	251,924	1,423,425	931,864	5,520,322	0
Total Liabilities & Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$255,068,491	\$41,768,401	\$14,801,802	\$20,643,182	\$10,484,529	\$342,766,405	\$30,433,280
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	\$262,601,796	\$14,204,258	\$11,459,869	\$12,878,291	\$344,194	\$301,488,408	\$0
Canital Proiects - Park Aconisition		3 976 035				3 976 035	
Date Contina	1 725 TEA					7 725 764	
Conital Renlacement	2,001,055			84.000		7 785 855	
Capital Neplacement Russent Immeriament Deviante	012 049			000,100		640.710	
Energy Improvement Frojects Weter Oright: Learnities Decrease	017,640			022 202 3		01/,640 5 702 770	
water Quanty Incentive Frogram				611,061,0		611,561,6	
Maintenance and Operations	105507	1,215,302	37 526 014	1009100	3 376 570	205,012,1	7 503 701
	+70,0007	(016,076)	+10,000,70	7,070,071	610,070,0	41,404,14	161,000,1
Total Net Position	\$271.344.149	\$19,016,679	\$43,995,883	\$21,602,091	\$3,670,773	359,629,575	\$7,583,791

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Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds Net Position of Business-Type Activities

1,719,761 \$361,349,336

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities

			Enterpri	Enterprise Funds			
		Public			Other		Governmental Activities
	Sanitary Sewer System	Facilities Corporation	Landfill	Water Quality	Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES							
User Charges	\$63,750,674	\$0	\$6,801,150	\$15,164,649	\$0	\$85,716,473	\$46,965,580
Fees	2,338,996	397,085	316,387	1,209	6,422,944	9,476,621	
Exactions	131,575					131,575	
License Fees and Permits					773,172	773,172	
Rental Income		5,002,061				5,002,061	
Theater Revenues		579,616				579,616	
Other	11,013,992		100,043	175,284	6,255	11,295,574	
Total Operating Revenues	77,235,237	5,978,762	7,217,580	15,341,142	7,202,371	112,975,092	46,965,580
41							
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Treatment Plant	8,491,727					8,491,727	
Collection System	2,337,284					2,337,284	
Property Management		1,759,855				1,759,855	
Theater Management		525,177				525,177	
Landfill			2,624,708			2,624,708	
Right of Way					620,567	620,567	
Extended School Program					1,548,320	1,548,320	
Enhanced 911					4,900,007	4,900,007	
CKY Network					417,102	417,102	
Administration	36,559,715		1,461,081	14,092,827	251,510	52,365,133	3,594,703
Depreciation	13,649,916	3,307,886	588,404	545,757	183,905	18,275,868	
Claims and Benefit Payments							42,300,204
Total Operating Expenses	61,038,642	5,592,918	4,674,193	14,638,584	7,921,411	93,865,748	45,894,907
		100 200		010 000	010010	10 100 111	
Operating Income (Loss)	cec,0e1,01	385,844	2,545,587	800,201	(/19,040)	19,109,344	1,0/0,6/3

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Activities	Funds
Business-Type	Enternrise

			Enterprise Funds	se Funds			
							Governmental
		Public			Other		Activities
	Sanitary	Facilities			Enterprise		Internal Service
	Sewer System	Corporation	Landfill	Water Quality	Funds	Total	Funds
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Income on Investments	975,252	9,015	507,406	107,232	53,574	1,652,479	
Interest Expense and Fiscal Agent Fees	(4,505,845)	(1,566,955)		(83, 231)		(6, 156, 031)	
Amortization of Bond Costs	278,410	261,141				539,551	
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	(404, 175)		(3,500)	(23, 108)		(430, 783)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(3,656,358)	(1,296,799)	503,906	893	53,574	(4, 394, 784)	0
Income (Expenses) Before Transfers	12,540,237	(910,955)	3,047,293	703,451	(665, 466)	14,714,560	1,070,673
Transfers In	280,000	257,242		220	200,000	737,462	
Transfers Out	(187, 703)				(200,000)	(387, 703)	
Change in Net Position	12,632,534	(653,713)	3,047,293	703,671	(665, 466)	15,064,319	1,070,673
Net Position, Beginning	258,485,231	19,670,392	40,955,462	20,958,876	4,360,948		6,513,118
Adjustment to Opening Net Position (Note 2.D.)	226,384		(6,872)	(60, 456)	(24, 709)		
Net Position, Beginning - Restated	258,711,615	19,670,392	40,948,590	20,898,420	4,336,239		6,513,118
Net Position, Ending	\$271,344,149	\$19,016,679	\$43,995,883	\$21,602,091	\$3,670,773		\$7,583,791

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds Change in net position of Business-Type Activities

224,841 \$15,289,160

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds	Activities ⁷ unds			
	Sanitary Sewer System	Public Facilities Corporation	Landfill	Water Quality	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from Customers	\$76,609,449	\$2,490,001	\$7,130,673	\$15,133,969	\$7,151,160	\$108,515,252	80
Receipts from Employees and Other Sources Receipts from Interfund Services Provided	х	3,521,662	× •	х х	• •	3,521,662	36,111,252 13,443,344
Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees Payments for Interfluid Services Used Powements for Claims	(31,752,368) (12,387,954) (2,843,419)	(2,298,751)	(3,066,468) (1,270,779) (266,820)	(5,977,734) (5,941,228) (1,225,111)	(2,373,375) (3,762,767) (254,522)	(45,468,696) (23,362,728) (4,589,872)	(3,861,206)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	29,625,708	3,712,912	2,526,606	1,989,896	760,496	38,615,618	4,846,957
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers In Transfers Out	280,000 (187,703)	257,242		220	200,000 (200,000)	737,462 (387,703)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities	92,297	257,242	0	220	0	349,759	0
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of Capital Assets	(47,035,420)	(192,989)		(1,835,608)		(49,064,017)	
Proceeds from Note Payable Principal Paid on Bonds Interset and Fiscorl Areast Ease Daid on Bonds	62,362,441 (10,482,732) (4,127,400)	(2,270,000)		(257,654)		62,362,441 (13,010,386) (5777586)	
Proceeds on Sale of Capital Assets	32,493	(000,000,1)		(107,00)		32,493	
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	749,382	(4,029,944)	0	(2,176,493)	0	(5,457,055)	0
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Purchase of Investments	(30,992,318)	(9,014)	(4,468,276)	(3,632,456)	(19,952)	(39,122,016)	
Income on Investments Net Cash Flaws Provided by (Ilsed in) Investing Activities	861,210 (30.131,108)	9,015	507,406	113,327	53,574 33,622	1,544,532	0
	((a safa a sfa)				
Net Increase (Decrease)	336,279	(59,789)	(1,434,264)	(3,705,506)	794,118	(4,069,162)	4,846,957
Cash at Beginning of Year	7,615,948	2,901,905	17,284,067	19,110,894	8,854,016	56,062,203	32,393,216
Cash at End of Year	\$7,952,227	\$2,842,116	\$15,849,803	\$15,405,388	\$9,648,134	\$51,697,668	\$37,240,173

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LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

I	Sanitary Sewer System	Public Facilities Corporation	Landfill	Water Quality	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Expenses) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:							
Operating Income (Expenses)	\$16,196,595	\$385,844	\$2,543,387	\$702,558	(\$719,040)	\$19,109,344	\$1,070,673
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:							
Depreciation	13,649,916	3,307,886	588,404	545,757	183,905	18,275,868	
Allowance for Bad Debts (Increase) Decrease in Assets:	606,198		110,496	125,025		901,/19	
Accounts Receivable	(515,654)		(86,657)	(182,708)		(785,019)	
Other Receivables	(41,414)	32,901	(269)	(3,352)	(51,211)	(63,345)	(1,510)
Inventories and Prepaid Expenses	23,279		28,009	37,075	(35, 386)	52,977	(81, 145)
Due from Other Funds	(066)		(792)		(5,309)	(7,091)	2,590,526
Developments in Progress	(67,731)					(67, 731)	
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows:							
Deferred Other Post Employment Benefit Amounts	(416,560)		(37, 923)	(202, 986)	(127,002)	(784, 471)	
Deferred Pension Amounts	216,403		6,478	113,417	83,419	419,717	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	(3,071,903)	14,501	(449,040)	(567,571)	(61, 320)	(4, 135, 333)	(185,358)
Accrued Payroll	97,318		8,732	36,531	59,556	202,137	
Claims Payable			-	(211 10)		(10010)	1,453,771
		(000 80)	61	(611,12)		(10,026)	
Other Liabilities		(077,82)	(441,122)	(coc)		(07/,004)	
Compensated Absences	170,429		21,675	78,666	562,851	833,621	
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefit Liability	(208, 373)		(18,020)	(101, 816)	(66,656)	(394,865)	
Unfunded Pension Liability	2,739,874		236,943	1,338,778	876,449	5,192,044	
Increase (Decrease) In Deterred futurows. Deferred Other Doct Finnlowment Benefit Amounts	706 120		61.065	345 020	775 877	1 3 3 8 0 0 1	
Deferred Pension Amounts	(517,799)		(44,779)	(253,011)	(165,637)	(981,226)	
Total Adjustments	13,429,113	3,327,068	(16,781)	1,287,338	1,479,536	19,506,274	3,776,284
		ı I					0
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities	\$29,625,708	\$3,712,912	\$2,526,606	\$1,989,896	\$760,496	\$38,615,618	\$4,846,957

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LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2020

	Pension Trust Funds	Investment Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$772,976	\$25,465,518	\$3,158,145
Receivables:			
Interest Receivable	3,686,809		50
Investments, at Fair Value:			
Debt Securities:			
Bank Loans	1,107,956		
Corporate Debt	110,370,819		
Municipal Obligations	5,760,256		
US Agencies	40,570,380		
US Government Obligations	37,908,686		
Repurchase Agreements	36,938,160		
Other Investments:			
Equity Mutual Funds	375,184,800		
Equity Real Estate	72,343,113		
Equity Securities - Domestic	700,975		
Equity Securities - International	174,498,302		
Total Investments	855,383,447	0	0
Total Assets	\$859,843,232	\$25,465,518	\$3,158,195
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$544,811	\$0	\$224,333
Securities Lending Transactions	36,938,160		
Total Liabilities	\$37,482,971	\$0	\$224,333
NET POSITION			
Net position restricted for pensions	\$822,360,261		
Pool Participants		\$25,465,518	
Individuals, organizations, and Other Governments			\$2,933,862

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Pension Trust Funds	Investment Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$32,549,517	\$6,603,860	\$0
Employer - Administration	5,412,528	• -))	•
Plan Members	10,875,896		3,379,002
Other	106,394		596,201
Total Contributions	48,944,335	6,603,860	3,975,203
Investment Income:			
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	28,403,175		
Interest	10,953,165	405,170	
Dividends	5,039,802		
Total Investment Income	44,396,142	405,170	0
Less Investment Expense	2,156,523	950	
Net Investment Income	42,239,619	404,220	0
Income from Securities Lending Activities:			
Securities Lending Income	129,001		
Securities Lending Expenses:			
Borrower Rebates	(405,692)		
Management Fees	50,875		
Total Securities Lending Expenses (Income)	(354,817)	0	0
Net Income on Securities Lending Activities	483,818	0	0
Total Additions	91,667,772	7,008,080	3,975,203
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefit Payments	70,260,144	10,247,408	756,427
Administrative Expense	469,846		2,729,244
Total Deductions	70,729,990	10,247,408	3,485,671
Net Increase (Decrease)	20,937,782	(3,239,328)	489,532
Net Position, Beginning	797,764,627	28,704,846	2,444,330
Adjustment to Opening Net Position (Note 2.D.)	3,657,852	0	0
Net Position, Beginning - Restated	801,422,479	28,704,846	2,444,330
Net Position, Ending	\$822,360,261	\$25,465,518	\$2,933,862

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS June 30, 2020

	Lexington Center Corporation	Lexington Airport Board	Fayette County Department of Health	Nonmajor Component Units	Total
ASSETS	64.257.224	¢2 446 215	\$22.254.446	¢25.019.542	\$55 076 5 2 9
Cash Investments	\$4,357,324	\$3,446,215 10,512,092	\$22,254,446	\$25,918,543 13,449,598	\$55,976,528 23,961,690
Receivables:		10,512,092		15,449,598	23,901,090
Accounts Receivable	87,851	1,820,649	429,908	207,289	2,545,697
Other		40,382		229,903	270,285
Due from Primary Government	146,129			1,819,841	1,965,970
Due from Other Governments				4,621,197	4,621,197
Other Current Assets	222,977	539,425	22.552	070 707	762,402
Inventories and Prepaid Expenses Net Pension Asset			32,552	979,797	1,012,349
Restricted Current Assets:				653,456	653,456
Cash		10,537,058		1,225,766	11,762,824
Accounts Receivable	1,003,104	139,948		, .,	1,143,052
Investments	167,033,368	16,140,463		3,344,479	186,518,310
Grants Receivable		2,601,761			2,601,761
Other		48,079			48,079
Capital Assets:					
Non-depreciable	170,184,893	51,877,033	1 745 525	10,437,769	232,499,695
Depreciable (Net) Other Assets	16,891,167	136,593,571	1,745,535 2,029,503	55,748,912	210,979,185
				0	2,029,503
Total Assets	359,926,813	234,296,676	26,491,944	118,636,550	739,351,983
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Amount on Bond Refunding	\$0	\$1,183,176	\$0	\$0	\$1,183,176
Deferred Amount on Note Payable				2,625,000	2,625,000
Deferred Pension Amounts			5,683,020	6,885,030	12,568,050
Deferred Other Post Employment Benefit Amounts	0	1 192 176	2,191,693	2,009,736	4,201,429
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$359,926,813	1,183,176 \$235,479,852	7,874,713	\$120,156,216	20,577,655
LIABILITIES	\$339,920,813	\$255,479,852	\$34,300,037	\$130,156,316	\$759,929,638
Accounts, Contracts Payable and					
Accrued Liabilities	\$14,231,438	\$1,984,446	\$1,213,110	\$1,597,982	\$19,026,976
Interest Payable	011,201,100	\$1,501,110	01,210,110	138	138
Due to Component Units				2,625,000	2,625,000
Unearned Revenue and Other		219,223	124,017	14,232	357,472
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:					
Accounts Payable		3,219,400			3,219,400
Interest Payable		1,319,783			1,319,783
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Due Within One Year				(02.952	(02.952
Compensated Absences Bonds and Notes Payable	3,625,000	4,100,000		602,853 1,614,999	602,853 9,339,999
Due in More Than One Year	3,023,000	4,100,000		1,014,999	9,339,999
Compensated Absences			557,977	353,789	911,766
Bonds and Notes Payable	213,235,551	79,532,998	,	24,025,975	316,794,524
Other		341,027			341,027
Unfunded Other Post Retirement					
Benefit Liability			9,893,021	4,682,849	14,575,870
Unfunded Pension Liability			62,854,562	19,585,904	82,440,466
Total Liabilities	\$231,091,989	\$90,716,877	\$74,642,687	\$55,103,721	\$451,555,274
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Pension Amounts	\$0		\$128,074	\$4,356,821	\$4,484,895
Deferred Other Post Employment Benefit Amounts	<i>Q</i> 0		1,711,661	1,812,586	3,524,247
Deferred Amount on Bond Refunding		\$185,890	,. ,	,- ,	185,890
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	185,890	1,839,735	6,169,407	8,195,032
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$231,091,989	\$90,902,767	\$76,482,422	\$61,273,128	\$459,750,306
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$119,556,821	\$104,363,396	\$1,745,535	\$41,170,488	\$266,836,240
Restricted for:					==
Governmental and Program Funds			140,334	1,331,750	1,472,084
Fees	492,153	0 (01 7/1			492,153
Capital Projects	17 100 002	2,601,761	165 250		2,601,761
Debt Service Unrestricted	17,199,903 (8,414,053)	23,797,861 13,814,067	165,250 (44,166,884)	26,380,950	41,163,014
Total Net Position	\$128,834,824	\$144,577,085	(\$42,115,765)	\$68,883,188	(12,385,920) \$300,179,332
A Star Field Ostion	ψ120,0 3 4,024	ψ177,J/,00J	(032,113,703)	400,000,100	<i>\$</i> 500,177,552

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		-	Program Revenues	8		Net	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	pu	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Lexington Center Corporation	Lexington Airport Board	Fayette County Department of Health	Nonmajor Component Units	Total
Lexington Center Corporation Lexington Center Operations Depreciation	\$30,449,059 3,959,593 8 880 108	\$12,899,085	\$747,502	\$167,800	(\$16,634,672) (3,959,593) (8,880,198)				(\$16,634,672) (3,959,593) (8,880,108)
Total Long Provintion	43,288,850	12,899,085	747,502	167,800	(0/1/00/0)			I	(29,474,463)
LEANING ON ANTPOINT BOARD A inport Operations Depreciation Interest on I onto-Term Daht	14,486,774 10,132,046 2 103 064	19,887,238	3,228,827	11,696,405		\$20,325,696 (10,132,046) (2,103,064)			20,325,696 (10,132,046) (7 103 064)
Total Lexington Airport Board	26,721,884	19,887,238	3,228,827	11,696,405				I	8,090,586
Fayette County Department of Health Department of Health Operations Depreciation	19,796,366 449,430	3,916,704	6,578,849				(\$9,300,813) (449,430)		(9,300,813) (449,430)
Total Fayette County Department of Health	20,245,796	3,916,704	6,578,849					I	(9,750,243)
Nonmajor Component Units	52,468,665	3,827,687	10,946,369	1,356,035				(\$36, 338, 574)	(36, 338, 574)
Total Component Units	\$142,725,195	\$40,530,714	\$21,501,547	\$13,220,240	(\$29,474,463)	\$8,090,586	(\$9,750,243)	(\$36,338,574)	(\$67,472,694)
	General Revenues:								
	I axes Income on Investments	2			\$6,281,109 4.513.404	1.033.898	\$9,008,820 179.042	342,348,280 218,409	012,890,10¢ 5 944 753
	Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	alue of Investments				463,895			463,895
	Gain on Sale of Capital Miscellaneous	al Assets				11,177		34,606 (317,904)	45,783 (317,904)
	Total General Revenues	iues			10,794,513	1,508,970	9,247,862	42,283,397	63,834,742
	Change in Net Position				(18,679,950)	9,599,556	(502, 381)	5,944,823	(3,637,952)
	Net Position, Beginning Adjustment to Opening	g Net Position (Note 2.D.)	te 2.D.)		147,514,774	134,977,529	(41,634,509) 21,125	62,938,365	303,796,159 $21,125$
	Net Position, Beginning-F Net Position, Ending	e-Restated			147,514,774 \$128.834.824	134,977,529 \$144.577.085	(41,613,384) (542,115,765)	62,938,365 \$68.883.188	303,817,284 \$300.179.332
	D					20061146114	(20162116-4)	00160006004	1000000

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NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government (the Government) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for government accounting and financial reporting. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below and, where appropriate, subsequent pronouncements will be referenced.

A. **Reporting Entity** – The Government is a merged city-county government governed by an elected mayor and a fifteen-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the Government and its component units (traditionally separate reporting entities), for which the Government is considered to be financially accountable. The Government (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) is able to impose its will on the organization, or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to, or impose specific financial burden on the Government. Additionally, the Government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Government are such that exclusion would cause the Government's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The financial statements are formatted to allow the user to clearly distinguish between the primary government and its component units.

1. Blended Component Units – The agencies and organizations listed below are, in substance, the same as the Government, despite being legally separate from the Government. Therefore, they are reported as part of the primary government. They have a governing body that is substantially the same as the governing body of the Government; provide services entirely, or almost entirely, to the Government; or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefit the Government even though they do not provide services directly to the Government; and whose total debt outstanding is expected to be repaid entirely, or almost entirely, with resources of the Government.

The Public Library Corporation (PLC) is an instrumentality of the Government created solely for acquiring, constructing, equipping, and financing public projects to be used for public library purposes. The board consists of the Mayor, Vice Mayor, two members appointed by the Lexington Public Library, and one member appointed by the other four board members.

The Policemen's and Firefighters' Retirement Fund and the City Employees' Pension Fund are single employer, defined benefit pension plans that cover eligible Government personnel. Members of both boards are comprised of officials, employees and retirees of the Government. The Policemen's and Firefighters' Retirement Fund and the City Employees' Pension Fund are Fiduciary Funds.

The Public Facilities Corporation (PFC) was created to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Government in acquiring, developing and financing public improvements and public projects. The Mayor, Vice Mayor, and Commissioner of Finance serve ex officio on the board.

The Public Parking Corporation (PPC) was created to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Government in the acquisition and financing of public parking projects. The Mayor, Vice Mayor, and Commissioner of Finance serve ex-officio on the board.

2. Discretely Presented Component Units – The agencies described below are included in the Government's reporting entity because the Government appoints the governing body or a financial benefit or burden relationship exists. Additionally, the agencies are fiscally dependent on the Government. All of these agencies are reported as discretely presented component units since the governing body is not substantively the same as the governing body of the Government, and they provide services to the citizens of Fayette County and the surrounding area as opposed to only the primary government. To emphasize that they are legally separate from the Government, they are reported in a separate column in the financial statements. Fund information for the component units, if applicable, may be found in their separately issued financial statements. Requests for separately issued financial statements should be directed to the attention of those respective entities.

The Lexington Public Library's (Library) primary mission is to maintain a free public library in Lexington-Fayette County. The Mayor appoints all seven members of the board with approval by the Urban County Council and they may be removed by the vote of the Urban County Council. The Government provides financial support in the form of annual appropriations based upon property tax collections.

The Lexington-Fayette Urban County Department of Health (Board of Health) has the general statutory responsibility of promoting and protecting the health of Fayette County residents. This entity provides critical services to the citizens of Fayette County on behalf of the Government. The Board of Health is governed by a nine-member board that is appointed by the Mayor and approved by the Urban County Council. In addition, the Urban County Council approves their Ad Valorem tax rate annually.

The Lexington Transit Authority (LexTran) was organized to provide unification and coordination of a mass transportation system for Fayette County. This entity provides critical services to the citizens of Fayette County on behalf of the Government. LexTran is governed by an eight-member board appointed by the Mayor and approved by the Urban County Council. In addition, the Urban County Council approves the annual budget for LexTran.

The Lexington Convention and Visitors Bureau (Visitors Bureau) was established by the Government for the purpose of promoting recreational, convention and tourist activity in Fayette County. The Government may abolish the Visitors Bureau by repealing the ordinance that created it. All nine members of the Visitors Bureau board are appointed by the Mayor and approved by the Urban County Council. The Government has a statutory authority to provide funds for the operation of the Visitors Bureau by imposing a transient room tax not exceeding four percent (4%) of qualified occupancy rental.

The Lexington Center Corporation (LCC) is a non-profit, non-stock corporate agency and instrumentality of the Government. The purpose of the LCC is to plan, finance, develop and operate a convention, trade show, performing arts venue and sports facility. The thirteen-member board is appointed by the Mayor and approved by the Urban County Council. The Government has statutory authority to impose a transient room tax, not exceeding two percent (4.50%) of qualified occupancy rental, to provide funds for payment of debt service. As discussed in Note 5.D., the Government entered into a Lease Agreement that provides for an annual rental to be paid by the Government if net revenues are not sufficient to pay all debt service costs.

The Lexington-Fayette Urban County Airport Board (Airport Board) is responsible for the operation, maintenance, and planning of airport facilities designed to serve the general public of the Central Kentucky area. The ten board members are appointed by the Mayor and approved by the Urban County Council. The Government has entered into a Contract Lease and Option Agreement, discussed in Note 5.E., which requires an annual rental to be paid by the Government if net revenues are not sufficient to pay all debt service costs.

B. Related Organization – A related organization is an entity for which the Government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the Government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board.

The Lexington-Fayette Urban County Housing Authority (Housing Authority) was created in order to develop and operate decent, safe and sanitary housing for low income, elderly and disabled residents. The appointment of the governing board by the Mayor and the scope of public service are not considered an adequate demonstration of oversight and control. The Government has no responsibility for their budget, debt, financing deficits, or fiscal management. Additionally, the Government does not influence their operations in any respect. Therefore, the Housing Authority is not considered to be a component unit of the Government.

Explorium of Lexington was established to provide a unique educational opportunity for Fayette County and Central Kentucky children. The Government has no responsibility for their budget, debt, financing deficits, or

fiscal management. Additionally, the Government does not influence their operations in any respect. Therefore, the Explorium is not considered to be a component unit of the Government.

The Downtown Lexington Management District was established for the purpose of providing and financing economic improvements that specifically benefit property within the District. The Government has no responsibility for their budget, debt, financing deficits, or fiscal management. Additionally, the Government does not influence their operations in any respect. Therefore, the Downtown Lexington Management District is not considered to be a component unit of the Government.

Parking Authority of Lexington (Parking Authority) was established to centralize all public parking functions into one entity, to improve parking operations, and ultimately to improve the availability of parking in downtown Lexington. The Government has no responsibility for their budget, debt, financing deficits, or fiscal management. Additionally, the Government does not influence their operations in any respect. Therefore, the Parking Authority is not considered to be a component unit of the Government.

The Downtown Lexington Partnership (DLP) promotes physical and economic development that strengthens and maintains downtown Lexington as the cultural and economic heart of Central Kentucky as well as being dedicated to enhancing downtown Lexington as a unique and vibrant destination to live, work, and play. The Government has no responsibility for their budget, debt, financing deficits, or fiscal management. Additionally, the Government does not influence their operations in any respect. Therefore, the DLP is not considered to be a component unit of the Government.

C. Jointly Governed Organizations – The Government has some level of representation in the following organizations. Since the Government does not retain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility for these organizations, these are not joint ventures and are not presented in the financial statements.

The Bluegrass Regional Recycling Center (BRRC) is a non-profit Kentucky corporation whose purpose is to reduce the volume of solid waste being placed in landfills and engage in activities that promote recycling. Pursuant to an Interlocal Agreement, the BRRC is operated by the Government and fourteen counties. The Government has no legal interest in or access to the resources of the BRRC. Neither does it have any legal responsibility for the deficits or debts of, or financial support to, the BRRC.

The Valley View Ferry Authority is a legally separate entity that operates and maintains the Ferry on the Kentucky River at Valley View. The board consists of seven members, two appointed by the Government, three appointed by the Madison County Fiscal Court and two appointed by the Jessamine County Fiscal Court. The Government is not legally responsible for the Valley View Ferry Authority's finances. The Government contributed \$14,000 to support the Ferry's operations in fiscal year 2020.

D. Basic Financial Statements

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The reporting model focus is either on the Government as a whole or on major individual funds. The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Government and its component units. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental Activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-Type Activities rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. In the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position, both the Governmental and Business-Type Activities are presented on a consolidated basis by column.

The Government-Wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function (Public Works, Police, Fire and Emergency Services, Parks and Recreation, etc.) are offset by program revenues.

Direct expenses (including depreciation) are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues are directly associated with the function and include charges for services, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while capital grants are capital-specific. Occupational license fees applied to gross wages and net profits, other license fees and permits, taxes, interest income, and other revenues not included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds (by category) are summarized into a single column.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities, including long-term assets as well as long-term debt and obligations, are included in the Statement of Net Position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are intergovernmental revenues, investment earnings, emergency medical services fees (EMS), insurance revenues and license fees. Major revenue sources not susceptible to accrual include charges for services (other than EMS), fines and forfeitures and miscellaneous revenues. Such revenues are recorded as revenues when received because they are generally not measurable or available until actually received. Intergovernmental revenues received for specific purposes or projects are recognized when the applicable eligibility requirements are met. Revenues received before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as unearned revenue. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred except: (1) principal and interest on long-term debt, pension liabilities, and claims and judgements are recorded when due, and (2) compensated absences are accounted for as expenditures in the period used.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each statement which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation.

Internal service funds provide services primarily to other funds of the Government and are presented in summary form as part of the proprietary fund statements. Since the principal users of the internal services are the Government's governmental activities, the internal service funds' financial statements are consolidated into the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. To the extent possible, the costs of these services are reflected in the appropriate functional activity. The internal service funds also provide services to the proprietary funds. Therefore, a portion of the net position of the internal service funds is allocated to Business-Type Activities and is reported as an adjustment on the Statement of Net Position of the proprietary funds.

The Government's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (pension, investment, and custodial). Since these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (private parties, investors, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used for activities or obligations of the Government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

The Government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the primary operating unit of the Government and accounts for the revenues and expenditures not specifically provided for in other funds. Most of the essential governmental services such as police and fire protection, community services, and general administration are reported in this fund.

The *Urban Services Fund* accounts for the taxes that are assessed on property within designated areas, or taxing districts, based on the type of services available to property owners. These services include solid waste collection, streetlights and street cleaning. Property taxes raised from the urban services taxing districts can only be used to finance these services.

The *Federal and State Grants Fund* accounts for the receipts of intergovernmental funds that are restricted for operational and capital use of a particular function.

The Government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sanitary Sewer System Fund accounts for the construction activities, operation and maintenance, and the payment of principal and interest for bond issues of the Government's sanitary sewer system.

The *Public Facilities Corporation Fund* accounts for the acquisition, construction, and operation of government-owned facilities.

The Landfill Fund accounts for the operations, closure, and postclosure care costs of the Government's landfill.

The *Water Quality Fund* accounts for the revenues and expenses of developing and operating storm water related activities.

Additionally, the Government reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for the Government's insurance programs for employee health, dental and vision care insurance benefits. Workers' compensation, vehicle liability and physical damage, general liability, and property damage insurance coverage are also accounted for in Internal Service Funds.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the Government. Trust funds account for assets held by the Government under the terms of a formal trust agreement. Custodial funds generally are used to account for assets that the Government holds on behalf of others as their agent, are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities), and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Fiduciary funds are as follows:

Pension Trust Funds account for the revenues received, expenses incurred, and the net position available for retirement benefits of the Policemen's and Firefighters' Retirement Fund and the City Employees' Pension Fund.

Custodial Funds account for assets held by the Government for others in an agency capacity. These are funds collected from juvenile and adult offenders and disbursed to victims in accordance with court decrees, funds collected from and disbursed for inmates who are on work release, funds collected from prisoners and disbursed based on court order, funds collected from special assessments for payment of debt service for neighborhood capital projects, funds collected from noncustodial parents for child support and disbursed to the custodial parents, and funds managed by the Government on behalf of adults who are unable to manage their own money.

Investment Trust Fund to account for all of the outstanding debt for the Sanitary Sewer System. In fiscal year 2014 the Government defeased all outstanding debt and entered into a new Sewer indenture agreement. The new indenture provides that the gross income and revenues of the System first be used to pay operating and maintenance expenses of the System. Net Revenues of the System are deposited into the Bond Account, which is held by a Trustee.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Government's sewer, landfill, public facilities, parking, and various other functions of the Government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include occupational license fees on wages and net profits, taxes, and interest income.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Government's enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The Government administers the *Expansion Area Master Plan* as follows:

The Government established a program in 1996, called the Expansion Area Master Plan (EAMP), to ensure uniform development of the Urban Services Area in Fayette County. The EAMP allows for the collection of exaction fees on new construction. The Government requires that those who develop property bear the cost of improvements in approximate proportion to the need generated by the development. Ordinance 196-96 acknowledges that it is in the best interest of the Government to encourage developers to build the system improvements identified in the Infrastructure Element of the EAMP and to provide developers who "front end" public improvements with credits against fair share fees and repayment for costs incurred in excess of their fair share.

Generally credits are granted to developers via a resolution passed by the Urban County Council. The Chief Administrative Officer has the authority to grant credits outside the resolution process and has occasionally done so. Exaction fees are assessed according to the guidelines established in the EAMP. They are due and payable when a developer applies for a building permit. Fees may be satisfied either with a cash payment or the surrender of exaction credits.

E. Budgetary Control

<u>Budget Policy</u> – The Urban County Council annually approves the budget ordinance for all operating funds of the Government, which includes governmental, proprietary, fiduciary, and agency funds. Federal and State Grant funds and capital projects funds adopt project-length budgets. Additional special revenue funds which are not budgeted include the Industrial Revenue Bond Fund, Police Confiscated Funds, and the Public Safety Fund. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP except that budgetary basis expenditures include purchase orders and contracts (encumbrances). Budgetary control is maintained at the division level, e.g. Division of Police, Division of Parks and Recreation, etc. The Mayor may authorize transfers within a division; however, the Urban County Council must approve by ordinance any other amendments to the budget. All budgeted amounts presented in the financial statements reflect the original budget and the amended budget which have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year. Appropriations lapse at year-end; however, uncompleted capital projects may be re-

appropriated at the beginning of each fiscal year. The Council made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout fiscal year 2020. The net effect of these supplemental appropriations was an increase of \$960,820 in the General Fund and an increase of \$52,867 in the Urban Services Fund, which included re-appropriations of encumbrances from prior fiscal years and various waste management and street light re-appropriations to the following fiscal year 2021, respectively.

F. Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

<u>Cash and Investments</u> – Management has adopted written policies and procedures for cash and investment management. Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and cash with fiscal agents. Cash balances of most Government funds are pooled and invested. Interest earned from investments purchased with pooled cash is allocated to each of the funds based on the fund's average monthly cash balance, except as required by ordinance for various restricted reserves. Funds that incur a negative balance in pooled cash and investments during the year are not allocated interest. The Government has adopted GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This statement requires that investments in interest-earning investment contracts, external investment pools, open-end mutual funds, and debt and equity securities be reported at fair value. Investments in the Pension Trust Funds and investments with a maturity of more than one year at the time of purchase are stated at fair value. Fair value for securities traded on a national exchange is determined by the last reported sales price. All other investments are stated at cost.

<u>Receivables</u> – Receivables are amounts due representing revenues earned or accrued in the current period. Allowances for uncollectible loans in the Federal and State Grants Fund fully reserve loan balances due to the nature of the individual projects and terms of the loans. Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for grants for specific programs and capital projects. The majority of other receivables in the General Fund are for taxpayer-assessed revenues that are collected 30 days after year end. Franchise fee revenues are recognized if collected within 60 days after year end.

Property taxes for fiscal year 2020 were levied on September 15, 2020, on the assessed valuation of property located in Fayette County as of the preceding January 1, the lien date. The due date and collection periods for all taxes exclusive of vehicle taxes are as follows:

Description	Per KRS 134.020
Due date for payment of taxes	Upon receipt
2% discount period	By November 1
Face value amount payment dates	November 2 to December 31
Delinquent date, 5% penalty	January 1 to January 31
10% penalty plus 10% add on fee date	April 15

Per Kentucky statute, the county sheriffs are responsible for collection of property taxes. Vehicle taxes, collected by the County Clerk of Fayette County, are due and collected in the birth month of the vehicle's licensee. During the year, property tax revenues are recognized when cash is received. At year-end, a receivable is recorded for delinquent property taxes, but revenues are only recognized for taxes collected within 60 days of the close of the fiscal year.

<u>Allowance for Uncollectable Amounts</u> – An allowance for uncollectable amounts relates to the estimated uncollectable balance of the revenues earned or accrued that have been included in accounts receivable at year end. An allowance is recorded on receivable balances based on historical bad debt experience related to the nature of each receivable balance.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> – During the course of its operations, the Government has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. To the extent that certain transactions between funds have not been paid or received as of June 30, 2020, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded as "due to/from other funds". These accounts are eliminated on the Government-Wide Statement

of Net Position. Any residual balances outstanding between the Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Interfund transactions that would be treated as revenues or expenditures/expenses if they involved organizations external to the Government are similarly treated when involving funds of the Government. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund. Transfers from funds receiving revenues to funds through which the resources are to be expended and operating subsidies are classified as transfers. Transfers between governmental and proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide columnar presentation.

<u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u> – Fuel and vehicle parts inventories are stated at average cost. Other inventories are valued using the first-in, first-out method. The costs of inventory items are recognized as expenditures or expenses when used.

Payments made to vendors for goods and services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2020 are recorded in assets as prepaid items under the consumption method.

In the governmental fund financial statements, reported inventories and prepaid items are equally offset in the fund balance as nonspendable, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of total assets.

<u>Restricted Assets</u> – Restricted assets are liquid assets that have third-party (statutory, bond covenant, or granting agency) limitations on their use. Certain proceeds of revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their payment, are classified as restricted assets on the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position since their use is limited by applicable bond indentures. The other restricted assets are required to be maintained until the related bonds mature. The Construction and Capital Acquisitions account is used to report proceeds of bonds and notes payable that are restricted for use in construction and capital acquisitions. The Government uses the Construction and Capital Acquisitions assets for their intended purpose before using unrestricted assets. The Maintenance and Operations account represents the resources set aside to operate, maintain and insure the Sanitary Sewer System for three full months. The Capital Replacement account represents the resources set aside to provide reasonable reserves for renewals, replacements, improvements, extensions, extraordinary major repairs and contingencies in the operation of the Sanitary Sewer System. The Debt Service account is used to report resources set aside to prevent a default in payment of principal or interest on the bonds. The Sinking Fund account represents the resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months. The balances of the restricted asset's accounts in the governmental funds are as follows:

Various purpose general obligation notes account	\$36,107,227
Federal Grants and Contracts	29,167
Debt Service on QECB Bond	1,244,527
Total restricted assets	\$37,380,922

The balances of the restricted asset's accounts in the enterprise funds are as follows:

Sanitary sewer reserve for construction and capital acquisition	\$43,668,450
Sanitary sewer and stormwater capital replacement account	\$2,285,855
Total restricted assets	\$45,954,305

<u>Unrestricted Assets</u> – Unrestricted assets represent unrestricted liquid assets. While Government management may have categorized and segmented portions for various purposes, the Urban County Council has the unrestricted authority to revisit or alter these management decisions.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges, traffic signals and similar items), and intangible assets, are reported in the applicable Governmental or Business-Type Activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds. Expenditures for items having a useful life greater than one year and having a cost greater than \$5,000 for equipment and \$25,000 for land, buildings, infrastructure and related improvements are capitalized. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value and recorded as donations at the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	10-40 years
Land and leasehold improvements	10-50 years
Infrastructure	10-50 years
Sanitary sewer system lines and plants	10-50 years
Vehicles, equipment, and furniture	5-25 years
Intangibles	3-5 years

Construction in progress (CIP) represents construction projects for capital assets that have not yet been placed in service. Developments in progress (DIP) represent fees accrued on urban development projects in the EAMP currently underway that have not yet been completed, where settlement of the fees by the respective developer is expected to be made through contributing infrastructure type assets (e.g. roads, sewer systems, etc.) to the Government. CIP and DIP are not depreciated until the projects are complete and placed in service. For more information on the EAMP plan, please see page 55. Land, purchase of development rights, and permanent easements are not depreciated.

The Government has a collection of artwork and historical treasures presented for public exhibition and education that are being preserved for future use. These items are not capitalized or depreciated as part of capital assets.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – Compensated absences include accumulated unpaid vacation, sick and holiday leave. Government employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts in accordance with administrative policy. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated holiday and vacation days. Employees receive annual compensation for accumulated unused sick leave in excess of 600 hours (or 840 hours for firefighters). Employees are reimbursed for all accumulated unused sick leave upon retirement. All accumulated leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In governmental funds, compensated absences are not payable with available and spendable resources, and, therefore, are only recorded when they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u> – In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities, or Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position. The discounts and premiums related to bonds and notes issued are amortized over the life of the bond or note using the straight-line method. Bonds and notes payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed when incurred. Losses on advance refunding issues are reported as deferred outflows of resources and recognized as an outflow as required by GASB Statement No. 65.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

The difference between the re-acquisition price (new debt) and the net carrying value of the old debt on refunded debt of the proprietary funds is amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the old or new bonds, whichever is shorter, using the straight-line method.

Long-term liabilities include the following:

- Compensated absences, which is the accrual for vacation time earned but not taken by employees.
- Principal outstanding on general obligation bonds, general obligation notes, and revenue bonds.
- Unfunded Post-Retirement Health Benefits, which is the net retirement health benefit obligation for the Policemen's and Firefighters' Retirement Fund and the City Employees' Pension Fund. In addition, it includes the Government's proportionate share of the unfunded liability in the CERS multi-employer defined benefit post-employment health insurance plan.
- Landfill closure and postclosure care liability, which is the estimated total cost to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for thirty years after closure.
- Unearned revenue and other liabilities, which is the cash received in advance of being earned, and other long term liabilities.
- Unfunded postemployment benefit liability, which is the net postemployment benefits obligation for the Policemen's and Firefighters' Retirement Fund. In addition, it includes the Government's proportionate share of the unfunded postemployment benefits liability in the CERS multi-employer defined benefit pension plan.
- Unfunded pension liability, which is the net retirement obligation for the Policemen's and Firefighters' Retirement Fund. In addition, it includes the Government's proportionate share of the unfunded pension liability in the CERS multi-employer defined benefit pension plan.

G. Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources

With the implementation of GASB Statements 65 and 68, and GASB Statements 74 and 75, the Government's Statement of Net Position includes deferred inflows (or deferred outflows) of resources when appropriate. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to one or more future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s). These amounts will not be recognized as expense or revenue until the applicable period.

<u>Deferred Outflows</u> – include the differences between reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of refunded debt obligations that is recognized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. In addition, it includes differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, changes in proportionate share, differences between projected and actual earnings, and differences between projected and actual earnings on investments in both pension plans and other paid employee benefit plans, and contributions to pension plans and other paid employee benefit plans made subsequent to the Government's measurement date of June 30, 2019.

<u>Deferred Inflows</u> – include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, changes in proportionate share, and projected and actual earnings on investments in both pension plans and other paid employee benefit plans.

H. Net Position/Fund Balances

The government-wide and proprietary financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – is intended to reflect the portion of net position associated with capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation), less outstanding capital assets related debt, net of unspent bond proceeds.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – represents amounts that are restricted for specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws/regulations of other governments or constitutional provisions, or (b) resources resulting from enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – This category represents amounts not appropriated for expenditures, or legally segregated for a specific future use.

In the Balance Sheet of governmental funds the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. The Government's fund balance is divided into the following classifications, as applicable:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – These resources include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Government's nonspendable funds consisted of prepaid expenses and inventories as of June 30, 2020.

<u>Restricted</u> – Restricted amounts represent resources that are constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. The Government had restricted funds for various projects: public works, public safety, capital projects, grants, urban services, and energy improvement as of June 30, 2020.

<u>Committed</u> – Committed amounts are constrained for a specific purpose by the Government using its highest level of decision-making authority. For resources to be considered committed, the Urban County Council issues an ordinance that can only be changed with another corresponding ordinance. Committed fund balance for the General Fund is further classified as follows:

Committed for:	
Affordable Housing & Homelessness Intervention	\$2,750,486
Economic Stabilization	42,476,494
Chief Development Officer	1,571,520
Social Services	737,247
Special Programs	253,128
Committed Fund Balance	\$47,788,875

The Government developed and adopted a General Fund Balance ("Economic Stabilization Fund" or "Contingency Designation Fund") Policy on December 5, 1996, and revised on April 17, 2016.

It is the Government's policy to:

- Maintain a Contingency Designation Fund funding goal of ten percent (10%) of the previous year's total General Fund Revenues. Interest earned accrues to the fund.
- Budget a deposit of \$50,000 per month, for each fiscal year until meeting the Contingency Designation Fund funding goal of 10% of the last completed fiscal year total General Fund revenues, beginning with the 2007 fiscal year. The Urban County Council suspended this requirement for fiscal year 2020.

• Annually report to the Budget, Finance, and Economic Development Committee the dollar amount that could be deposited to the fund to maintain ten percent (10%) of the previous year's General Fund Revenues.

The Contingency Designation Fund balance may be used in the following circumstances:

- Unanticipated or unforeseen extraordinary needs of an emergency nature.
- Revenue stabilization to balance the budget in the event of an unanticipated shortfall.
- Unanticipated situations of an unusual nature involving nonrecurring expenditure(s).

The Government has made a complete and rational analysis, with justifying evidence that the Contingency Designation Fund can be maintained in the future.

<u>Assigned</u> – Assigned amounts represent resources that the Government intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Amounts may be assigned by the Urban County Council or by the Commissioner of Finance under the authorization of the Mayor. Amounts classified as assigned have gone before the Government's Urban County Council subsequent to June 30, 2020 for approval through ordinance.

Assigned for:	General Fund	Non Major Funds	
Administrative Services	\$200,000	\$0	
Environmental Quality & Public Works	550,000		
Finance	500,000		
Fire & Emergency Services	60,000		
General Government	23,985,013	238,234	
Parks & Recreation	97,952		
Police	898,039		
Social Services	1,906,016		
Assigned Fund Balance	\$28,197,020	\$238,234	

<u>Unassigned</u> – Unassigned amounts represent resources that have not been classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Likewise, fund balances that are committed or assigned would be used first for their approved purposes. Unassigned fund balances would be used as needed.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Revenues

Emergency medical service fees are billed and collected by Software Development, Inc. (SDI) as an agent for the Government. Cash collected by SDI is remitted daily to the Government. The Government records all revenues (net of an allowance for doubtful accounts) billed through the end of the fiscal year by SDI.

The Government utilizes an internal billing system to collect sanitary sewer and landfill user fees, along with the water quality management fee.

Unearned revenue in the government-wide and proprietary funds Statement of Net Position and the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet result from resources that the Government has received before it has a legal claim to it, such as when grant money is received prior to incurring eligible expenditures. In a subsequent period, when revenue is earned, the liability is removed and revenue recognized.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), and additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The liability was measured at June 30, 2019.

L. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS) Post Employment Health Insurance Plan (the Plan), and additions to/deductions from CERS the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The liability was measured at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Compliance with Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

Management of the Government believes it has no material violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations - The following divisions, in funds that have budgets adopted annually, had excess expenditures over appropriations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

	Excess Expenditures
General Fund:	
Accounting	\$95,620
Building Inspection	26,818
Circuit Judges	3,184
Enterprise Solutions	20,156
Grants & Special Projects Agencies	37,669
Office of the CIO	7,106
Office of the Mayor	24,151
Planning	139,250
Public Safety Administration	329,593
Urban Services Fund:	
Central Purchasing	\$164
Human Resources	374
Indirect Cost Allocation	431,022
Office of the CIO	2,028

Excess expenditures over appropriations were funded by favorable budget variances in other categories.

C. Fund Deficits

Proprietary funds – the Extended School Program had a fund deficit of (\$939,834) as a result of the unfunded pension liability.

D. Prior Period Adjustments

Primary Government

The following prior period adjustments were made to the Governmental fund financial statements:

General Funds: Recognize revenues from various fiscal years of \$14,544. Recognize expenditures from the prior fiscal year in the amount of \$217,867. Recognize expenditures from the prior fiscal years of 3,377,989 to reimburse the Police and Fire Pension Plan. Of that amount, \$925,978 was from the prior fiscal year.

The following prior period adjustments were made to the Governmental government-wide financial statements:

The Governmental Funds: Net position increased by derecognizing expenditures of \$2,609,070 from prior years due to the close out of various Exactions Area Master Plan (EAMP) developer agreements. In addition net position decreased by recognizing capital expenditures of \$1,042,351, and recognizing \$175,000 in expenditures from the affordable housing program. Overall net position decreased \$2,189,593 in *Governmental Activities*.

The Business-Type Activities Funds: Net position was increased \$429,719 to recognize capital additions from prior years due to the close out of various developer agreements for Sanitary Sewer System infrastructure in the Exactions Area Master Plan (EAMP). In addition, net position was decreased \$295,372 for expenses in prior fiscal years. Of that amount \$279,862 was to reimburse the Police and Fire Pension Fund. Overall *Business-Type Activities* net position increased \$134,347.

Fiduciary Funds

The Police and Fire Pension Fund net position increased \$3,657,852 to recognize reimbursements from prior fiscal years. Of that amount, \$1,002,694 was from fiscal year 2019 and the remaining \$2,655,157 was from prior fiscal years.

Component Units

The Fayette County Department of Health reduced net position by \$21,125 to recognize grant expenditures from the prior fiscal year.

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash, Investments and Securities Lending

Primary Government

The Government's bank balances at June 30, 2020 are entirely insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and/or collateralized with securities held by the Government's agent in the Government's name. In accordance with Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) 66.480 as amended March18, 2019, and the Government's investment policy, the Government is allowed to invest in the following:

- 1. Obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations subject to repurchase agreements, provided that delivery of these obligations subject to repurchase agreements is taken either directly or through an authorized custodian.
- 2. Obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or a United States government agency.
- 3. Obligations of any corporation of the United States government.
- 4. Certificates of deposit or other interest-bearing accounts issued by any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the FDIC, or similar entity, or which are collateralized to the extent uninsured.
- 5. Bankers' acceptances for banks rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 6. Commercial paper rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 7. Bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and of its agencies and instrumentalities.
- 8. Securities issued by a state or local government, or any instrumentality or agency thereof, in the United States, and rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 9. Shares of mutual funds, each of which shall have the following characteristics:
 - a. The mutual fund shall be an open-end diversified investment company registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended
 - b. The management company of the investment company shall have been in operation for at least five (5) years; and
 - c. All of the securities in the mutual fund shall be eligible investments under this section.

In addition, the Pension Trust Funds are allowed to invest in equity securities, corporate bonds and international stocks listed as American Depository Receipts (ADR). Investments of the Government as of June 30, 2020 are summarized and categorized in the following table:

		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs
Investment Type	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$82,077,805	\$82,077,805		
Money Market Mutual Funds	55,860,101		55,860,101	
Certificates of Deposit	2,292,662		2,292,662	
Commercial Paper	1,999,560		1,999,560	
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	50,141,545		50,141,545	
Total Investments	\$192,371,673	\$82,077,805	\$110,293,868	\$0

The Government categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Level 2 fixed income securities are priced by industry standard vendors, such as Interactive Data Corporation (IDC), using inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, and issuer spreads. IDC also monitors market indices and industry and economic events including credit rating agency actions. The Government has no Level 3 inputs.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. While the Government has adopted an investment policy that recommends controlling interest rate risk through maturity diversification, the policy does not place any formal limits of investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – The risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments are made under the "prudent person rule" outlined in the Government's investment policy. This rule is defined to mean "investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of capital as well as the probable income to be derived." The prudent investor standard shall be applied in the context of managing the overall portfolio.

Primary Government (except Fiduciary Funds)

		Investment Maturities (in years)				
					S&P	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year	1 to 5	6 to 10	More than 10 Rating	Fair Value
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$82,077,805	\$82,077,805			AA	\$13,163,050
Money Market Mutual Funds	55,860,101	55,860,101			NA	179,208,623
Certificates of Deposit	2,292,662	278,544	\$1,013,216	\$389,510	\$611,392	
Commercial Paper	1,999,560	1,999,560				
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	50,141,545	31,046,109	19,095,436			
Total Investments	\$192,371,673	\$171,262,119	\$20,108,652	\$389,510	\$611,392	

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Government's investment in a single issuer. Government securities and investments in mutual funds are excluded from this risk. In order to reduce the credit risk, the investments held by a financial institution in the Government's name should be limited to no more than 35% of the total investments, excluding that held in a Money Market Mutual Fund.

Investment Trust Fund

The Government's investment trust fund operates under the Sewer indenture established to provide that the net revenues from the sewer system operations are deposited into a Bond Account held by a Trustee. The account must provide coverage of 120% of the maximum annual debt service. The fund follows the Government's policy in accordance with Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) 66.480 and the Government's investment policy.

Sewer Investment Trust Fund					
		Quoted Prices in	Significant Other	Significant	
		Active Markets for	Observable	Unobservable	
		Identical Assets	Inputs	Inputs	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$25,465,518		\$25,465,518		

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Level 2 fixed income securities are priced by industry standard vendors, such as Interactive Data Corporation (IDC), using inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, and issuer spreads. IDC also monitors market indices and industry and economic events including credit rating agency actions. The Government has no Level 3 inputs.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. While the Government has adopted an investment policy that recommends controlling interest rate risk through maturity diversification, the policy does not place any formal limits of investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – The risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments are made under the "prudent person rule" outlined in the Government's investment policy. This rule is defined to mean "investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of capital as well as the probable income to be derived." The prudent investor standard shall be applied in the context of managing the overall portfolio.

June	30,	2020
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Sewer Investment Trust Fund								
			Investment Matu	rities (in years)				
					S&P			
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	More than 10 Rating	Fair Value		
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$25,465,518	\$25,465,518	\$0	\$0	\$0 NA	\$25,465,518		

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Government's investment in a single issuer. Government securities and investments in mutual funds are excluded from this risk. In order to reduce the credit risk, the investments held by a financial institution in the Government's name should be limited to no more than 35% of the total investments, excluding that held in a Money Market Mutual Fund.

Pension Trust Funds

The Government's Pension Trust Funds are made up of the Policemen's and Firefighters' Retirement Fund (PFRF) and the City Employees' Pension Fund (CEPF). The disclosures below are separate as the pension funds have different investment policies and different objectives. The PFRF is an active, growing fund, while the CEPF has been closed since 1983. Investments of the PFRF as of June 30, 2020 are summarized and categorized in the following table:

Policemen's and Firefighters' Retirement Fund

Investment Type	Foir Voluo	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets Level 1	Significant Other Observable Inputs Level 2	Significant Unobservable Inputs Level 3
Investment Type	<u>Fair Value</u>	Level I	Level 2	Level 5
Debt Securities				
Bank Loans	\$1,107,956		\$1,107,956	
Corporate Debt	103,609,230		102,785,723	\$823,507
International Bonds				
Municipal Obligations	5,760,256		5,760,256	
SL Comingle Fund	36,938,160		36,938,160	
US Agencies	32,109,951		32,109,951	
US Government Obligations	34,255,899		34,255,899	
	\$213,781,452		\$212,957,945	\$823,507
Other Investments				
Equity Mutual Funds	\$362,914,835	\$136,447,865	\$226,466,970	
Equity Real Estate	72,343,113		72,343,113	
Equity Securities - Domestic	700,975	184,579	73,096	443,300
Equity Securities - International	174,498,302	112,049,951	62,448,351	
	\$824,238,677	\$248,682,395	\$574,289,475	\$1,266,807

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Level 2 domestic and international equities are priced using the closing price from the applicable exchange as provided by industry standard vendors, such as Interactive Data Corporation (IDC), which prices to capture market movements between local stock exchange closing time and portfolio valuation time each day. Level 2 fixed income securities are priced by industry standard vendors, such as IDC, using inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, and issuer spreads. IDC also monitors market indices and industry and economic events including credit rating agency actions. Level 3 inputs from Corporate Debt are primarily Exide which filed for bankruptcy on May 19, 2020. Bond holders are voting on the Plan of Reorganization in September 2020. Level 3 inputs from domestic Equity Securities are fair valued by broker quotes daily.

The PFRF has contracted with external investment managers to manage all of the funds. The Board has adopted an investment policy that recommends the following target allocations based on asset class:

	Target
Asset Class	Allocation
Passive Large Cap Core	10.00%
Active Large Cap Growth	7.50%
Active Large Cap Value	7.50%
Small Cap Equity	15.00%
International Growth Equities	9.25%
International Value Equities	9.25%
Emerging Markets	4.50%
Total Equities	63.00%
US Core Fixed Income	15.50%
US High Yield Fixed Income	7.50%
Total Fixed Income	23.00%
Real Estate	9.00%
Real Return	5.00%
Total Plan	100.00%

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The PFRF does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair market losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – The PFRF investment policy manages credit risk by the limitation of certain investments within the above asset classes. For US Equity asset classes up to 15% of US Small Cap Value, 7.5% of US Large Cap Growth, 7.5% of US Large Cap Value, and 10% of Passive Large Cap Core portfolio's current market value may be invested in ADR's. The US Core Fixed Income manager's debt securities must have a minimum quality rating of Baa/BBB or above, while the overall portfolio weighted average credit quality rating must not fall below AA- or equivalent. The US High Yield Fixed Income manager's portfolio may have, on average, no more than 20% of the portfolio in debt securities with a quality rating of CCC/Caa and below, while the overall portfolio rating must not fall below Baa3, BBB-, A2 or P2.

	Policemen's and Firefighters' Retirement Fund Investment Maturities (in years)						
				· · ·		S&P	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	More than 10	Rating	Fair Value
Debt Securities						Α	\$41,892,696
Bank Loans	\$1,107,956		\$961,956	\$146,000		AA	76,150,714
Corporate Debt	103,609,230	\$1,508,635	50,772,889	38,644,209	\$12,683,497	AAA	6,566,833
International Bonds						В	18,294,387
Municipal Obligations	5,760,256	448,916	386,574	3,605,870	1,318,896	BB	28,279,902
SL Comingle Fund	36,938,160	26,641,017	296,618	9,802,410	198,115	BBB	23,073,961
US Agencies	32,109,951	4,097	4,943,858	2,826,170	24,335,825	CC	2,601,871
US Government Obligations	34,255,899	8,418,610	11,031,895	6,616,866	8,188,529	CCC	114,075
	\$213,781,452	\$37,021,275	\$68,393,790	\$61,641,525	\$46,724,862	NR	627,264,240
Other Investments						_	
Equity Mutual Funds	\$362,914,835	\$362,914,835					
Equity Real Estate	72,343,113	72,343,113					
Equity Securities - Domestic	700,975	700,975					
Equity Securities - International	174,498,302	174,498,302				_	
	\$824,238,677	\$647,478,500	\$68,393,790	\$61,641,525	\$46,724,862	_	

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – Government securities and investments in mutual funds are excluded from this risk. The PFRF places a restriction on equity managers that at the time of purchase they may not invest in more than 5% of the outstanding securities of one issuer nor invest more than 5% of their portfolios' assets in the outstanding securities with one issuer. The US Core Fixed Income manager may not invest more than 5% of the outstanding securities of one issuer nor invest more than 5% of the portfolio's assets in the outstanding securities with one issuer nor invest more than 5% of the portfolio's assets in the outstanding securities of one issuer, except for Treasury and Agency securities. The US High Yield Fixed Income manager may not invest more than the greater of 1.5 times the index weight, or 20% of the portfolio, in any one industry. The US High Yield Fixed Income manager may not invest more than 5% of the Plan's assets in the outstanding securities of any one issuer.

<u>Securities Lending</u> – The PFRF has a securities lending agreement with Northern Trust, a national banking association (the agent). The agent, also the custodian for the retirement fund, acts as an agent to lend securities held in the retirement fund portfolios.

Per the agreement, the PFRF has authorized the lending of domestic bonds and securities in return for collateral. Collateral for loaned securities may be in the form of cash, securities issued or guaranteed by the United States Government or its agencies or irrevocable letters of credit. The broker/dealer collateralizes their borrowing to 102% of the security value, plus accrued interest. If the broker/dealer fails to return the security upon request, then the agent will utilize the collateral to replace the security loaned. The Government does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities without a borrower default.

Investment of the cash collateral may be in commercial paper that is rated in the highest category of at least two nationally recognized security agencies, short-term obligations of banks, short-term obligations of the United States Government or its agencies, repurchase agreements, funding agreements issued by insurance companies rated "A" or higher by A. M. Best & Company or money market mutual funds. The investments of the collateral do not generally match the maturities of the securities lending arrangements themselves; they are typically very short-term in nature and mostly invested in overnight repurchase agreements.

The agent agrees to indemnify the retirement fund for losses resulting directly or indirectly from the failure of the borrower to return the loaned securities in accordance with the terms of the loan agreement, limited to an indemnification amount equal to the difference between the market value of the loaned securities and the value of the collateral. There are no restrictions in the agreement that limit the amount of securities that can be lent at one time or to one borrower.

As of June 30, 2020, the securities loaned in the portfolio did not have credit risk, and the fair value of securities on loan is \$36,938,160. Investments of the CEPF as of June 30, 2020 are summarized and categorized in the following table:

City Employees Pension Fund

Investment Type	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets Level 1	Significant Other Observable Inputs Level 2	Significant Unobservable Inputs Level 3
Debt Securities:				
Corporate Debt	\$6,761,589		\$6,761,589	
US Agencies	8,460,429		8,460,429	
US Government Obligations	3,652,787	3,652,787		
	18,874,805	3,652,787	15,222,018	-
Other Investments:				
Equity Mutual Funds	12,269,965		12,269,965	
	\$31,144,770	\$3,652,787	\$27,491,983	\$0

Level 2 fixed income securities are priced by industry standard vendors, such as Interactive Data Corporation (IDC), using inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, and issuer spreads. IDC also monitors market indices, and industry and economic events including credit rating agency actions.

The CEPF has contracted with external investment managers to manage all of the funds. The Board has adopted an investment policy that recommends the following target allocations based on asset class:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Domestic Equity	20.00%
International Equity	10.00%
Fixed Income	70.00%
	100.00%

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The CEPF does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair market losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – The CEPF investment policy limits its equity manager to investments in ADR's to 10% of the equity portfolio's current market value. The fixed income manager's debt securities must have a minimum quality rating of Baa/BBB or above, while the overall fixed income portfolio rating must be A+ or above. No more than 10% of the equity portfolio can be of quality rating Baa/BBB and below.

			City Employees	Pension Fund			
			Investment Matu	rities (in years)		_	
						S&P	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	More than 10	Rating	Fair Value
Debt Securities:						AAA	\$303,091
Corporate Debt	\$6,761,589	\$1,480,341	\$4,353,623	\$927,624		AA	4,858,480
US Agencies	8,460,429	8,460,429				А	3,780,022
US Government Obligations	3,652,787			1,519,095	\$2,133,693	BBB	936,994
	18,874,805	9,940,770	4,353,623	2,446,719	2,133,693	NR	21,266,182
Other Investments:		=				-	
Equity Mutual Funds	12,269,965	12,269,965					
	\$31,144,770	\$22,210,735	\$4,353,623	\$2,446,719	\$2,133,693	-	

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The CEPF investment policy places a restriction on equity managers that at the time of purchase, managers may not invest in more than 5% of the outstanding securities of one issuer nor invest more than 5% of their portfolios' assets in the outstanding securities with one issuer. The fixed income manager may not invest in more than 5% of the outstanding securities of one issuer nor invest more than 5% of the fixed income portfolio assets in the outstanding securities of one issuer nor invest more than 5% of the fixed income portfolio assets in the outstanding securities of one issuer nor invest more than 5% of the fixed income portfolio assets in the outstanding securities of one issuer, except for Treasury and Agency securities.

Component Units

For complete information on custodial credit risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk, refer to the individual reports on each component unit. Summarized investment information for the component units is included in the table below:

	Reported Amount/ Fair Value
U.S. Government and Government	
Agency Obligations	\$91,133,378
Investments not subject to categorization:	
Certificates of Deposit	27,207,448
Money Market Funds	92,139,174
Total Investments	\$210,480,000

As of June 30, 2020, LCC had \$4,357,324 and \$1,003,104 in deposits and investments, respectively, which were uninsured and uncollateralized.

B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Primary Government					
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance		
Governmental Activities:						
Nondepreciable Assets:						
Land	\$62,865,782	\$29,686	\$0	\$62,895,468		
Purchase of Development Rights	80,603,464	1,319,553		81,923,017		
Intangibles	9,798,144	313,241		10,111,385		
Construction in Progress *	29,040,005	14,537,052	(23,635,077)	19,941,980		
Developments in Progress	296,135		(139,145)	156,990		
Depreciable Assets:						
Buildings	187,910,454	9,436,413	(4,320)	197,342,547		
Intangibles	17,781,251	3,381,608	(714)	21,162,145		
Vehicles, Equipment, & Furniture	146,366,773	13,149,205	(2,455,802)	157,060,176		
Land & Leasehold Improvements	46,849,439	6,331,295		53,180,734		
Infrastructure *	1,058,492,341	5,521,524		1,064,013,865		
Sewer Lines	11,749,467			11,749,467		
Sewer Plants	216,797			216,797		
Totals at Historical Cost	1,651,970,052	54,019,577	(26,235,058)	1,679,754,571		
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:						
Buildings	(79,293,551)	(6,171,708)	303	(85,464,956)		
Intangibles	(14,688,742)	(2,595,644)	713	(17,283,673)		
Vehicles, Equipment, & Furniture	(102,023,215)	(10,499,762)	2,349,598	(110,173,379)		
Land & Leasehold Improvements	(31,087,061)	(3,562,658)		(34,649,719)		
Infrastructure	(483,996,824)	(34,889,059)		(518,885,883)		
Sewer Lines	(1,730,778)	(234,140)		(1,964,918)		
Sewer Plants	(19,834)	(4,336)		(24,170)		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(712,840,005)	(57,957,307)	2,350,614	(768,446,698)		
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$939,130,047	(\$3,937,730)	(\$23,884,444)	\$911,307,873		

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:				
Nondepreciable Assets:				
Land	\$46,421,697	\$0	\$0	\$46,421,697
Construction in Progress	123,079,153	47,321,848	(98,946,526)	71,454,475
Developments in Progress	116,425	67,731	(184,156)	0
Intangibles	581,026	327,637		908,663
Depreciable Assets:				
Buildings	120,728,659	88,860		120,817,519
Intangibles	9,099,463	83,550		9,183,013
Vehicles, Equipment & Furniture	40,482,316	1,084,476	(342,195)	41,224,597
Land & Leasehold Improvements	42,950,767			42,950,767
Infrastructure	17,886,555	4,543,655		22,430,210
Sewer Lines *	227,792,912	12,158,524		239,951,436
Sewer Plants	209,491,154	82,179,346		291,670,500
Totals at Historical Cost	838,630,127	147,855,627	(99,472,877)	887,012,877
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings	(92,525,241)	(3,535,288)		(96,060,529)
Intangibles	(5,937,918)	(1,202,465)		(7,140,383)
Vehicles, Equipment & Furniture	(21,005,948)	(2,914,935)	285,715	(23,635,168)
Land & Leasehold Improvements	(36,518,291)	(444,359)		(36,962,650)
Infrastructure	(2,082,668)	(465,705)		(2,548,373)
Sewer Lines *	(82,580,251)	(4,517,997)		(87,098,248)
Sewer Plants	(108,929,572)	(5,195,119)		(114,124,691)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(349,579,889)	(18,275,868)	285,715	(367,570,042)
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$489,050,238	\$129,579,759	(\$99,187,162)	\$519,442,835

* Restated beginning balance due to prior period adjustment

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$1,334,018
Computer Information Technology	1,353,633
Chief Development Officer	1,926
Administrative Services	656,017
Finance	703,263
Public Safety	856,080
Environmental Quality & Public Works	37,745,693
Police	1,978,634
Fire and Emergency Services	2,254,405
Law	9,023
Community Corrections	2,609,514
Social Services	720,154
General Services	5,492,482
Parks and Recreation	1,940,584
Planning, Preservation, & Development	301,881
Total depreciation expense - Governmental Activities	\$57,957,307

Business-Type Activities:	
Sanitary Sewer System	\$13,649,916
Public Facilities Corporation	3,307,886
Landfill	588,404
Right of Way	6,324
Extended School Program	3,111
Enhanced 911	174,470
Water Quality	545,757
Total depreciation expense - Business-Type Activities	\$18,275,868

	Discretely Presented Component Units				
	Beginning	-	-	Ending	
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	
Nondepreciable Assets:					
Land	\$36,450,245	\$4,210,000	\$0	\$40,660,245	
Construction in Progress	19,774,945	23,978,949	(10,962,654)	32,791,240	
Other	75,301,601	83,575,788		158,877,389	
Depreciable Assets:					
Buildings & Improvements	363,429,461	6,434,244	(66,345,427)	303,518,278	
Vehicles, Equipment, & Furniture	86,407,272	9,933,346	(1,890,584)	94,450,034	
Land & Leasehold Improvements	80,534,292	2,282,220		82,816,512	
Intangibles	69,645	170,822		240,467	
Totals at Historical Cost	661,967,461	130,585,369	(79,198,665)	713,354,165	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(299,968,669)	(19,675,484)	49,768,868	(269,875,285)	
Component Unit Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$361,998,792	\$110,909,885	(\$29,429,797)	\$443,478,880	

Construction Commitments

The Government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2020. The projects include building improvements, capital repairs and maintenance, land improvements, sanitary sewer storm collection systems, storm drainage and major roadways. At June 30, 2020, the Government had the following commitments on construction contracts:

Project	Commitment
Buildings	\$408,806
Capital Repairs & Maintenance	2,287,535
Land Improvements	15,576,779
Sanitary Sewer Collection System	25,468,267
Storm Drainage	5,578,529
Streets & Roadways	9,604,843
Street Lighting	99,258
Traffic Control & Markings	925,205
	\$59,949,222

Buildings are primarily financed through general obligation bonds for various renovations and construction. Capital repairs & maintenance, and traffic control & markings are funded by intergovernmental revenues and general obligation bonds. Land improvements are funded by a combination of intergovernmental revenues, general obligation bonds, and grant funds. Sanitary sewer projects are financed with both sewer revenues and Kentucky Infrastructure Authority State Revolving Fund Loans. Storm drainage improvements are supported by the water quality management

fee revenues. Intergovernmental revenues, local contributions, general obligation bonds, and grants provide funding for major roadway improvements. The Urban Services funds finance the construction of street lighting.

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The principal purpose of the Government's interfund transfers is indicative of funding for capital projects or subsidies of various Government operations and reallocation of special revenues. Due to our practice of cash management by pooling the Government's funds, interfund balances exist as of June 30, 2020. In addition, Federal and State Grants revenues are based on reimbursable expenditures. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Federal & State Grants	(\$24,817,175)
Other Governmental Funds	(334,889)
Internal Service Funds	334,889
Total due from General Fund	(\$24,810,084)

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	Amount
Component unit - Lexington Public Library	Primary government - General fund	\$1,450,778
Component unit - Lexington Convention and Visitor's Bureau	Primary government - General fund	369,063
Component unit - Lexington Center Corporation	Primary government - General fund	146,129
Total		\$1,965,970

Interfund Transfers:

Transfers are indicative of 1) funding for capital projects, 2) moving unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to subsidize various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization, and 3) reallocation of special revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them. The following schedule briefly summarizes the Government's transfer activity:

							1 uone				
				Nonmajor	Total	Sanitary	Facilities		Water	Nonmajor	Total
	General	Urban Services	Fed & State Grants	Governmental	Governmental	Sewer	Corp	Landfill	Quality	Proprietary	Proprietary
General	\$0	\$1,883,800	\$1,342,778	(\$3,404,735)	(\$178,157)	\$92,297	\$257,242	\$0	\$220	\$0	\$349,759
Urban Services	(1,883,800)		13,773		(1,870,027)						
Fed & State Grants	(1,342,778)	(13,773)		(941,334)	(2,297,885)						
Nonmajor Governmental	3,404,735		941,334		4,346,069						
Public Facilities Corp	(257,242)				(257,242)						
Water Quality	(220)				(220)						
Grand Total	(\$79,305)	\$1,870,027	\$2,297,885	(\$4,346,069)	(\$257,462)	\$92,297	\$257,242	\$0	\$220	\$0	\$349,759

D. Long-Term Debt

Revenue bonds and other directly related long-term liabilities, which are intended to be paid from proprietary funds, are included in the accounts of such funds. All other long-term indebtedness is accounted for in the governmental activities column of the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

Primary Government

Bonds payable, notes payable, compensated absences, landfill closure and postclosure care costs, and unfunded pension liabilities at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Dumage of Issue	Original	Interest	Final	Amount	Due Within
Governmental Activities	Purpose of Issue	Issue	Rates	Maturity	Outstanding	One Year
Bonds, Notes, Loans, and Leases:						
Pension Obligation, Series 2009B	Police/Fire Pension Fund		3.50% - 6.00%	1-Apr-2029	\$39,970,000	\$3,535,000
General Obligation, Series 2010C	Refunding of 2000E		1.00% - 3.00%	1-Dec-2020	675,000	675,000
Pension Obligation, Series 2010D	Police/Fire Pension Fund	\$35,825,000	.95%-5.45%	1-Jun-2030	1,730,000	1,730,000
General Obligation, Series 2010H	Refunding of 2001B		1.00%-3.80%	1-Dec-2021	1,060,000	520,000
Pension Obligation, Series 2012A General Obligation, Series 2012B	Police/Fire Pension Fund Refunding of 2002C and 2004C		2.50% - 4.00% 2.00% - 4.00%	1-Oct-2032 1-Jul-2024	22,175,000 3,825,000	1,390,000 745,000
General Obligation, Series 2012B	Road Resurfacing		2.00% - 5.00%	1-Oct-2024	4,700,000	1,090,000
General Obligation, Series 2013A General Obligation, Series 2013B	Refunding of 2004,2005C,2006B		2.00% - 4.00%	1-Jul-2025	2,935,000	475,000
General Obligation, Series 2013C	CIP projects		3.00% - 4.00%	1-Oct-2037	13,165,000	725,000
General Obligation, Series 2014A	Refunding of 2010A		3.00% - 5.00%	1-Sep-2030	38,835,000	2,820,000
General Obligation, Series 2014B	CIP projects		3.25%-5.00%	1-Jan-2035	20,225,000	940,000
General Obligation, Series 2014C	QECB Detention Center	\$2,900,000	3.25%	1-Jun-2027	2,795,000	
General Obligation, Series 2015A	Refunding of 2006C,2009A,2010G	\$19,845,000	3.00% - 5.00%	1-Oct-2028	13,560,000	2,205,000
General Obligation, Series 2015B	CIP projects	\$24,860,000	2.00% - 5.00%	1-Oct-2035	17,730,000	2,015,000
General Obligation, Series 2016A	Historic Courthouse Renovation	\$22,450,000	.80%-3.00%	1-Aug-2036	19,690,000	950,000
General Obligation, Series 2016B	CIP projects		2.00% - 5.00%	1-Aug-2036	7,155,000	620,000
General Obligation, Series 2016C	CIP projects		2.00% - 5.00%	1-Oct-2036	29,550,000	2,945,000
General Obligation, Series 2016D	Refunding of 2006D Detention Center		4.00% - 5.00%	1-Nov-2024	15,660,000	3,640,000
General Obligation, Series 2017A	CIP projects Refunding of 2010D Police/Fire Pension		3.00% - 5.00% 2.00% - 2.85%	1-Sep-2037 1-Jun-2030	27,525,000 21,380,000	2,645,000 305,000
General Obligation, Series 2017B General Obligation, Series 2018A	CIP projects		3.00% - 5.00%	1-Oct-2038	39,680,000	2,500,000
General Obligation, Series 2019A	CIP projects		3.00% - 5.00%	1-Nov-2039	18,110,000	1,250,000
Premiums and Discounts	en projects	\$10,110,000	5.0070 - 5.0070	1-1407-2009	26,368,338	1,250,000
Total Bonds, Notes, and Loans Payable				-	388,498,338	33,720,000
Other Liabilities:					20 (00 040	
Compensated Absences					28,699,840	4,017,978
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefit Li	ability				337,040,126 509,367,009	
Unfunded Pension Liability Total Other Liabilities				-	875,106,975	4,017,978
Total Governmental Activities				-	\$1,263,605,313	\$37,737,978
				=	\$1,205,005,515	\$37,737,978
Business-Type Activities Bonds, Notes and Loans:						
Sanitary Sewer, Series 2014A Refunding	Refunding	\$24 190 000	3.00% - 5.00%	1-Sep-2030	\$21,890,000	\$2,945,000
Sanitary Sewer, Series 2019A	SWR CIP Projects		2.125% - 5.00%	1-Apr-2040	49,455,000	1,595,000
Public Facilities, Series 2016D Refunding	Refunding		2.65% - 5.00%	1-Oct-2031	36,100,000	2,390,000
Radcliffe road A209-09	SRF Loan	\$113,523	2.00%	1-Jun-2030	62,663	5,720
KIA Streetscape A209-8	SRF Loan	\$1,254,980	2.00%	1-Dec-2030	720,736	62,338
So. Elkhorn A09-01	SRF Loan	\$14,045,119	2.00%	1-Dec-2031	8,753,655	684,190
Wolf Run A10-08	SRF Loan	\$8,373,431	2.00%	1-Dec-2035	7,300,295	406,102
A13-002 Bob-O-Link	SRF Loan	\$2,711,427	1.75%	1-Dec-2038	2,422,688	119,441
A13-003 East Lake	SRF Loan	\$743,414	1.75%	1-Dec-2037	631,582	33,328
A13-003 Century Hills	SRF Loan	\$1,327,844	1.75%	1-Dec-2037	1,128,096	59,529
A13-003 West Hickman Trk A A13-003 Woodhill Trk	SRF Loan SRF Loan	\$4,338,726 \$3,588,635	1.75% 1.75%	1-Dec-2037 1-Dec-2037	3,686,051 3,048,796	194,511 160,883
A13-018 E2A	SRF Loan	\$5,264,306	1.75%	1-Dec-2037	4,586,717	233,849
A13-007 AW PH3	SRF Loan	\$1,154,472	1.75%	1-Dec-2037	840,109	44,338
A13-007 IDLHR N	SRF Loan	\$620,324	1.75%	1-Dec-2037	526,805	27,784
A13-002 Wolf Run Trk	SRF Loan	\$452,195	1.75%	1-Dec-2037	404,041	19,920
A13-002 Wolf Run WWS	SRF Loan	\$5,725,025	1.75%	1-Dec-2038	5,115,369	252,194
A12-016 Blue Sky	SRF Loan	\$1,594,026	2.00%	1-Dec-2036	1,323,857	70,970
A13-007 Walhampton Rogers	SRF Loan	\$719,816	1.75%	1-Dec-2037	611,256	32,253
A13-007 Cardinal-Laramie PH1-3	SRF Loan	\$226,247	1.75%	1-Dec-2037	192,110	10,142
A13-015 Town Branch	SRF Loan	\$20,309,618	1.75%	1-Dec-2038	18,140,900	894,369
A14-001 Lower Cane Run WWS	SRF Loan	\$12,168,449	1.75%	1-Dec-2038	10,865,698	535,692
A13-015 Marquis Ave	SRF Loan	\$583,329	1.75%	1-Dec-2038	521,040	25,688
A13-015 UK Trunk	SRF Loan	\$3,009,695	1.75%	1-Dec-2038	2,688,311	132,537
A15-026 West Hickman WWS*	SRF Loan	\$62,289,235	1.75%	1-Dec-2038	58,178,310	2,775,844
A13-007 Rodgers Rd A17-003 Lower Griffin Gate Trunk	SRF Loan	\$1,780,179	1.75% 1.75%	1-Dec-2037	1,511,657	79,777
A17-003 Lower Griffin Gate Trunk A17-005 Town Branch PH 1*	SRF Loan SRF Loan	\$1,286,628 \$9,969,585	1.75%	1-Dec-2037 1-Dec-2040	1,177,188 4,367,248	56,167
Premiums and Discounts	SIXI LUAII	\$7,707,383	1./3/0	1-120-2040	4,567,248	
Total Bonds, Notes, and Loans Payable				-	257,826,588	13,847,567
Other Liabilities:					2 202 667	001 214
Compensated Absences Landfill Closure & Postclosure Care Costs					2,393,667 11,964,370	901,314 442,205
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefit Li	ability				10,124,441	442,203
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefit Ed	aonity				41,180,750	
Linuada i ension Linuonity				-		1 2 42 510
Total Other Liabilities					65,663.228	1,343.519
Total Other Liabilities Total Business-Type Activities				-	65,663,228 \$323,489,816	1,343,519 \$15,191,086

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	, , ,				
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within One
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds, Notes, Loans, and Leases:					
General and Pension Obligation Bonds	\$375,860,000	\$18,110,000	(\$31,840,000)	\$362,130,000	\$33,720,000
Net of Bond Premiums and Discounts	26,560,856	2,174,950	(2,367,468)	26,368,338	
Total Bonds, Notes, and Loans Payable	402,420,856	20,284,950	(34,207,468)	388,498,338	33,720,000
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	26,412,334	3,994,546	(1,707,040)	28,699,840	4,017,978
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefit Liability	307,936,013	45,307,008	(16,202,895)	337,040,126	
Unfunded Pension Liability	443,649,826	156,599,563	(90,882,380)	509,367,009	
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$1,180,419,029	\$226,186,067	(\$142,999,783)	\$1,263,605,313	\$37,737,978
Business-Type Activities					
Bonds, Notes, and Loans:					
Revenue Bonds	\$24,695,000	\$50,730,000	(\$4,080,000)	\$71,345,000	\$4,540,000
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	38,370,000		(2,270,000)	36,100,000	2,390,000
Notes and Loans	138,329,406	7,136,158	(6,660,386)	138,805,178	6,917,567
Bonds, Notes, and Loans Payable	201,394,406	57,866,158	(13,010,386)	246,250,178	13,847,567
Net of Bond Premiums and Discounts	7,867,653	4,496,281	(787,524)	11,576,410	
Total Bonds, Notes, and Loans Payable	209,262,059	62,362,440	(13,797,910)	257,826,588	13,847,567
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	1,560,046	1,042,282	(208,661)	2,393,667	901,314
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs	12,405,492		(441,122)	11,964,370	442,205
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefit Liability	10,519,306	1,159,803	(1,554,668)	10,124,441	
Unfunded Pension Liability	35,988,706	6,539,803	(1,347,759)	41,180,750	
Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$269,735,609	\$71,104,327	(\$17,350,120)	\$323,489,816	\$15,191,086
- ····· - ····························	\$200,100,000	\$71,101,527	(\$17,550,120)	\$525,109,010	<i><i><i>w</i>10,171,</i></i>

Internal service funds predominately serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for Governmental Activities. For the Governmental Activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund and the Urban Services Fund. The General Fund is used to liquidate both the net pension obligation and the net other postemployment benefit obligation. For Business-Type Activities, landfill closure and postclosure care costs are liquidated from fees charged for landfill services.

Principal and interest requirements to maturity for the Primary Government's bonds and notes are as follows:

	Government	al Activities	Business-Type Activities					
	General Obligation	on Bonds, Notes,	Revenue Bond	s, Notes, and				
	and L	oans	Loa	ns	Mortgage Re	venue Bonds	Total Primary	Government
Fiscal Year	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal
2021	\$14,707,334	\$33,720,000	\$5,117,584	\$11,457,567	\$1,567,681	\$2,390,000	\$21,392,599	\$47,567,567
2022	13,177,301	33,075,000	4,760,986	11,996,516	1,445,181	2,510,000	19,383,468	47,581,516
2023	11,697,241	33,185,000	4,433,020	10,601,684	1,316,431	2,640,000	17,446,693	46,426,684
2024	10,203,466	33,965,000	4,143,724	10,894,203	1,181,056	2,775,000	15,528,247	47,634,203
2025	8,645,958	29,295,000	3,844,611	11,189,115	1,038,806	2,915,000	13,529,375	43,399,115
2026-2030	24,250,980	134,205,000	14,573,479	60,596,135	2,876,681	16,325,000	41,701,140	211,126,135
2031-2035	6,415,638	49,300,000	7,245,496	56,227,633	195,322	6,545,000	13,856,456	112,072,633
2036-2041	782,131	15,385,000	1,959,382	37,187,325			2,741,513	52,572,325
Total	\$89,880,049	362,130,000	\$46,078,282	210,150,178	\$9,621,158	36,100,000	\$145,579,491	608,380,178
Less principal paya	ble							
within one year		33,720,000	_	11,457,567		2,390,000	-	47,567,567
Long term principal due after one year		\$328,410,000	-	\$198,692,610		\$33,710,000	-	\$560,812,610

Component Units

The Government is contingently liable for the Lexington Center Corporation and Airport Board's debt. Principal and interest requirements for Component Units' debt are as follows:

	Principal					
Fiscal Year	Lexington Center Corporation	Lexington Airport Board	Nonmajor Component Units	Total		
2021	\$3,625,000	\$4,100,000	\$1,614,999	\$9,339,999		
2022	3,835,000	4,615,000	1,701,431	10,151,431		
2023	4,085,000	4,690,000	1,727,612	10,502,612		
2024	4,350,000	4,740,000	1,789,162	10,879,162		
2025	4,620,000	4,880,000	3,472,734	12,972,734		
2026-2030	26,030,000	24,540,000	1,923,938	52,493,938		
2031-2035	26,800,000	26,420,000	737,698	53,957,698		
2036-2040	36,150,000	8,875,000		45,025,000		
2041-2045	47,575,000		12,673,400	60,248,400		
2046-2050	48,040,000			48,040,000		
Total	205,110,000	82,860,000	25,640,974	313,610,974		
Less payable within one year	(3,625,000)	(4,100,000)	(1,614,999)	(9,339,999)		
Refinancing loss/premium-						
discount	11,750,551	772,998		12,523,549		
Long term principal due after						
one year	\$213,235,551	\$79,532,998	\$24,025,975	\$316,794,524		
			Interest			

	Lexington Center	Lexington Airport	Nonmajor	
Fiscal Year	Corporation	Board	Component Units	Total
2021	\$9,460,750	\$2,524,371	\$0	\$11,985,121
2022	9,274,250	2,289,067	589,152	12,152,469
2023	9,076,250	2,174,095	537,252	11,787,597
2024	8,865,375	2,053,023	486,884	11,405,282
2025	8,641,125	1,924,919	430,394	10,996,438
2026-2030	39,386,750	7,449,254	344,491	47,180,495
2031-2035	33,269,813	3,538,214	1,224,217	38,032,244
2036-2040	25,591,500	417,821	1,022,558	27,031,879
2041-2045	16,047,375		925,629	16,973,004
2046-2050	4,369,250		925,629	5,294,879
Total	\$163,982,438	\$22,370,764	\$6,486,206	\$192,839,408

General Description of the Government's Bonds and Notes Payable

Revenue and Mortgage Revenue Bonds

The Sanitary Sewer System (the System) issues revenue bonds to finance improvements and expansions of the sanitary sewer system operated by the Government. The Sanitary Sewer System has issued the following bonds:

1. \$24,190,000 of Tax-Exempt Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A, issued at a premium, and payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$500,000 to \$3,095,000 plus interest over 13 years, to

fully refund the Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A, (Taxable Build America Bonds). The refunding provided for a cumulative savings of \$1,119,864 over the life of the bonds and a net present value savings of \$1,317,979 or 4.35% including the escrow of the partial BAB subsidy from the Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A.

- 2. \$10,410,000 of Taxable Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014B, issued at a premium and payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$1,005,000 to \$2,540,000 plus interest over 5 years to fully refund the Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2010A. The issue resulted in a net present value loss of (\$284,163) or (2.42%). However, this issue was refunded in conjunction with the Tax-Exempt Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A to provide the Government the opportunity to update the bond ordinances for current and future Sewer bond issues, see the below section on the updates to the Sewer System Bond Ordinances.
- 3. \$55,306,428 of Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A, issued at a premium and payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$1,275,000 to 3,320,000 plus interest over 20 years for the purpose of financing various improvements to the Sanitary Sewer System mandated by the consent decree agreement with the Environmental Protection Agency.

In fiscal year 2014, the Government defeased all of the outstanding debt under its prior Sewer indenture. The new indenture provides that the gross income and revenues of the System first be used to pay operating and maintenance expenses of the System. Net Revenues of the System are then deposited into the Bond Account, which is held by the Trustee, and are to be disbursed as follows:

- Each month, 1/6 of the next interest payment to the Interest Subaccount and 1/12 of the next principal payment to the Principal Subaccount.
- If necessary, deposit to the Bond Reserve Account. Indenture is structured so that the requirement of reserve is applied on a series specific basis.
- Payment of any prior deficiencies in regards to the Interest Subaccount, Principal Subaccount, and Bond Reserve Account.
- If necessary, payment of administrative fees associated with the outstanding bonds.
- Deposit to the Rebate Fund.
- Payment of debt service of other debt obligations related to the Sewer System.
- Deposit to the Rate Stabilization Fund.
- Deposit to the Surplus Account.
- Funds can be requested by LFUCG from the Surplus Account for Operating and Maintenance or capital projects.

The Indenture also outlines parity provisions for the issuance of additional bonds for the acquisition or construction of sewer system facilities. The Net Revenues of the System, as defined in the bond ordinance, must provide coverage of 120% of Maximum Annual Debt Service.

The Public Facilities Corporation (PFC) was created by the Government to act as the agency and instrumentality of the Government in acquiring, developing and financing public improvements and public projects. The PFC financed various projects through bank and mortgage notes and the issuance of revenue bonds. The debt is collateralized by the properties, a pledge of specified Government revenues and lease payments from the Government sufficient to retire the debt and to provide for the operation and maintenance of the facilities.

The Government entered into various contracts, leases, and option agreements with the PFC. These agreements provide that the PFC receives title to the properties mortgaged as security for the revenue bond issues, the proceeds of which have been used to finance the acquisition, construction, and improvements to the properties. Upon payment of the outstanding bonds, title to the properties will be conveyed to the Government. The lease agreements are renewable annually and the likelihood of the leases not being renewed is remote.

The PFC issued \$42,590,000 Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016D, to refund \$48,910,000 total principal remaining on Series 2006 bonds, issued at a premium and payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$981,387 to \$3,961,556 plus interest over 16 years. The refunding provided a cumulative savings of \$7,984,977 over the life of the bonds resulting in a net present value savings of \$6,804,749 or 13.91% of the refunded principal.

Kentucky Infrastructure Authority (KIA) State Revolving Fund (SRF) Loans

SRF Loans are loans that are issued by the Commonwealth of Kentucky for infrastructure improvements. These loans are 20 year loans with a 2% interest rate. The Government has received the following KIA SRF Loans.

- 1. KIA Loan A209-09 Radcliffe Road issued in the amount of \$113,523, payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$1,837 to \$3,438 plus interest over 20 years. Financing improvements to the storm water system along Radcliffe Road in Fayette County.
- 2. KIA Loan A209-08 Streetscape issued in the amount of \$1,254,980, payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$25,671 to \$37,843 plus interest over 20 years. Financing improvements to the storm water system in the city center of Lexington. These funds were used in conjunction with the streetscape project that included upgrades to the sidewalks, sewer and storm water systems. This capital project included South Limestone, East and West Main Street, and Vine Street.
- 3. KIA Loan A09-01 South Elkhorn Pump station issued in the amount of \$14,045,119, payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$281,600 to \$423,692 plus interest over 20 years. Financing the upgrade of the South Elkhorn pump station and construction of a new 36-inch force main. The Capital Replacement Reserve Fund requirement is \$43,020 annually for 10 years.
- 4. KIA Loan A10-08 Wolf Run Pump station issued in the amount of \$10,500,000, payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$375,028 to \$536,379 plus interest over 20 years for the upgrade and expansion of the Wolf Run pump station. The Capital Replacement Reserve Fund requirement is \$26,250 annually for 10 years.
- 5. KIA Loan A13-002 issued in the amount of \$8,888,648, payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$184,181 to \$259,589 for the upgrades to the Bob-O-Link Trunk Line, Wolf Run Trunk Line and the Wolf Run Storage Tank Capacity Upgrade. The Capital Replacement Reserve Fund requirement is \$35,000 annually for 10 years.
- 6. KIA Loan A13-003 issued in the amount of \$9,997,196, payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$205,263 to \$582,140 plus interest over 20 years for the upgrades to the Eastlake Trunk Line, Century Hills Trunk Line, West Hickman Trunk Line and the Woodhill Trunk Line. The Capital Replacement Reserve Fund requirement is \$25,000 annually for 10 years.
- KIA Loan A13-007 issued in the amount of \$4,298,547, payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$91,001 to \$252,328 plus interest over 20 years for the upgrades to the Storm Water Systems of Anniston Wickland, Idlehour, Walhamption Rogers, and Perimeter Park Neighborhoods. The Capital Replacement Reserve Fund requirement is \$12,000 annually for 10 years.
- KIA Loan A13-18 issued in the amount of \$5,264,306, payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$110,486 to \$306,355 plus interest over 20 years for the upgrades to the Expansion Area 2A Wastewater System. The Capital Replacement Reserve Fund requirement is \$15,000 annually for 10 years.
- 9. KIA Loan A12-16 issued in the amount of \$1,594,025, payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$32,606 to \$48,066 for the acquisition and conversion to a pump station of the Blue Sky Wastewater Treatment plant. The Capital Replacement Reserve Fund requirement is \$4,825 annually for 10 years.

- 10. KIA Loan A13-15 issued in the amount of \$31,801,000, payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$501,433 to \$704,322 for design and construction of Phase 1 of a multi-phase waste water storage facility at the Town Branch Wastewater Treatment Facility, upgrades to Marquis Avenue, and the UK Trunk Line. The Capital Replacement Reserve Fund requirement is \$80,000 annually for 10 years.
- 11. KIA Loan A14-001 issued in the amount of \$12,134,178, payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$252,567 to \$357,777 for design and construction of Phase 1 of a multi-phase waste water storage facility at the Lower Cane Run Pump Station. The Capital Replacement Reserve Fund requirement is \$50,000 annually for 10 years.
- 12. KIA Loan A15-026 issued in the amount of \$67,944,188 for design and construction of Phase 1 of a multi-phase waste water storage facility at the West Hickman Waste Water Treatment Plant. As of June 30, 2020 the Government has received only a partial draw of \$62,289,235 with the remaining balance of \$5,654,953 to be requested in future years. Until the remaining balance is requested, the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority does not issue an amortization schedule for the loan, nor does the Government initiate payment of principal toward the loan. Amortization estimation has been used based on information outlined in the Assistance Agreement between KIA and the Government. The Capital Replacement Reserve Fund requirement is \$170,000 annually for 10 years.
- 13. KIA Loan A17-003 issued in the amount of \$1,286,628, payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$27,003 to \$37,929 for the replacement of 4,700 linear feet of gravity sewer pipes. The Capital Replacement Reserve Fund requirement is \$5,900 annually for 10 years.
- 14. KIA Loan A17-005 issued in the amount of \$9,969,585 for the replacement of 5,600 linear feet of 12 inch sewer pipes with 21 inch sewer pipes. Additionally a source water pump and a Bio-swale for surface water treatment from paved areas will be installed As of June 30, 2020 the Government has received only a partial draw of \$4,367,248 with the remaining balance of \$5,602,337 to be requested in future years. Until the remaining balance is requested, the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority does not issue an amortization schedule for the loan, nor does the Government initiate payment of principal toward the loan. Amortization estimation has been used based on information outlined in the Assistance Agreement between KIA and the Government. The Capital Replacement Reserve Fund Requirement is \$25,000 annually for 10 years.

General Obligation Bonds and Notes

The Government issues General Obligation bonds and notes to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of capital assets used by Governmental Activities. The Government has issued the following general obligation bonds and notes:

- 1. \$70,610,000, Series 2009B, Taxable General Obligation Pension Funding Bonds, issued at a discount and payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$2,315,000 to \$5,515,000 plus interest over 20 years, to finance additional contributions to the Policemen's and Firefighters' Retirement Plan.
- 2. \$7,735,000, Series 2010B, General Obligation Refunding Bonds, for refunding the Series 1999B and 2000A General Obligation Bonds. Issued at a discount and payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$715,000 to \$850,000 plus interest over 10 years. The refunding provided for a cumulative savings of \$1,394,276 over the life of the bonds resulting in a net present value savings of \$1,189,304 or 15.37% of the refunded principal.
- 3. \$6,635,000, Series 2010C, General Obligation Refunding Bonds, for refunding the Series 2000E General Obligation Bonds. Issued at a discount and payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$60,000 to \$675,000 plus interest over 12 years. The refunding provided for a cumulative savings of \$675,874 over the life of the bonds resulting in net present value savings of \$593,504 or 8.95% of the refunded principal.

- 4. \$35,825,000, Series 2010D, Taxable General Obligation Pension Funding Bonds issued at a discount and payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$1,195,000 to \$2,700,000 plus interest over 20 years, to finance additional contributions to the Policemen's and Firefighters' Retirement Plan. Of the outstanding balance \$22,445,000 was refunded through the issuance of Series 2017B, leaving a remaining balance of \$6,480,000.
- 5. \$4,465,000, Series 2010H, General Obligation Refunding Bonds, for refunding a portion of the General Obligation Bond Series 2001B. Issued at a discount and payable in annual principal payments ranging from \$30,000 to \$540,000 plus interest over 12 years. The refunding provided for a cumulative savings of \$150,459 over the life of the bonds resulting in a net present value savings of \$126,407 or 3.03% of the refunded principal.
- 6. \$31,000,000, Series 2012A, Taxable General Obligation Pension Funding Bonds, issued at a premium and payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$1,170,000 to \$2,110,000 plus interest over 20 years, to finance additional contributions to the Policemen's and Firefighters' Retirement Plan.
- 7. \$6,275,000, Series 2012B, General Obligation Refunding Bonds, for refunding a portion of the General Obligation Bond Series 2002C and the General Obligation Bond Series 2004C. Issued at a discount and payable in annual principal payments ranging from \$20,000 to \$825,000 plus interest over 12 years. The refunding provided for a cumulative savings of \$597,633 over the life of the bonds resulting in net present value savings of \$545,403 or 8.76% of the refunded principal.
- 8. \$11,275,000, Series 2013A, Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds to finance various street and highway improvements including the rehabilitation and paving of existing roads and streets throughout Lexington, Fayette County, Kentucky. Issued at a premium and payable in annual principal payments ranging from \$845,000 to \$1,265,000 plus interest over 10 years.
- 9. \$6,005,000, Series 2013B, Various Purpose General Obligation Refunding Bonds, for refunding a portion of the General Obligation Bond Series 2004C, General Obligation Bond Series 2005C and General Obligation Bond Series 2006B. Issued at a premium and payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$40,000 to \$925,000 plus interest over 13 years. The refunding provided for a cumulative savings of \$402,579 over the life of the bonds resulting in net present value savings of \$293,222 or 5.10% of the refunded principal.
- 10. \$17,035,000, Series 2013C, Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds to finance various projects for Departments within the Government, including but not limited to communications and computer equipment and other equipment, traffic engineering equipment, police and fire equipment, police and fire vehicles, and golf carts, remodeling and renovation of public safety buildings, Kentucky Theatre renovations, maintenance building, fire stations, street and sidewalk improvements, various park projects and improvements, HVAC system maintenance, and weather and emergency systems upgrades. Issued at a premium and payable in principal installments ranging from \$595,000 to \$1,195,000 plus interest over 20 years.
- 11. \$55,925,000, Series 2014A, Various Purpose General Obligation Refunding Bonds, for refunding the General Obligation Bond Series 2010A Build America Bonds. Issued at a premium and payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$2,325,000 to \$4,220,000 plus interest over 17 years. The refunding provided for a cumulative savings of \$2,214,916 over the life of the bonds resulting in net present value savings of \$2,437,443 or 4.35% of the refunded principal.
- 12. \$24,245,000 Series 2014B, Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds to finance various projects for Departments within the Government, including but not limited to financing managed email solution/exchange, storage area network, new tax revenue system, procurement website upgrade, Accela software, network infrastructure remediation, police patrol transport wagon, general repairs, life safety, autos vehicle replacement, pothole patcher, public safety ops/Lexcall center, sidewalk and catch basin repair, sidewalks, jail management system, public safety radio system, roof repair and replacement, HVAC repair and replacement, infrastructure

improvements, Shillito multipurpose sports fields, Carver Center improvements, dugout replacement, aquatics improvements, Kentucky Theatre concession renovation, fire training tower, land acquisition and fire station design #24 and relocation of fire station #2, providing funding for a program to preserve and manage agricultural, rural and natural lands, including the purchase of conservation easements or development rights, and construction of a new senior center. Issued at a premium and payable in annual principal payments ranging from \$690,000 to \$1,830,000 plus interest over 20 years.

- 13. \$2,900,000 Series 2014C, Energy Conservation General Obligation Bonds-Federally Taxable Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds to finance energy conservation measures and other qualifying projects at the Fayette County Detention Center including, but not limited to, LED lighting retrofits, chiller plant optimization, intake HVAC retrofit, inner ring HVAC retrofits, constant-volume reheat fan reset, controls upgrade, demand controlled ventilation, Variable-Air-Volume (VAV) box occupancy controls, energy efficient motors, demand controlled ventilation, kitchen hoods, and installation of new walk-in refrigeration. Issued at par with annual sinking fund payments of \$196,441 and a 70% interest subsidy with a final maturity of 12 years. In March of 2018, \$105,000 in unused proceeds were redeemed in an extraordinary call per IRS guidelines. The new par amount is \$2,795,000.
- 14. \$19,845,000, Series 2015A, Various Purpose General Obligation Refunding Bonds, for refunding a portion of the General Obligation Bond Series 2006C, General Obligation Bond Series 2009A and full refunding of Series 2010G, Various Purpose General Obligation Public Projects Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds. Issued at a premium and payable annually in principal installments ranging from \$1,080,000 to \$2,985,000 plus interest over 14 years. The refunding provided for a cumulative savings of \$1,118,502 over the life of the bonds resulting in net present value savings of \$849,671 or 4.28% of the refunded principal.
- 15. \$24,860,000 Series 2015B, Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds to finance various projects for Departments within the Government, including but not limited to financing an ERP software upgrade, new Budgeting system, procurement website upgrade, general repairs, life safety, autos vehicle replacement, roof repair and replacement, HVAC repair and replacement, neighborhood paving, infrastructure improvements, parks improvements and upgrades providing funding for a program to preserve and manage agricultural, rural and natural lands, including the purchase of conservation easements or development rights, and additional funding for the Emergency Operations Center. Issued at a premium and payable in annual principal payments ranging from \$495,000 to \$2,015,000 plus interest over 20 years.
- 16. \$22,450,000 Series 2016A, Taxable General Obligation Bonds to finance the restoration and rehabilitation of the historic Fayette County Courthouse (the "Historic Courthouse Project") located at 215 West Main Street in downtown Lexington, Fayette County, Kentucky which Historic Courthouse Project will help preserve the history and architecture of Lexington-Fayette County, enhance the economic development of downtown Lexington, assist in elimination of blight, and reinforce and promote additional redevelopment activities in downtown Lexington-Fayette County. Issued at Par and payable in annual principal payments ranging from \$910,000 to \$1,435,000 plus interest over 20 years.
- 17. \$8,870,000 Series 2016B, Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds to finance various projects for Departments within the Government, including but not limited to: financing the design and infrastructure improvements for Town Branch Commons Corridor (TBCC), an innovative multimodal greenway that will link two regional trail systems, the Legacy Trail and Town Branch Trail, and through its unique linear park-like design and stormwater management systems, TBCC will create a livable, sustainable streetscape in downtown Lexington and will connect established and emerging neighborhoods to each other, downtown, and adjacent higher education (collectively, the "Town Branch Commons Corridor Project"); streetscape and sidewalk improvements located in the Versailles Road area; and street improvements including widening, opening, extending, realigning, grading, repaving, resurfacing, and otherwise rehabilitating and improving streets, roads, thoroughfares, avenues, and expressways throughout Lexington-Fayette County. Issued at a premium and payable in annual principal payments ranging from \$190,000 to \$815,000 plus interest over 20 years.

- 18. \$37,555,000 Series 2016C, Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds financing the acquisition of various projects for departments within the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, including, but not limited to, (i) the construction, installation and equipping of a new fire station, software system upgrades, safety operations and other safety related projects, road resurfacing, road maintenance, road upgrades, streetscapes and sidewalk improvements, renovations, repairs and upgrades related to public buildings, renovations, repairs and upgrades related to park projects, and providing financial assistance to Lexington Center Corporation for the expansion and replacement of the Lexington Convention Center, and (ii) providing funding for a program to preserve and manage agricultural, rural and natural lands, including the purchase of conservation easements or development rights. Issued at a premium and payable in annual principal payments ranging from \$975,000 to \$3,100,000 plus interest over 20 years.
- 19. \$28,495,000 Series 2016D, Various Purpose General Obligation Refunding Bonds to finance the refunding of the 2006D Detention Center Refunding Bond. Issued at a premium and payable in annual principal payments ranging from \$2,920,000 to \$4,180,000 plus interest over 8 years. The refunding provided for a cumulative savings of \$3,942,183 over the life of the bonds resulting in net present value savings of \$3,742,315 or 11.47% of the refunded principal.
- 20. \$32,435,000 Series 2017A, Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds financing the acquisition of various projects for departments within the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, including, but not limited to, (i) the construction, installation, renovations, repairs and upgrades and equipping of fire stations, software system upgrades, safety operations and other safety related projects, new firetrucks, new police equipment, new police cars, road resurfacing, road maintenance, road upgrades, streetscapes and sidewalk improvements, renovations, repairs and upgrades related to public buildings, renovations, repairs and upgrades related to park projects, and various other improvements within departments of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, (ii) providing funding for a program to preserve and manage agricultural, rural and natural lands, including the purchase of conservation easements or development rights. Issued at a premium and payable in annual principal payments ranging from \$585,000 to \$2,925,000 plus interest over 20 years.
- 21. \$22,445,000 Series 2017B Taxable General Obligation Pension Funding Refunding Bonds issued to finance the refunding of a portion of the 2010D Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government Taxable General Obligation Pension Funding Bonds. Issued at a premium and payable in annual principal payments ranging from \$295,000 to \$2,595,000 plus interest over 13 years. The refunding provided for a cumulative savings of \$1,963,714 over the life of the bonds resulting in net present value savings of \$1,964,340 or 9.82% of the refunded principal.
- 22. \$42,055,000 Series 2018A Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds financing the acquisition of various projects for departments within the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, including but not limited to software system upgrades, safety operations and other safety related projects, new firetrucks, new police cars, road resurfacing, road maintenance, streetscapes and sidewalk improvements, renovations and upgrades related to public buildings, fleet vehicle replacement, and upgrades related to park projects, and various other improvements within departments of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, and (ii) providing funding for renovations to the Lexington Convention Center. Issued at a premium and payable in annual principal payments ranging from \$1,060,000 to \$3,595,000 plus interest over 20 years.
- 23. \$18,110,000 Series 2019A Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds financing repairs and upgrades and equipping of fire stations, safety operations, new firetrucks and other fire safety related projects, new police equipment, new police cars, road resurfacing, road maintenance, road upgrades, streetscapes and sidewalk improvements, pedestrian safety improvements, renovations, repairs and upgrades related to public buildings, new voting machines, public art funding and various other improvements within departments of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government. Issued at a premium and payable in annual principal payments ranging from \$210,000 to \$1,900,000 plus interest over 20 years.

Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

State and Federal laws and regulations require the Government to place final covers on its landfills and to perform certain maintenance and postclosure monitoring functions at its landfills for thirty years. Since the operations and maintenance of the Government's landfills are accounted for in an Enterprise Fund, the accrued liability for these costs are reported in the Landfill Fund as required by GASB 18, *Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs*. The liability at June 30, 2020 is based on the estimated cost of maintaining and monitoring the Old Frankfort Pike Landfill (OFPLF) and the Haley Pike Landfill. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations and these costs will be funded by the Landfill Fund. The OFPLF ceased accepting waste decades ago. The Haley Pike Landfill ceased accepting waste in December 2011. Both of these landfills are at 100% capacity. The Haley Pike Landfill has been capped. Environmental monitoring and maintenance of the property will occur over the next 30 years, in accordance with Kentucky State Law.

NOTE 4. SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAM

A. Health, Dental, and Vision Care – The Government offers health, dental, and vision care insurance options to employees of the Government. The self-insured medical and pharmacy health plan is provided by Anthem and City Pharmacy. The fully insured dental and vision plans are provided by Delta Dental and Eye Med, respectively. Third party administrators are responsible for the processing of claims and cost containment. Premiums are paid through payroll deductions and may be funded fully or partially by the Benefit Pool provided by the Government. The Health, Dental, and Vision Care Insurance Fund accounts for these activities and is reported in an internal service fund. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

Surplus at June 30, 2018	\$0
Claims and changes in estimates	35,632,336
Claims paid	(35,632,336)
Surplus at June 30, 2019	0
Claims and changes in estimates	36,111,252
Claims paid	(36,111,252)
Surplus at June 30, 2020	\$0

B. Insurance and Risk Management – The Government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered through the Property and Casualty Claims Fund (the Fund), a self-insured program established in 1982. There are five types of coverage provided by the self-insured program: auto liability, auto physical damage, general liability, property (including boiler and machinery), and workers' compensation.

All assets and employees of the primary government are covered by the Fund. Premiums are paid into the Fund by the General Fund, the Urban Services Fund, and the Sanitary Sewer System Fund and are based on both exposure and experience factors. Premiums include amounts needed to pay prior and current-year claims and administrative costs. Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, and other economic and social factors. Estimated recoveries, from subrogation and excess insurance policies, for example, are another component of the claims liability estimate.

Annually, as of June 30, the Fund has a third party actuary review the claim histories for all claim years for which open claims are outstanding. The actuary projects the ultimate claim payment obligation (including the IBNR claims) for each year's claim experience. The Government elected to establish the liability for these claims and loss expenses at their present value, with a discount rate of 3.5%. As of June 30, 2020 the undiscounted estimated liability was \$31,055,802. The discounted estimated liability as of June 30, 2020 was \$27,456,613. Changes in the balances of

claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

Auto Liability				
and Physical	General		Workmens'	
Damage	Liability	Property	Compensation	Total
\$1,710,771	\$4,629,255	\$162,298	\$18,391,416	\$24,893,740
(1,578,434)	(611,908)	(602,624)	(4,758,053)	(7,551,019)
1,627,493	(322,117)	648,157	7,452,777	9,406,310
1,759,830	3,695,230	207,831	21,086,140	26,749,031
(1,580,682)	(1,367,803)	(787,871)	(5,050,024)	(8,786,380)
1,234,764	1,432,895	761,791	6,064,512	9,493,962
\$1,413,912	\$3,760,322	\$181,751	\$22,100,628	\$27,456,613
	and Physical Damage \$1,710,771 (1,578,434) 1,627,493 1,759,830 (1,580,682) 1,234,764	and Physical General Damage Liability \$1,710,771 \$4,629,255 (1,578,434) (611,908) 1,627,493 (322,117) 1,759,830 3,695,230 (1,580,682) (1,367,803) 1,234,764 1,432,895	and Physical General Damage Liability Property \$1,710,771 \$4,629,255 \$162,298 (1,578,434) (611,908) (602,624) 1,627,493 (322,117) 648,157 1,759,830 3,695,230 207,831 (1,580,682) (1,367,803) (787,871) 1,234,764 1,432,895 761,791	and Physical General Workmens' Damage Liability Property Compensation \$1,710,771 \$4,629,255 \$162,298 \$18,391,416 (1,578,434) (611,908) (602,624) (4,758,053) 1,627,493 (322,117) 648,157 7,452,777 1,759,830 3,695,230 207,831 21,086,140 (1,580,682) (1,367,803) (787,871) (5,050,024) 1,234,764 1,432,895 761,791 6,064,512

The Fund uses excess insurance policies, purchased from various commercial carriers, to reduce its exposure to large losses on all types of insured events or for exposures that are difficult to self-insure. These insurance policies permit recovery of losses above the self-insured retention limits from the insurance carriers, although it does not discharge the primary liability of the Self-Insured Retention Fund as the direct source for payment of claims made against the Government. Workers' compensation self-insured retention was \$1,000,000 and property self-insured retention was \$250,000. The following schedule indicates the types of excess insurance purchased, the SIR (self-insured retention level) maintained by the Fund, limits and some of the sub-limits of the excess insurance coverage:

	Self-insured Retention Per	
Line of coverage	Occurrence	Excess Reinsurance Annual Limit
Property	\$250,000	\$500,000,000 Per Occurrence
Flood Loss	250,000	\$50,000,000 Per Occurrence
Flood-Specified (3) Locations	500,000	\$5,000,000 Annual Aggregate for (3) Specified Locations
Earthquake Loss	250,000	\$100,000,000 Per Occurrence
EDP - Equipment Only	250,000	Included in Property Limits
Data, Programs or Software	250,000	\$5,000,000 Sublimit
Traffic Control Equipment	250,000	Included in Property Limits
Cyber Coverage - First Party	75,000	\$2,000,000 Aggregate (Separate Policy - Not Included in Property)
Boiler and Machinery	250,000	Included in Property Limits
Auto Physical Damage	100,000	Included in Property Limits
Auto Liability	1,500,000	\$2,000,000 Combined Single Limit Per occurrence/\$8,000 000 Commercial Excess Liability Umbrella
General Liability	1,500,000	\$2,000,000 Per Occurrence with varying sublimits/\$8,000 000 Commercial Excess Liability Umbrella
Public Officials Liability	1,500,000	\$2,000,000 Per Occurrence/\$8,000 000 Commercial Excess Liability Umbrella
Law Enforcement Liability	1,500,000	\$2,000,000 Per Occurrence/\$8,000 000 Commercial Excess Liability Umbrella
Workers' Compensation	1,000,000	Statutory Per Occurrence
Employers' Liability	1,000,000	\$2,000,000 Occurrence/\$2,000,000 Aggregate
Pollution Liability	75,000 per pollution loss	\$1,000,000 Aggregate
Aviation Liability	1% of Value - In Motion	\$20,000,000 Per Occurrence

NOTE 5. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

A. Litigation – The Government is party to numerous legal proceedings where the ultimate outcome cannot be determined with certainty or cannot be reasonably estimated, many of which normally occur in government operations. The Government's Department of Law estimates that there are pending cases in which there is a reasonably possible likelihood that the Government will incur some liability. As of June 30, 2020 the Government has accrued approximately \$13,400,000 for potential liabilities for the cases covered by self-insurance (See Note 4.B.).

B. United States Environmental Protection Agency Consent Decree – The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Kentucky Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet (KYEPPC) filed suit in federal court against the Government in 2006 alleging various violations of the Clean Water Act. The Government completed negotiations with the EPA and KYEPPC to resolve the alleged violations. The resulting Consent Decree agreement was entered in the United States District Court – Eastern District of Kentucky on January 3, 2011. The

settlement agreement requires the Government to undertake extensive studies, sewer improvement projects, and management plans to correct the problems that were alleged. The settlement affords the Government up to 13 years to correct the problems. The Government has estimated that the cost of remedial measures would approach \$591 million over the life of the Consent Decree. The Government increased sanitary sewer rates to fund obligations under the Consent Decree and also adopted a storm water management fee.

C. Federal and State Grants – The Government receives grant funds from various Federal and State government agencies to be used for specific designated purposes and are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authorities, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions surrounding the granting of funds. If a grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantor may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the Government for its expenditures. In management's opinion, any liability for any refunds or reimbursements which may arise as a result of audits of grant funds would not have a material impact on the financial position of the Government. Continuation of the Government's grant programs is predicated upon the grantor's satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantor's intent to continue their programs.

D. Lexington Center Corporation – LCC is a non-profit, non-stock corporate agency and instrumentality of the Government. Under the terms of a Lease Agreement dated June 15, 1993 and Supplemental Lease Agreement (Agreement) dated September 18, 2008, LCC has leased the entire Project to the LFUCG on an annual basis. The annual rental to be paid by LFUCG to LCC shall be equal to interest and principal paid on the Series 2008A Bonds, less a credit for interest earned by investments in the Debt Service Reserve Account and Bonds Service Account, plus a credit for any revenues or assets of LCC constituting operational revenue. The Agreement grants LFUCG an exclusive option to renew the lease for additional 1-year periods through June 30, 2022, and requires notice to LCC if the lease is not to be renewed. LFUCG may acquire title to the Project on any interest payment date by notifying LCC and the Trustee 60 days before such date, and by paying to the Trustee an amount equal to principal, interest and redemption premiums on the Bonds outstanding at that time, plus costs associated with the redemption of the Bonds. This Agreement was terminated and replaced on October 1, 2018.

New Lease Agreement dated October 1, 2018 (New Agreement), LCC has leased the entire Project to the LFUCG on an annual basis. The annual rental to be paid by LFUCG to LCC shall be equal to interest and principal paid on the Series 2018 Bonds. The New Agreement grants LFUCG an option to renew the lease for additional 1-year periods through June 30, 2049, and requires notice to LCC if the lease is not to be renewed. LFUCG may acquire title to the Project on any interest payment date by notifying LCC and the Trustee 60 days before such date, and by paying to the Trustee an amount equal to principal, interest and redemption premiums on the Bonds outstanding at that time, plus costs associated with the redemption of the Bonds. LCC and LFUCG entered into a Management Contract dated June 15, 1993. Under this contract, LCC has full possession and control of the Project on behalf of LFUCG. The contract also provides that, in the event operating revenues exceed operating expenses in a given year, this excess may be used to establish reasonable reserves for efficient operation, depreciation, replacement of equipment, and repairs. Any remaining surplus shall be seasonably remitted to LFUCG. Accordingly, LCC has established a Capital Replacements Reserve Account to be used to provide a reasonable reserve for the operations of LCC. The Management Contract between LCC and LFUCG is coterminous with the term of the New Agreement and is automatically renewed from year to year with the New Agreement.

On July 13, 2001, LCC and the University of Kentucky (UK) Athletic Association entered into a lease agreement through the 2017-18 basketball season for the use of Rupp Arena. In December 15, 2016, the University signed a Letter of Intent with LCC outlining goals and terms to be negotiated in a new 15-year lease that would extend to 2033. On February 7, 2018 UK signed a Facility Right of Use Agreement with a minimum of 16 events must be University of Kentucky men's basketball games. LCC is to provide UK four club spaces to be constructed in the Convention Project. The agreement has a term of 15 years and terminated June 30, 2033.

An agreement between LCC and the Lexington Convention and Visitors Bureau, dated March 20, 2001, provides for annual contributions of \$948,000 to LCC for the period beginning 2001 and ending 2012. Contributions shall decrease in the amount of \$100,000 each successive fiscal year beginning in 2013, with a final contribution of \$48,000 in 2021. In an agreement signed September 20, 2018 an effective date of January 1, 2019. The new agreement establishes monthly contribution from Visit LEX of \$62,500 and LCC agrees to fund an "Incentive Fund" in the amount of \$250,000. The first three years of the agreement, LCC shall maintain an annual limit in the fund of \$125,000 thereafter. The agreement has a term of 66 months with 5-year automatic renewals and a final 54 month term for a total of 30 years. Due to significant loss of Transient Room Tax revenues in 2020 a new agreement has been approved and the new terms are listed in sections G.

A Memorandum of Agreement dated March 23, 2016 between the Finance and Administration Cabinet (the cabinet), a governmental agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky (the Commonwealth), LFUCG, and LCC provides that the Cabinet shall pay to LCC \$60,000,000 if LFUCG agrees to levy an additional 2.5% transient room tax (2% to LCC and 0.5% to the Cabinet for the recoupment of its \$60 million investment) and contribute an additional \$10,000,000 to LCC. LCC agrees to finance approximately \$171,000,000 through the sale of bonds, and spend all funds for the renovation, expansion, or improvement of a convention center. LCC also agrees to reimburse the Commonwealth for \$2,187,500, on or before December 31, 2016, it previously received towards the Arts and Entertainment Project. LCC repaid its commitment to the Commonwealth in fiscal 2017. In October 2018, LCC received approximately \$221 million through the sale of bonds for the Convention Project and the Commonwealth funded its \$60 million commitment.

On January 1, 2018, LCC entered into an agreement with Oak View Group LLC (OVG) to retain OVG as exclusive third party booking agent for events and concerts at Rupp Arena. This agreement expires December 31, 2022.

On December 4, 2018, LCC entered into a tri-party agreement between Town Branch Fund (the Fund), LFUCG and LCC to develop, construct and maintain the Town Branch Commons park project (Park Project). The Park Project will consist of approximately 9 acres of property that is now known as the Cox Street Parking Lot. LCC commits to leasing the property to the Fund under certain lease terms that will be finalized for least 75% of the total budget cost of construction of the Park Project. LFUCG will assist the Fund with the procurement of any permits and procedures for park construction and operations. If the Fund cannot raise sufficient funds as outlined in the agreement, the agreement will be terminated on December 4, 2023, with no further obligations from the Parties.

E. Lexington-Fayette Urban County Airport Corporation (Airport Corporation) – The Airport Corporation is a non-profit, non-stock corporate agency and instrumentality of the Government and the Airport Board. The Government and the Airport Board have entered into a joint and severable Contract Lease and Option Agreement that provides for leasing the Bluegrass Airport from the Airport Corporation on an annual basis beginning October 1, 1976. The annual rental to be paid by the Government to the Airport Corporation is an amount equal to interest and principal on the bonds, plus costs of operating, maintaining, and insuring the leased premises, less all receipts of the Airport Corporation that are not required to be otherwise applied. The agreement grants the Government the option to renew the lease for additional one-year periods through June 30, 2024, but the Government may elect not to renew the lease with written notice to the Airport Corporation. The Airport Corporation has had sufficient revenues to pay all debt service costs without a lease payment from the Government. The financial status is expected to remain the same.

The Airport Corporation is subject to federal, state, and local regulations in regards to the discharge of various materials into the environment. Costs are routinely incurred to remove, contain, and neutralize existing environmental contaminates and these costs are generally expensed as incurred. Future costs for existing conditions are not readily determinable and are not reflected in the financial statements.

The Airport Corporation is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; general liability claims; and natural disasters. The Airport

Corporation manages these risks through the purchase of commercial insurance. The amount of settlements has not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

F. Lexington Public Library – The Library is a non-profit, non-stock corporate agency and instrumentality of the Government. The Lexington Public Library Board of Trustees is a defendant in a lawsuit filed by the Library's former Director, for contract damages associated with her 2009 termination by the Board. This matter came before an American Arbitration Association panel that on May 17, 2014 issued an Order of Damages totaling \$907,762. On each of the panel's findings for damages, a panel member dissented to the order except in the case of the salary remaining on the contract which totals \$257,731. The Lexington Public Library Board of Trustee's legal counsel presented to the Fayette Circuit Court arguments and memoranda supporting the Board's position that the Arbitration Panel exceeded its authority under Kentucky law. On August 18, 2016, the Kentucky Supreme Court denied the Motion for Discretionary Review filed by the Plaintiff. The case was remanded to the Fayette Circuit Court. Since remand, the Library filed two motions for summary judgement. On August 9, 2017, the Fayette Circuit Court granted both motions for summary judgment and held that the Plaintiff was not entitled to recover damages. The deadline for appeal has not passed. On September 5, 2017, the Plaintiff filed a Notice of Appeal. The parties have fully briefed the Court of Appeals and are awaiting the Court's decision. On March 29, 2019, the Court of Appeals affirmed the trial court's judgment. On September 18, 2019, the Kentucky Supreme Court's denial of the Plaintiff's motion for review the Library derecognized the contingent liability and recorded miscellaneous income of \$316,253.

In November 1999, the Public Library Corporation (the Corporation), a component unit of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, issued \$3,570,000 in tax-exempt bonds for the construction of the Tates Creek Branch. As security for the bonds, the Library has pledged to transfer amounts equal to annual debt service plus the highest annual debt service amount that will be on hand in the Corporation.

Through cancelable lease and sublease agreements, the Library is leasing the Tates Creek Branch from the Public Library Corporation for an annual rental equal to the annual debt service on the bonds. During the past fiscal year, the Library transferred \$259,273 to the Public Library Corporation to pay current debt service. As of June 30, 2020, the Library is committed to fund a total of \$260,359 through fiscal year 2020 for this purpose.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared COVID-19 as a pandemic. Operations will continue to be impacted, but the disruption is uncertain and cannot be quantified.

Lexington Convention and Visitors Bureau – The Bureau has pledged a portion of its occupancy tax G. receipts to the Lexington Center Corporation (LCC) to support the growth and expansion of the arena and convention facilities. The Bureau's original agreement pledged \$248,000 to the LCC for fiscal year 2019. A new agreement was executed effective January 1, 2019 that terminated the prior agreement and provides financial assistance through fiscal year 2024. The agreement includes five auto renewals to allow the agreement to extend through 2049. This agreement requires the Bureau to pay annually \$750,000 to help meet the LCC expansion project bond requirements. The amount is payable in equal monthly installments of \$62,500 being due the last day of each month. LCC may assign its rights to the Bureau's contributions to the bondholders or lenders and in such event, the Bureau would be required to make payments directly to the lender. As of June 30, 2020, the balance of funds payable under this agreement is \$3,372,502 and is recognized as a deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position. In FY20 due to the significant loss of Transient Room Tax revenues caused by the COVID-19 Pandemic, Visit Lex and LCC have agreed to the deferral of a portion of the Visit Lex contributions to LCC for a three-year period. Visit Lex contribute the sum of \$97,500 annually in monthly installments of \$8,125 during the period of July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2022, increasing to \$405,000 annually in monthly installment of \$33,750 during the period from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Visit Lex will resume monthly installments of \$62,500 with an interest rate of 2.63% per annum, by paying an additional monthly amount of approx. \$16,333 for 120 consecutive months.

H. Liens and Encumbrances – While the Government has satisfactory title to all owned assets, there may be some liens and encumbrances on such assets for matters unrelated to bond issues. Only a complete accurate title search of all properties would disclose such liens and encumbrances.

I. Conduit Debt – The Government has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector and nonprofit entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector or nonprofit entity served by the bond issue. The Government is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2020, there were 15 series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding with an aggregate amount payable of approximately \$56,321,263.

To provide for the construction of a hospital facility, the PFC issued Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A (Eastern State Hospital Project). The bonds are a special limited obligation of the PFC, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of rentals to be received from a lease agreement between the PFC and the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the PFC or the Government, and accordingly have not been reported in the accompanying financial statements. At June 30, 2020, the Lease Revenue Bonds outstanding total approximately \$104,865,000

J. Encumbrances – Encumbrance accounting is utilized during the year to facilitate effective budgetary control. Encumbrances are treated as budgeted expenditures in the year of incurrence of the commitment to purchase. Budgetary comparisons presented in this report are on this budgetary basis of accounting. Adjustments necessary to convert from the budgetary basis to GAAP are provided on the face of the budgetary comparison statements. In governmental funds, encumbrances outstanding at year-end represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances are not treated as expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year. Outstanding encumbrances for the governmental funds at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

General Fund	\$2,089,511
Urban Service Fund	6,413,671
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	12,446,186

Encumbrances are not recorded in the financial statements for proprietary fund types and Pension Trust Funds. However, the purchase orders outstanding at June 30, 2020 for these funds are as follows:

Sanitary Sewer System	\$36,231,366
Water Quality	9,495,801
Landfill	108,342
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	338,427

K. Tax Abatements – The Government participates in the Commonwealth of Kentucky's Tax Increment Financing (TIF) program. For a full disclosure of the program requirements, please see KRS Chapters 65 and 154. Any inducements offered under the TIF program are negotiated by the Cabinet for Economic Development officials and presented as a recommendation to the Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority for approval. There are three state participation programs available. State participation is limited to a specific project within a blighted urban redevelopment or vacant land with 5,000 seat arena development area. Only the tax revenues generated within the footprint of the specific identified project are included in the increment. The tax abatements are granted to development areas that meet two of seven specified blight/deterioration conditions established in KRS 65.7049(3), such as abandonment or deterioration of structures, presence of environmentally contaminated land, and inadequate or deteriorating public infrastructure. Abatements are obtained through application by the property owner, including proof that the improvements have been made. The state specifies a percentage reduction of up to 100% of incremental property taxes and occupational license taxes or fees for up to 30 years.

As of June 30, 2020, the Government has property tax abatement agreements through two programs available for specific projects designated to be within the blighted redevelopment areas as follows (dollars in thousands):

- Commonwealth Participation Program for Real Property Ad Valorem Tax Revenues The Government's revenues for realty, business returns, and employee withholdings will be reduced by an estimated \$405,276 for tax credits related to fiscal year 2019 under an agreement entered into by the state in the next fiscal year. Participation requirements include a positive impact on the Commonwealth as certified by a qualified independent consultant; a minimum capital investment of \$10 million; not more than 20 percent of the approved project costs or 20 percent of the finished square footage shall be devoted to retail; and pledged revenues shall not exceed 100 percent of approved public infrastructure costs. The Government has pledged 80% of its revenues for realty, business returns, and employee withholdings for 20 years. As of June 30, 2020, three state abatement agreements have been entered into with local businesses.
- Commonwealth Participation Program for Mixed Use Redevelopment in Blighted Urban Areas The Government's revenues for realty, business returns, and employee withholdings will be reduced by an estimated \$54,665 for tax credits related to fiscal year 2019 under an agreement entered into by the state in the next fiscal year. Projects must meet several qualifications for mixed use and blighted/deteriorated conditions. Participation requirements include being a new economic activity in the Commonwealth; having a positive impact on the Commonwealth; a minimum capital investment of at least \$20 million but not over \$200 million; and recovery of up to 100 percent of approved public infrastructure costs, and costs related to land preparation, demolition and clearance up to 20 years. The Government has pledged 80% of its revenues for realty, business returns, and employee withholdings for 20 years. As of June 30, 2020, four state abatement agreements have been entered into with local businesses.
- Commonwealth Participation Program for Signature Projects The Government's revenues for realty, business returns, and employee withholdings will be reduced by an estimated \$100,000 for tax credits related to fiscal year 2019 under an agreement entered into by the state in the next fiscal year. Participation requirements include a positive impact on the Commonwealth as certified by a qualified independent consultant; a minimum capital investment of \$200 million; not more than 20 percent of the approved project costs or 20 percent of the finished square footage shall be devoted to retail; pledged revenues shall not exceed 80 percent of approved public infrastructure costs; recovery of up to 100 percent of public infrastructure costs less sales taxes paid, signature costs less sales tax paid, and financing costs related to the public infrastructure costs over a period of up to 30 years; and qualifies for a sales tax refund on the purchase of construction materials that no not qualify as an approved public infrastructure cost or an approved signature cost. The Government has pledged 80% of its revenues for realty, business returns, and employee withholdings for 30 years. As of June 30, 2020, two state abatement agreements have been entered into with local businesses.

The Government participates in the Commonwealth of Kentucky's Kentucky Business Investment Program. This program is a state administered tax incentive, authorized by KRS 154.32, and approved by the Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority. In order to be eligible, a company must create ten (10) new full-time jobs for Kentucky residents, incur eligible costs of at least \$100,000, pay average hourly wages of at least one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the federal minimum wage, and provide a minimum level of benefits by the activation date. Incentives are approved for up to ten (10) years. The Government participates by providing an inducement of one percent (1%) of payroll taxes to the company per authorized job. This reduces the payroll taxes paid per job from 2.25% to 1.25%. The local inducement is approved by resolution of the Urban County Council. As of June 30, 2020, twenty one (21) companies participated in that program at the local level. Payroll withholdings are reduced by an estimated amount of \$1,006,578.

L. Affordable Housing Loan Program – On May 8, 2014, the Government passed Ordinance 52-2014 establishing the affordable housing loan program to promote housing projects by developers to provide more affordable housing options to qualifying residents of Lexington, Kentucky. The Urban County Council also issued a memorandum on August 11, 2014 establishing funding in the amount of \$2,000,000 beginning in fiscal year 2015 and

thereafter, for total funding as of June 30, 2020 of \$13,750,000. As of June 30, 2020, there are \$4,780,614 in outstanding loans for this program.

M. Jobs Fund Loan Program – On December 5, 2013, the Government passed Ordinance 153-2013 establishing a local economic development incentive program in order to attract or expand the level of employment in Lexington-Fayette County. The purpose of the program is to provide certain qualified businesses with local funding through grants, loans, or other agreements. The program is focused on attracting innovative businesses and promoting expansion of existing businesses involved in advanced manufacturing, technology, professional shared service operations, or healthcare, or which have or will be locating their primary base of operations or headquarters in Lexington-Fayette County. In addition, Ordinance 152-2013 establishes the "Economic Development Investment Board" to perform duties related to the program. The typical maximum of any funding agreement will not exceed \$50,000 for a grant agreement and \$250,000 for a loan or other agreement. Upon the recommendation of the Chief Development Officer and Economic Development Investment Board, the final approval is given by the Urban County Council established funding with ordinance 51-2014 on May 15, 2014, in the amount of \$1,000,000 beginning in fiscal year 2014 and thereafter for total funding as of June 30, 2020 of \$3,720,000. As of June 30, 2020, there are \$1,369,101 in outstanding loans for this program.

N. Business Disruption – On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak to be a pandemic. COVID-19 continues to spread across the globe and is impacting worldwide economic activity and financial markets. The continued spread of the disease represents a significant risk that operations could be disrupted in the near future.

The extent to which COVID-19 impacts the Government will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted. As a result, the Government has not yet determined the impact this disruption may have on its consolidated financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2021.

NOTE 6. THE SINGLE AUDIT ACT

Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirement, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) requires non-federal entities that expend \$750,000 or more a year in Federal awards to have an audit performed in accordance with the provisions of the Circular. A separate supplemental report will be issued on active grant programs of the Government in accordance with applicable provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984, P.L. 98-502 and the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, P.L. 104-156.

NOTE 7. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Primary Government

Subsequent to year end, in September 2020, the Government issued \$56.13 million of General Obligation Bonds, (GO) as follows:

• Series 2020A - \$6.80 million Various Purpose GO Bonds - issued for the purpose of financing the acquisition of various projects within the Government.

• Series 2020B - \$19.65 million Taxable GO Pension Funding Refunding Bonds - issued for the purpose of partially refunding the remaining balance of the Series 2102A Taxable General Obligation Pension Funding Bonds.

• Series 2020C - \$11.49 million Various Purpose GO Bonds - issued for the purpose of partially refunding the remaining balance of the Series 2013C Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds.

• Series 2020D - \$18.20 million Various Purpose GO Bonds - issued for the purpose of partially refunding the remaining balance of the Series 2014B Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds.

The Series 2020A was issued at a premium of \$0.90 million. All of these debt obligations have total annual principal payments ranging from \$1.44 million to \$5.52 million, plus interest, over 14 years. The above partial refundings provided for a cumulative savings of \$4.74 million over the life of the bonds resulting in net present value savings of \$4.43 million.

Component Unit

In September 2018, the Lexington Convention and Visitors Bureau entered into an agreement with the Lexington Center Corporation (LCC) to pledge \$750,000 annually for thirty years beginning January 1, 2019 in order to support the LCC and its convention and tourism facilities. In FY20, the Covid-19 impact on Visitors Bureau was a decline in revenues for the last four months of \$2,245,722. In FY21, the Covid-19 impact has reduced budgeted revenues by \$3 million, full and part-time staff were furloughed, also negotiated a reduction of \$625,000 in the commitment related to the Lexington Center Corp. bonds. The reduced amounts, with interest, will be repaid over a 10 year period.

In September 2019, LCC entered into a food and beverage management agreement with Levy Premium Foodservice LLC. to manage catering and concessions service in all LCC venues effective October 1, 2019. Levy, agrees to provide a capital investment of \$4,500,000 over all venues to be amortized over a ten-year period. LCC receives all food and beverage revenue in the agreement less authorized operating expenses, including management fees, incentive fees and investment amortization. The initial term of the agreement expires June 30, 2026, but can be extended 3 additional years.

Per House Bill 1 passed during the 2019 legislative session, certain agencies, including the Health Department, were authorized to pay the reduced KERS non-hazardous employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020. The authorized participating employers will contribute 49.47% (41.06% to the pension fund and 8.41% to the insurance fund) as opposed to the contribution rate of 83.43% (71.03% to the pension fund and 12.40% to the insurance fund) other KERS non-hazardous employers pay. The Health Department is evaluating the impact of COVID-19 and related responses on the operations and finances of the Health Department. Restrictions placed on the Health Department could negatively impact the revenue and expenses for an unknown period of time. A specific estimate of the impact could not reasonable be determine due to a number of unknown factors regarding the severity and duration of the event.

The current known impacts of COVID-19 on Lexington Airport Board: A decline in Revenues of \$4,200,000 compared with the same period in FY19 and the Airport was waived concessionaires that are contractually required to pay a monthly minimum amount. The Airport received \$9,567,000 from the CARES ACT in May 2020 to assist with capital expenditures, debt payments and operating expenses for FY20. The ultimate impact is unknown at this point as the severity of the outbreak, and resulting economic impact is still largely unknown.

NOTE 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Policemen's and Firefighters' Retirement Fund (PFRF) and The City Employees' Pension Fund (CEPF)

A. Plan Descriptions

The Government contributes to two single employer defined benefit pension plans: The PFRF and the CEPF.

The sworn personnel of the divisions of Police and Fire are eligible to participate in the PFRF. For members whose participation date in the PFRF is prior to March 14, 2013, benefits vest after twenty years of service. The annuity is 2.5% of average salary multiplied by years of total service. For members whose participation date is on or after March 14, 2013, benefits vest after twenty-five years of service. The annuity is 2.25% of average salary multiplied by years of service. The annuity is 2.25% of average salary multiplied by years of total service. The annuity is 2.25% of average salary multiplied by years of total service. Cost of living adjustments (COLA) will be granted on the following schedule for both current and future retirees beginning on the earlier of a member turning age 50 or being retired for five years until the PFRF, utilizing the current COLA provisions, is 85% funded. At that time, COLA's will be granted each year by an amount,

determined by the Board, of between 2% and 5% compounded annually. In addition, those receiving an annuity of over \$100,000 will not be eligible to receive a COLA until the later of the proposed conditions or January 1, 2018. <u>Annual Annuity</u> <u>COLA %</u> Above \$100,000 1% \$75,000 to \$99,000 1% \$50,000 to \$74,999 1.5% \$40,000 to \$49,999 1.5% \$35,000 to \$39,999 2%

Members may add unused sick leave to service credit and average annual salary for purposes of calculating retirement benefits. The costs of administering the PFRF are financed by a combination of additional contributions as well as investment income.

\$30,000 to \$24,999 Under \$30,000 2%

2%

Civil service employees of the City of Lexington were covered by the CEPF. In 1973, the governments of the City of Lexington and Fayette County merged to form the Government. In December 1973, the City of Lexington froze admission of new entrants into the CEPF, and in January 1974 the new merged Government assumed the City of Lexington's liability for covered employees and the CEPF was closed to any new members. A member who has attained age 60 and completed 20 years of service or completed 30 years of service regardless of age may apply for retirement. Members who are 45 years old or older with 10 years of service may request a deferred retirement benefit to be paid when they reach 60 years of age. Retirees receive 2.5% of their average salary for each year of service up to 20 years plus 1% of average salary for each year of service credit and average annual salary for purposes of calculating retirement benefits. Death and disability benefits are also provided under certain conditions. In addition, the plan includes an annual cost of living adjustment of 3% for any member retiring after July 1, 1981 that has attained age 61 or has been retired for one year. The costs of administering the CEPF are financed by a combination of additional contributions as well as investment income.

Both pension plans are included in the Government's comprehensive annual report and do not issue stand-alone financial reports. Membership for both plans consisted of the following at June 30, 2019:

Number
1,293
1,180
2,473

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> – The preparation of the financial statements of the PFRF and CEPF conform to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability/(asset) deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PFRF and CEPF, and additions to/deductions from the PFRF and CEPF fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PFRF and CEPF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are stated at fair value.

C. Contributions

The contribution requirements and benefit provisions for the PFRF are established by state statute and Government ordinance. In fiscal year 2019, the Government contributed 38.99% to the PFRF. Administrative costs were financed

by a combination of additional contributions as well as investment income. The required contribution rate is shown in the following table:

PFRF	
38.99%	
12.00%	

D. Net Pension Liability

The Government's net pension liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is presented in the following table.

	Policemen's and Firefighters' Pension Fund	City Employees' Pension Fund
Valuation date	July 1, 2019	July 1, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Funding	Entry Age Normal Funding
Amortization method	Level Dollar - Closed	Level Dollar - Open
Remaining amortization period	25 years closed	15 years open
Asset valuation method	5 year smoothed market	Market
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	7.26%	5.21%
Projected salary increases	9.50% to 3.50%	N/A
Cost-of-living adjustments	See Note 8.A. on page 91	3.00%
Inflation	2.40%	N/A

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	PFRF <u>Increase (Decrease)</u>			CEPF Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability / (Asset)
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)
Balances at 6/30/2018	\$976,759,227	\$745,170,974	\$231,588,253	\$8,747,108	\$30,195,908	(\$21,448,800)
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost	20,003,501		20,003,501			
Interest	70,968,916		70,968,916	569,079		569,079
Differences between expected and actual experience	3,305,760		3,305,760	136,834		136,834
Changes of assumptions	23,468,904		23,468,904	836,049		836,049
Contributions-employer		30,277,170	(30,277,170)			
Contributions-employee		10,356,318	(10,356,318)			
Net investment income		42,194,879	(42,194,879)		2,030,058	(2,030,058)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(61,014,042)	(61,014,042)		(1,234,809)	(1,234,809)	
Administrative expense		(317,040)	317,040		(7,210)	7,210
Other changes		112,421	(112,421)			
Net changes	56,733,039	21,609,706	35,123,333	307,153	788,039	(480,886)
Balances at 6/30/2019	\$1,033,492,266	\$766,780,680	\$266,711,586	\$9,054,261	\$30,983,947	(\$21,929,686)

The following presents the net pension liability of the Government's CEPF pension plan, calculated using the discount rate of 5.21%, as well as what the CEPF's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.21%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.21%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(4.21%)	Rate (5.21%)	(6.21%)
CEPF's net pension liability (asset)	(\$21,385,832)	(\$21,929,686)	(\$22,416,379)

The following presents the net pension liability of the Government's PFRF pension plan, calculated using the discount rate of 7.26%, as well as what the PFRF's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.26%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.26%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.26%)	Rate (7.26%)	(8.26%)
PFRF's net pension liability	\$389,234,726	\$266,711,586	\$165,101,918

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the CEPF and PFRF reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

CEPF

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	\$456,187	\$0
Total	\$456,187	\$0

PF		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$45,535,197	\$0
Changes of assumptions	40,388,035	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments		12,506,794
Employer contributions subsequent to the		
Measurement date	32,655,911	
Total	\$118,579,143	\$12,506,794

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the CEPF pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

ear ended June 30:	
2021	\$326,356
2022	186,926
2023	40,747
2024	(97,842)
2025	0
Thereafter	0

Y

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the PFRF pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2021	\$30,123,662
2022	21,121,565
2023	13,892,371
2024	7,651,306
2025	627,534
Thereafter	0

E. Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 75 (GASB 75), "*Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pensions*" in June 2015. GASB 75's effective date is for an employer's fiscal year beginning after June 15, 2017. For the purposes of reporting under GASB 75, the Plan is assumed to be a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan without a special funding situation where no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75.

Plan Description – In August 1999, the Urban County Council passed an ordinance that authorized the Government to provide a health insurance benefit to the retirees of both retirement funds, effective July 1, 1999 (the Plan). All retirees who continue to participate in the Government's group health insurance plan are eligible for this benefit.

Funding Policy – The Government pays the premiums for single coverage on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Plan membership – As of June 30, 2019 the plan membership data is as follows:

	Number
Inactive Plan Participants:	
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,006
Active Plan Participants:	
Active members	1,180
Total	2,186

Benefits Provided – The Government administers a single-employer defined benefit post-employment health insurance plan. This plan does not include the pension benefits discussed in Note 8G. This plan is included in Trust Funds for the City Employees' Pension Fund and the in the Government's financial statements. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

ELIGIBILITY FOR BENEFITS FROM THE POLICEMEN'S & FIREFIGHTERS'RETIREMENT FUND

Service Retirement – Employees are eligible to retire with twenty years of credited service. This can include both actual service and purchased time.

Occupational Disability Retirement – Total and permanent disability incurred while in the line of duty.

Disability Retirement – A member of the fund is eligible to receive a non-occupational disability if they have at least five years of service in the fund and a disabling injury that results from non-occupational causes.

ELIGIBILITY FOR BENEFITS FROM CITY EMPLOYEE'S PENSION FUND

Service Retirement – Employees are eligible to retire with thirty years of credited service or at age 60 with twenty years of service.

Accidental Disability Retirement – Total and permanent disability incurred while in the line of duty.

Ordinary Disability Retirement – A member of the fund is eligible to receive a non-occupational disability if they have at least ten years of service in the fund and a disabling injury that results from non-occupational causes that renders them totally and permanently disabled.

ELIGIBILITY FOR BENEFITS – In August 1999, the Council passed an ordinance that authorized the Government to provide a health insurance benefit to the retirees of both retirement funds, effective July 1, 1999. All retirees who retire (according to the one of the retirement eligibilities listed above) after July 1, 1999 and have continuous participation in the health insurance programs sponsored by the Government are eligible to receive a health insurance benefit.

AMOUNT OF ALLOWANCE – For eligible employees the Government pays the single premium for the plan coverage selected by the retiree, but not more than one hundred percent (100%) of the Government's contribution to the health insurance component of the benefit pool for current urban-county government employees for eligible members. All payments are made to the approved provider of the group health insurance plan, not to the retiree, and the retiree shall not be entitled to receive any portion of the government contribution remaining after payment is made to the approved provider. Upon the death of an active member due to occupational causes, the Government will pay one hundred percent (100%) of the cost of the family medical coverage for the member's surviving spouse and dependent children as long as they remain eligible for a monthly retirement allowance from the retirement fund. Upon the death of an active member's surviving spouse and dependent children as long as the applicable premium payments are made.

DEPENDENT COVERAGE – Group rates under the group health insurance plan approved by the Government are made available to the spouse, dependents and disabled children of a qualified and participating retiree, if the premium is paid by the retired member, spouse, dependent, or disabled child. Upon the death of a retiree, the retiree's surviving spouse is able to stay on the plan as long as the applicable premium payments are made.

RETIREE GROUP HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN OPTIONS:

- Humana PPO-A
- Humana PPO-B
- Humana HSA1
- Humana HSA2
- Humana Seniors Medicare Advantage Plan
- Anthem Seniors Standard Plan
- Anthem Seniors Comprehensive Plan

Retirees under age 65 may select from the Humana PPO Plan options. Retirees age 65 and older may select from any of the last three plan options above only if they are covered under Medicare Parts A and B. Medicare Part D coverage is provided to those retirees electing one of the Senior Plans above.

CURRENT GROUP HEALTH MONTHLY	INSUKANCE	PREMIUMS EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018:
Plan Option	Single	Two Party
Humana PPO-A	\$758.91	\$1,388.29
Humana PPO-B	561.61	1,027.36
Humana HSA1	511.15	935.04
Humana HSA2	501.48	797.53
Humana Seniors Medicare Advantage Plan	338.22	676.44

CURRENT GROUP HEALTH MONTHLY INSURANCE PREMIUMS EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018:

Anthem Seniors Standard Plan	163.31	326.62	
Anthem Seniors Comprehensive Plan	191.39	382.78	

The Government contributes \$430.75 for an individual without the tobacco credit, \$455.74 for an individual or an individual covering a spouse with the tobacco credit, and \$480.74 for a family with the tobacco credit toward the premium for single coverage for retirees and \$75 for surviving spouses without the tobacco credit and \$100 for surviving spouses with the tobacco credit of active members who die in service due to occupational causes. The remainder of any premium is paid by retirees.

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Health care and prescription drug coverage is provided in all of the group health insurance plan options. Vision coverage is extended to those members electing the Humana Platinum Plan or the Humana Gold Plan.

Total OPEB Liability (TOL) of the Government

Total OPEB Liability	\$277,382,388
Fiduciary Net Position	0
Net OPEB Liability	\$277,382,388

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017 and rolled forward to June 30, 2019, the measurement date. The following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.40%
Real Wage growth	N/A
Wage Inflation	N/A
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	3.89%
Measurement Date	3.50%
Health Care Cost Trends	
Pre-Medicare	7.25% for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028
Post-Medicare	5.38% for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2022

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the TOL was based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer.

The RP-2000 Combined Table Generational with Scale AA was used for the inactive members receiving a benefit in the City Employees' Pension Fund. The RP-2000 Combined Table Projected with scale BB to 2017 was used for the members of the Policemen's and Firefighers' Retirement Fund, both actives and the inactive members receiving a benefit.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)

	Increase / (Decrease)	
	Total OPEB Liability (TOL)	
Balances at 6/30/2018	\$245,951,553	
Changes for the year:		
Service Cost	11,572,432	
Interest on the TOL and Cash Flow	9,470,049	

\$277,382,388
31,430,835
(5,059,394)
17,430,462
(1,982,714)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Government, calculated using the discount rate of 3.50%, as well as what the Government's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1-percentage point lower and 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Net OPEB Liability	\$330,740,560	\$277,382,388	\$235,788,324

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate – The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Government, as well as what the Government's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1-percentage point lower and 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
Net OPEB Liability	\$235,193,399	\$277,382,388	\$333,223,717

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Government recognized OPEB expense of \$(2,284,707). At June 30, 2019 the Government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
\$0	\$68,701,029
14,317,879	27,548,889
5,378,078	
\$19,695,957	\$96,249,918
	Resources \$0 14,317,879 5,378,078

Amounts to be recognized as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2021	\$(23,327,188)
2022	(23,327,188)
2023	(23,327,188)
2024	(13,605,588)
2025	1,655,113
Thereafter	0

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2019, the Government had no payables for outstanding contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2019.

F. Pension Plan Financial Statements

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT June 30, 2020

	PFRF	CEPF	Total Pension Trust Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$0	\$772,976	\$772,976
Interest Receivable	3,646,263	40,546	3,686,809
Investments, at Fair Value:			
Debt Securities:			
Bank Loans	1,107,956		1,107,956
Corporate Debt	103,609,230	6,761,589	110,370,819
Municipal Obligations	5,760,256		5,760,256
SL Comingled Funds	36,938,160		36,938,160
US Agencies	32,109,951	8,460,429	40,570,380
US Government Obligations	34,255,899	3,652,787	37,908,686
Other Investments:			
Equity Mutual Funds	362,914,835	12,269,965	375,184,800
Equity Real Estate	72,343,113		72,343,113
Equity Securities - Domestic	700,975		700,975
Equity Securities - International	174,498,302		174,498,302
Total Investments	824,238,677	31,144,770	855,383,447
Total Assets	\$827,884,940	\$31,958,292	\$859,843,232
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$544,623	\$188	\$544,811
Securities Lending Transactions	36,938,160		36,938,160
Total Liabilities	\$37,482,783	\$188	\$37,482,971
NET POSITION			
Net position restricted for pensions	\$790,402,157	\$31,958,104	\$822,360,261

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION June 30, 2020

-	PFRF	CEPF	Total Pension Trust Funds
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$32,549,517	\$0	\$32,549,517
Employer - Administration	5,378,078	34,450	5,412,528
Plan Members	10,875,896		10,875,896
Other	106,394		106,394
Total Contributions	48,909,885	34,450	48,944,335
Investment Income:			
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	27,079,661	1,323,514	28,403,175
Interest	10,361,834	591,331	10,953,165
Dividends	4,763,678	276,124	5,039,802
Total Investment Income	42,205,173	2,190,969	44,396,142
Less Investment Expense	2,077,254	79,269	2,156,523
Net Investment Income	40,127,919	2,111,700	42,239,619
Income from Securities Lending Activities:			
Securities Lending Income	129,001		129,001
Securities Lending Expenses:			
Borrower Rebates	(405,692)		(405,692)
Management Fees	50,875		50,875
Total Securities Lending Expenses (Income)	(354,817)	0	(354,817)
Net Income on Securities Lending Activities	483,818	0	483,818
Total Additions	89,521,622	2,146,150	91,667,772
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefit Payments	69,089,471	1,170,673	70,260,144
Administrative Expense	468,526	1,320	469,846
Total Deductions	69,557,997	1,171,993	70,729,990
Net Increase	19,963,625	974,157	20,937,782
Net Position, Beginning	766,780,680	30,983,947	797,764,627
Adjustment to Opening Fund Balance (Note 2.D.)	3,657,852		3,657,852
Fund Balances, Beginning - Restated	770,438,532	30,983,947	801,422,479
Net Position, Ending	\$790,402,157	\$31,958,104	\$822,360,261

G. The County Employees' Retirement System

Plan description – The Government contributes to the Commonwealth of Kentucky's County Employees' Retirement System (CERS) pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System. CERS is a cost-sharing multi-employer public employee retirement system which covers substantially all regular full-time employees of each county, school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. At June 30, 2016, there were over 1,400 local government agencies participating in CERS, which provides for retirement, disability and death benefits. Beginning October 27, 1975, all eligible full-time employees of the Government were required to participate in CERS.

Contributions – Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5% of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6% of their salary to the plan. The Government's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 19.30%. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8% of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who began participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 9% of their salary to be allocated as follows: 8% will go to the member's account and 1% will go to the KRS insurance fund. The Government's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 30.06%.

The amounts contributed to CERS were \$20,050,133, \$16,718,583 and \$14,162,524 respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018. The contractually required contribution amounts to CERS were \$20,990,058, \$21,120,711 and \$14,087,247 respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018.

Benefits provided – Benefits fully vest upon reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit. A cash balance plan was introduced for members whose participation date is on or after January 1, 2014.

Benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who began participation on or after September 1, 2008 aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit. Prior to July 1, 2009, cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) were provided annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed 5% in any plan year. Effective July 2, 2009, and on July 1 of each year thereafter, the COLA is limited to 1.5% provided the recipient has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA. If the recipient has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA, the increase shall be reduced on a pro-rata basis for each month the recipient has not been receiving benefits in the 12 months preceding the effective date of the COLA. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce cost-of-living adjustments if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The provisions of GASB Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, were issued in June 2012. The Statement replaced the requirements of Statements No. 25, *Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans*, and No. 50, *Pension Disclosures*, as they relate to pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet those criteria.

At June 30, 2019, the Government reported a liability of \$283,836,175 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Government's proportion of the

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) June 30, 2020

net pension liability was based on a projection of the Government's long term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental agencies, as actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Government's portion of nonhazardous and hazardous was 3.09% and 2.41%, respectively.

At June 30, 2019, the Government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$8,376,308	\$917,893
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		,
on pension plan investments		4,444,509
Change of assumptions	28,451,589	
Changes in proportion and differences between		
Employer contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	1,584,153	2,589,114
Government contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	20,050,133	
Total	\$58,462,183	\$7,951,516

\$20,050,133 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Government contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reductions of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal period rather than in the current fiscal period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$20,801,566
2021	6,577,163
2022	2,773,326
2023	308,479
2024	0
Thereafter	0

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information shown in this report are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year end, June 30, 2019, using generally accepted actuarial principles. There have been no changes in plan provisions since June 30, 2018. However, the Board of Trustees has adopted new actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2018. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The Total Pension liability as of June 30, 2019 is determined using these updated assumptions. It is our opinion that these procedures are reasonable and appropriate, and comply with applicable requirements under GASB No. 68.

The Actuarial Cost Method is Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Pay, as required by GASB Statement No. 67. The Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method allocates the System's actuarial present value of future benefits to various periods based upon service. The portion of the present value of future benefits allocated to years of service prior to the valuation date is the actuarial accrued liability, and the portion allocated to years following the valuation date is the present value of future normal costs. The normal cost is determined for each active member as the level percent of pay necessary to fully fund the expected benefits to be earned over the career of each individual active member. The normal cost is partially funded with active member contributions with the remainder funded by employer contributions.

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) June 30, 2020

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	6.25%, net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation
Projected salary increases	2 %, average, including inflation
Inflation	2.30%

The following presents the net pension liability of the Government's CERS pension plan, calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the CERS's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.25%)	Current Discount Rate (6.25%)	1% Increase (7.25%)
Nonhazardous	\$271,705,341	\$217,239,775	\$171,843,253
Hazardous	83,260,444	66,596,400	52,934,288
CERS's net pension liability	\$354,965,785	\$283,836,175	\$224,777,541

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2020, the CERS reported payables of \$204,027 from the Government for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the CERS financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601, or by telephone at (502) 696-8800.

H. The County Employees' Retirement System Other Paid Employee Benefits (OPEB)

Under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees (the Board) of Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS) administers the Kentucky Employees Retirement System (KERS), County Employees Retirement System (CERS), and State Police Retirement System (SPRS). Although the assets of the systems are invested as a whole, each system's assets are used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that plan, and the administrative costs incurred by those receiving an insurance benefit, in accordance with the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute Sections 16.510, 61.515, 61.702, 78.520, and 78.630.

The Board of Trustees, as of June 30, 2020, is comprised of David L. Harris, Chair, Governor Appointee; Keith Percy, Vice Chair, Governor Appointee; W. Joe Brothers, Governor Appointee; John E. Chilton, Governor Appointee; John Cheshire III, Governor Appointee; Campbell Connell, KRS member elected; Kelly Downard, Governor Appointee; Joseph L. Grossman, Governor Appointee; Sherry Lynn Kremer, KRS member elected; C. Prewitt Lane, Governor Appointee; Matthew Monteiro, Governor Appointee; Betty Pendergrass, elected by CERS; Jerry W. Powell, elected by CERS; David Rich, elected by CERS; and Gerina Whethers, Governor Appointee – Ex Officio.

CERS Non-hazardous and CERS Hazardous Insurance Funds are costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) plans for members that cover all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous and hazardous duty positions of any state department, board, agency, county, city, school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate. The plans provide for health insurance benefits to plan members. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

Relationship to Combining Financial Statements

The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information shown in this report are based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 using generally accepted actuarial principles. GASB 74 requires Kentucky Retirement Systems to disclose a 10-year history of certain information in the Required Supplementary Information within their comprehensive annual financial report. The exhibits provided in this report include the applicable information for historical years that were calculated in accordance with this accounting standard. Information disclosed for years prior to June 30, 2017 were prepared by KRS's prior actuary.

There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2017. However, during the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. The system shall now pay 100% of the insurance premium for spouses and children of all active members who die in the line of duty. The Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 is determined using these updated benefit provisions. It is our opinion that this procedure is reasonable, appropriate, and complies with applicable requirements under GASB Statement No. 74.

The components associated with OPEB expense and deferred outflows and inflows of resources have been determined based on the net increase in fiduciary net position as shown in the Combining Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position and in accordance with requirements promulgated by GASB Statements No. 74 and 75. The net OPEB liability at June 30, 2019, is reported in the Notes to Combining Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information.

Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedules were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental organizations. In doing so, KRS adheres to the reporting requirements established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The CERS Non-hazardous and CERS Hazardous Insurance Funds are reported as OPEB trust funds, and are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. OPEB contributions are determined by the KRS Board and required by the employers and employees. KRS recognized employer and employee contributions to the plans through June 30, 2017. OPEB expenses are recognized as the benefits come due for the CERS Non-hazardous and CERS Hazardous Insurance Funds, which includes payments made to the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI), and Humana Inc. for OPEB costs incurred for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. KRS contracts with DEI and Humana to administer the claims. DEI administers retiree claims for retirees under the age of 65, and Humana administers retiree claims for members 65 and over. Since, the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB 74 requires that the liability associated with this implicit subsidy be included in the calculation of the Total OPEB Liability.

Net investment income represents realized and unrealized gains and losses based on the fair value of investments, interest, and dividends, net of investment expenses. Investment income/loss is allocated to each plan based on the plan's ownership in the respective investment account.

The systems are charged administrative expenses based on the number of members and dependents electing an insurance policy provided by DEI or Humana, on a monthly basis. The administrative expenses are reported in KRS' basic financial statements included in its CAFR for the Insurance Fund.

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) June 30, 2020

The Schedule of Employer Allocations reflects employer contributions received for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and includes the following for each individual employer:

- employer contributing entity and reporting code;
- the amount of the employer contributing entity's contributions; and,
- the employer contributing entity's contributions as a percentage of total employer contributions, as defined by this policy.

The components of the net OPEB liability of CERS for the Government as of June 30, 2019, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	CERS	CERS
	Non-Hazardous	Hazardous
Total OPEB Liability	\$131,309,163	\$50,151,217
Fiduciary Net Position	79,360,940	32,317,261
Net OPEB Liability	\$51,948,223	\$17,833,956

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions to Determine the Total OPEB Liability and the Net OPEB Liability

For financial reporting the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, was performed by Gabriel Roeder Smith (GRS). The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2019, were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2017. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2018) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, using generally accepted actuarial principles. There have been no changes in plan provisions since June 30, 2018. However, the Board of Trustees has adopted new actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2018. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ended June 30, 2018". The Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 is determined using these updated assumptions. It is our opinion that these procedures are reasonable and appropriate, and comply with applicable requirements under GASB No. 75:

Inflation	2.3%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.0% for CERS nonhazardous and hazardous
Salary Increase	3.3% to 11.55% nonhazardous; 3.05% to 18.55%
	hazardous
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%
Healthcare Trend Rates	
Pre-65	Initial trend starting at 7.25% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00% over a period of 5
	years
Post-65	Initial trend starting at 5.1% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 2 years
	5

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back for one year for females).

Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 5.68% for CERS Non-hazardous, and 5.69% for CERS Hazardous assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 26 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) June 30, 2020

3.13%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 –Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2019. Future contributions are projected in accordance with the Board's current funding policy, which includes the requirement that each participating employer in the System contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate, which is determined using a closed funding period (26 years as of June 30, 2017) and the actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the Board of Trustees. These projected contributions are determined without regard to the enactment of SB 151 in 2018, which is currently being reviewed by the State Supreme Court. Current assets, future contributions, and investment earnings are projected to be sufficient to pay the projected benefit payments from the retirement system. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and it is our understanding that any cost associated with the implicit subsidy.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Government's CERS OPEB Nonhazardous plan, calculated using the discount rate of 5.68%, as well as what the CERS's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.68%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.68%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(4.68%)	Rate (5.68%)	(6.68%)
Nonhazardous	\$69,589,246	\$51,948,221	\$37,413,190

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Government's CERS OPEB Hazardous plan, calculated using the discount rate of 5.69%, as well as what the CERS's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.69%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.69%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(4.69%)	Rate (5.69%)	(6.69%)
Hazardous	\$24,881,964	\$17,833,958	\$12,113,023

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Government's CERS OPEB plan, as well as what the Government's net OPEB liability of the Government's CERS OPEB plan would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1-percentage point lower and 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
		Rate	
Nonhazardous	\$38,634,157	\$51,948,221	\$68,093,103
Hazardous	12,409,137	17,833,958	24,451,943
CERS's net OPEB liability	\$51,043,294	\$69,782,179	\$92,545,046

Contributions

The Government's non-hazardous contribution rate was 4.76%. Hazardous covered employees who began participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 9% of their salary to be allocated as follows: 8% will go to the member's account and 1% will go to the KRS insurance fund. The Government's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 9.52%.

The contribution amounts to CERS were \$5,238,327, \$5,762,562, and \$4,885,000 respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018. The contractually required contribution amounts to CERS were \$5,487,323, \$6,655,493, and \$5,090,084 respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

The Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and OPEB Expense included in the Schedule of OPEB Amounts by Employer include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedule of OPEB Amounts by Employer does not include deferred outflows/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contributions or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019, is based on the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation rolled forward. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period. At June 30, 2019, the Government reported deferred outflows if resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$18,991,679
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments		3,332,647
Change of assumptions	20,761,303	136,559
Changes in proportion and differences between		
Employer contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions		1,977,472
Government contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	5,238,327	
Total	\$25,999,630	\$24,438,357

The \$5,238,327 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Government contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal period rather than in the current fiscal period. Other amount reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$277,205
2021	(671,332)
2022	(467,231)
2023	(1,391,410)
2024	(1,214,626)
Thereafter	(209,660)

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2020, the CERS reported payables credit balance of \$201,225 from the Government for the outstanding amount of contributions to the OPEB plan required for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the CERS financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601, or by telephone at (502) 696-8800.

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) June 30, 2020

NOTE 9. RECENT GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

Standards that will Become Effective for FY 2021 and Later Year Financial Statements

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, the objective of which is to better meet the information needs financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. (FY 2022)

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, this Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. Thus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. (FY 2022)

Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, this Statement was issued to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. (FY 2021)

Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, the primary objectives of this Statement is to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement establishes that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer. (FY 2022)

The Government has not yet determined the effect, if any, that the adoption of these Statements may have on its financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGETARY COMPARISON GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Variance with

	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget-Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Licenses and Permits:				
Employee Withholdings	\$208,250,000	\$208,250,000	\$205,058,237	(\$3,191,763)
Business Returns	42,848,000	42,848,000	37,941,293	(4,906,707) a
Insurance Premiums	35,900,000	35,900,000	35,023,820	(876,180) a
Bond Deposits			(500)	(500)
Regulated License Fee	935,000	945,000	992,025	47,025
Franchise Fee	26,350,000	26,350,000	25,478,399	(871,601) a
Bank Franchise Fee	1,720,000	1,720,000	1,773,980	53,980
Vehicle License	230,000	230,000	218,537	(11,463)
Deed Tax Fee	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,072,689	72,689
Registration Fee	390,000	390,000	383,308	(6,692)
Filing Fee - Planning & Zoning	130,000	130,000	92,380	(37,620)
Animal License	48,000	48,000	42,107	(5,893)
Certificates of Occupancy	6,000	6,000	4,570	(1,430)
Hotel - Motel License Fee	36,000	36,000	31,406	(4,594)
Total Licenses and Permits	318,843,000	318,853,000	309,112,251	(9,740,749)
Taxes:				
Realty Taxes	22,729,000	22,750,070	22,570,366	(179,704)
Personal Taxes	1,650,000	1,694,000	1,694,935	935
PSC Taxes	922,000	895,000	960,825	65,825
Property Tax Discount	(415,000)	(413,000)	(442,854)	(29,854)
Property Tax Commission	(1,026,000)	(1,026,000)	(1,068,011)	(42,011)
Delinquent - Realty & Personal	75,000	200,000	108,550	(91,450)
Motor Vehicle Ad Valorem Tax	2,000,000	2,032,000	2,065,864	33,864
County Clerk Com - Motor Vehicle	(75,000)	(67,000)	(72,120)	(5,120)
Supplementary Tax Bills	15,000	15,000	4,859	(10,141)
Omitted Tax	100,000	100,000	79,581	(20,419)
Total Taxes	25,975,000	26,180,070	25,901,995	(278,075)
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	,,	(,,
Charges for Services:				
Accident Report Sales	120,000	120,000	126,766	6,766
Administrative Collection Fees	7,000	7,000	3,700	(3,300)
Adult Probation Fees	41,725	41,725	40,773	(952)
Animal Shelter Collections	18,000	18,000	13,975	(4,025)
Building Permits	2,102,000	2,102,000	1,885,927	(216,073)
Computer Services Fees	3,000	3,000	3,171	171
Detention Center	8,473,142	8,473,142	8,698,829	225,687
Developer Landscape Fees	6,000	6,000	5,650	(350)
District Court Jail Fees	80,000	80,000	99,179	19,179
Domestic Relations Collection	500	500	245	(255)
Downtown Arts Center	99,486	99,486	42,221	(57,265)
EMS	8,000,000	8,000,000	8,541,007	541,007
Excess Fees and Collections	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,999,104	299,104
Golf Course Collections	2,800,000	2,800,000	2,455,248	(344,752)
Park Land Acquisition	330,250	330,250	225,629	(104,621)
Dumpster Permit Fees			775	775
Parks & Recreation Programs	1,115,195	1,137,242	648,925	(488,317)
Rent or Lease Income	688,210	688,210	484,502	(203,708)
Total Charges for Services	26,584,508	26,606,555	26,275,626	(330,929)
Fines and Forfeitures	260,250	260,250	182,230	(78,020)
Intergovernmental	828,156	828,156	857,714	29,558
Property Sales	150,000	150,000	379,746	229,746
Investments	1,182,000	1,182,000	1,282,752	100,752
Other Income:				
Contributions		38,212	39,708	1,496
Other Income	400,000	400,000	232,764	(167,236)
Penalties & Interest	1,554,000	1,554,000	1,768,487	214,487
School Board Tax Fee	15,000	15,000	13,750	(1,250)
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	93,000	93,000	90,626	(2,374)
Miscellaneous	1,018,777	1,434,829	1,456,286	21,457
Total Other Income	3,080,777	3,535,041	3,601,621	66,580
un other meanit	5,000,777	2,22,071	2,001,021	00,000

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGETARY COMPARISON GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget-Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
CXPENDITURES				
General Government:				
Council Office	2,998,192	3,038,342	2,781,633	(256,709)
Office of the Mayor	1,691,939	1,731,467	1,755,618	24,151
Special Programs	218,750	218,750	171,019	(47,731)
Board of Elections	1,110,670	1,036,147	690,681	(345,466)
Clerk of the Urban County Council	509,906	516,521	448,217	(68,304)
County Attorney	1,042,139	1,042,139	1,028,799	(13,340)
Coroner	1,184,826	1,200,102	1,155,213	(44,889)
Property Valuation Administrator	320,715	320,715	320,715	
Contingency	6,278,587	5,533,000		(5,533,000)
Circuit Judges	440,940	447,923	451,107	3,184
County Court Clerk	98,442	82,222	75,563	(6,659)
Citizens' Advocate	40,009	41,174	35,410	(5,764)
Commonwealth Attorney	257,675	257,675	247,342	(10,333)
County Judge Executive	19,088	19,088	13,305	(5,783)
Indirect Cost Allocation	(6,691,899)	(6,691,899)	(7,605,785)	(913,886)
Total General Government	9,519,979	8,793,366	1,568,837	(7,224,529)
Administrative Services:				
Office of the Chief Administrative Officer	4,233,433	3,491,694	3,441,273	(50,421)
Historic Preservation	380,704	385,821	346,462	(39,359)
Government Communications	845,936	859,687	850,707	(8,980)
Grants & Special Projects	617,904	617,746	655,415	37,669
Human Resources	3,418,858	3,452,231	3,281,646	(170,585
Internal Audit Office	640,943	648,628	633,050	(15,578
Lex Call	160,046	160,046	156,316	(3,730
Neighborhood Programs	85,000	111,371	96,350	(15,021
Purchase of Development Rights	207,261	236,592	204,868	(31,724
Total Administrative Services	10,590,085	9,963,816	9,666,087	(297,729)
Chief Development Officer				
Chief Development Officer	910,366	757,780	698,223	(59,557
Planning	2,333,313	2,304,149	2,443,399	139,250
Total Chief Development Officer	3,243,679	3,061,929	3,141,622	79,693
Department of Information Technology:				
Office of the CIO	1,153,569	1,283,350	1,290,456	7,106
Computer Services	7,605,831	7,809,464	7,291,109	(518,355)
Enterprise Solutions	1,203,079	1,188,163	1,208,319	20,156
Total Information Technology	9,962,479	10,280,977	9,789,884	(491,093)
Department of Finance:				
Accounting	1,456,354	1,481,256	1,576,876	95,620
Budgeting	510,768	513,157	510,630	(2,527)
Central Purchasing	662,609	654,474	608,890	(45,584
Revenue	2,269,740	2,288,380	2,015,408	(272,972)
Finance Administration	796,383	804,509	792,424	(12,085)
Total Finance	5,695,854	5,741,776	5,504,228	(237,548)
Division of Environmental Quality & Public Works:				
Building Inspection	2,786,203	2,832,418	2,859,236	26,818
Engineering	1,672,862	1,749,787	1,727,416	(22,371
Environmental Quality & PW Admin	284,494	290,634	288,772	(1,862
Division of Environmental Services	2,347,899	2,497,162	2,064,291	(432,871
Streets & Roads	3,544,736	3,692,320	3,085,768	(606,552)
Traffic Engineering	4,550,974	4,915,173	4,781,125	(134,048)
Total Environmental Quality & Public Works	15,187,168	15,977,494	14,806,608	(1,170,886)
Department of Planning, Preservation, & Developmen	it:			
Planning, Preservation, & Development Admin	1	1		(1)
Total Planning, Preservation, & Development	1	1	0	(1)
Department of Public Safety:				
Police	79,726,547	79,912,633	67,316,584	(12,596,049)
Fire & Emergency Services	80,582,206	80,827,388	74,425,592	(6,401,796
Community Corrections	39,882,629	39,844,148	38,879,299	(964,849)
Public Safety Administration	7,243,806	7,250,122	7,579,715	329,593
Code Enforcement	2,159,834	2,196,080	2,151,848	(44,232)
Emergency Management	867,490	870,920	755,434	(115,486
Enhanced 911	3,579,016	3,657,163	3,473,556	(183,607
Security	889,370	902,891	837,566	(65,325
Total Public Safety	214,930,898	215,461,345	195,419,594	(20,041,751
	217,730,070	210,401,040	175,719,577	(20,071,/31
Total Fublic Safety				
Department of Social Services:	2.517 928	2.568 475	2.313 492	(254 983)
Department of Social Services: Youth Services	2,517,928 2,885,718	2,568,475 2,967,189	2,313,492 2.821,167	
Department of Social Services: Youth Services Family Services	2,885,718	2,967,189	2,821,167	(146,022)
Department of Social Services: Youth Services Family Services Adult Services	2,885,718 1,335,793	2,967,189 1,352,132	2,821,167 1,318,352	(146,022) (33,780)
Department of Social Services: Youth Services Family Services	2,885,718	2,967,189	2,821,167	(254,983) (146,022) (33,780) (178,431) (613,216)

continued

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGETARY COMPARISON GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Fo	r the Year Ended	June 30, 2020		
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget-Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES, continued				
Department of General Services:				
Parks & Recreation	20,727,950	21,288,893	19,296,366	(1,992,527)
Fleet & Facilities Management	6,545,190	6,528,119	6,176,888	(351,231)
General Services Administration	2,429,119	2,435,181	2,199,414	(235,767)
Total General Services	29,702,259	30,252,193	27,672,668	(2,579,525) b
Department of Law:				
Law	2,515,263	2,595,624	2,256,394	(339,230)
Total Law	2,515,263	2,595,624	2,256,394	(339,230)
Outside Agencies:				
Commerce Lexington	388,450	291,338	388,450	97,112
Downtown Lexington Partnership	147,055	106,761	125,204	18,443
Environmental Commission	5,015	5,015	3,873	(1,142)
World Trade Center	46,750	35,063	46,750	11,687
Grants & Special Projects Agencies	1,289,225	1,270,100	1,289,225	19,125
Social Service Agencies	3,093,210	3,034,610	3,034,610	
LexArts	415,700	415,700	415,700	
Lexington Public Library	16,822,310	17,115,819	17,115,823	4
Explorium of Lexington	150,000	191,500	191,500	
Carnegie Literacy Center	111,300	111,300	78,000	(33,300)
Lyric Theatre	127,500	95,625	127,500	31,875
Total Outside Agencies	22,596,515	22,672,831	22,816,635	143,804
Debt Service:				
Principal	31,707,789	31,385,156	31,119,490	(265,666)
Interest	15,434,730	15,757,363	15,662,147	(95,216)
Total Debt Service	47,142,519	47,142,519	46,781,637	(360,882)
Total Expenditures	380,354,084	381,359,904	348,227,011	(33,132,893)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(3,450,393)	(3,764,832)	19,366,924	23,131,756
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	5,902,235	6,673,114	6,555,614	(117,500)
Transfers Out	(5,850,510)	(7,367,574)	(6,634,920)	732,654
Total Other Financing Sources	51,725	(694,460)	(79,306)	615,154
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,398,668)	(4,459,292)	19,287,618	23,746,910
Fund Balance, Beginning	4,484,468	4,484,468	67,914,565	63,430,097
Adjustment to Opening Fund Balance (Note 2.D.)			(3,288,094)	(3,288,094)
Fund Balances - Restated July 1	4,484,468	4,484,468	64,626,471	60,142,003
Fund Balance, Ending	\$1,085,800	\$25,176	\$83,914,089	\$83,888,913

a-revenue estimates for payroll withholdings were negatively impacted by COVID-19 d-budget savings in operating from diligent management oversight of \$8.19 million; personnel savings from CARES reimbursement of \$20.77 million

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGETARY COMPARISON FULL URBAN SERVICES DISTRICT FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget-Positiv
-	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Licenses and Permits:	¢1.720.000	¢1 720 000	¢1 772 000	\$52,000
Bank Franchise Fee	\$1,720,000	\$1,720,000	\$1,773,980	\$53,980
Total Licenses and Permits	1,720,000	1,720,000	1,773,980	53,980
Taxes:				
Realty Taxes	41,230,000	41,219,000	41,270,788	51,788
PSC Taxes	347,000	399,000	391,640	(7,360)
Property Tax Discount	(705,000)	(701,000)	(743,816)	(42,816)
Property Tax Commission	(350,000)	(350,000)	(350,559)	(559)
Delinquent - Realty & Personal	100,000	100,000	149,312	49,312
Supplementary Tax Bills Total Taxes	2,500 40,624,500	2,500 40,669,500	573 40,717,938	(1,927) 48,438
Charges for Services: Rent or Lease Income	4,000	4,000	2,380	(1,620)
Commodities	2,205,500	2,205,500	1,059,274	(1,146,226)
Dumpster Permit Fees	21,000	21,000	11,250	(9,750)
Total Charges for Services	2,230,500	2,230,500	1,072,904	(1,157,596)
Property Sales	150,000	150,000	220,085	70,085
Fines and Forfeitures			220,000	
	1,200	1,200		(1,200)
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	0
Investments	375,000	375,000	398,930	23,930
Other Income: Penalties & Interest			70 (97	70 (97
Miscellaneous	9,500	9,500	70,687 15,165	70,687 5,665
Total Other Income	9,500	9,500	85,852	76,352
Total Revenues	45,110,700	45,155,700	44,269,689	(886,011)
EXPENDITURES				
General Government:				
Contingency	264,961	99,248		(99,248)
Indirect Cost Allocation	2,869,195	2,869,195	3,300,217	431,022
Total General Government	3,134,156	2,968,443	3,300,217	331,774
Administrative Services:				
Human Resources	7,000	7,000	7,374	374
Lex Call	555,142	569,937	541,423	(28,514)
Total Administrative Services	562,142	576,937	548,797	(28,140)
Department of Information Technology:	711 500	(02.102	468 120	(225.0(2))
Computer Services Office of the CIO	711,590 200,000	693,192 164,014	468,129 166,042	(225,063) 2,028
Total Information Technology	911,590	857,206	634,171	(223,035)
Department of Finance:				
Central Purchasing	23,463	23,463	23,627	164
Finance	20,750	20,750	20,510	(240)
Total Finance	44,213	44,213	44,137	(76)
Division of Environmental Quality & Public Works: Waste Management	30,746,883	31,696,160	26,796,908	(4,899,252)
Division of Environmental Services	762,282	761,127	721,335	(4,899,232) (39,792)
Environmental Quality	917,893	823,183	736,243	(86,940)
Streets & Roads	2,818,683	2,835,612	2,454,874	(380,738)
Traffic Engineering	6,718,949	6,698,387	6,541,767	(156,620)
Total Environmental Quality & Public Works	41,964,690	42,814,469	37,251,127	(5,563,342)
Department of General Services:				
Fleet & Facilities Management	5,975,437	5,383,827	5,346,341	(37,486)

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGETARY COMPARISON FULL URBAN SERVICES DISTRICT FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

For the	Year Ended Jun	e 30, 2020		
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget-Positive
-	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES, continued				
Department of Law:				
Law	17,472	17,472	16,730	(742)
Total Law	17,472	17,472	16,730	(742)
Debt Service:				
Principal	461,852	461,852	461,852	
Interest	201,927	201,927	201,927	
Total Debt Service	663,779	663,779	663,779	0
Total Expenditures	53,273,479	53,326,346	47,805,299	(5,521,047)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(8,162,779)	(8,170,646)	(3,535,610)	4,635,036
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	1,883,800	1,883,800	1,883,800	
Transfers Out	2,213	(2,356)	(13,773)	(11,417)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,886,013	1,881,444	1,870,027	(11,417)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,276,766)	(6,289,202)	(1,665,583)	4,623,619
Fund Balance, Beginning	20,000,000	20,000,000	25,842,822	5,842,822
Adjustment to Opening Fund Balance (Note 2.D.)			(307,762)	(307,762)
Fund Balance, Ending	\$13,723,234	\$13,710,798	\$23,869,477	\$10,158,679

a-\$ 1.16 million under budgeted revenues in charges for services due to the negative impact of COVID-19 b-operating savings of \$4.90 million primarily due to management dilgence and personnel savings related to COVID-19

	Fisca	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Y	al Year	Fise	Fiscal Y ear	Fiscal Year	car	Fiscal Year	Year	Fiscal Year	Year
	20 Police & Fire	2014 City	201 Police & Fire		2 Police & Fire	2016 City	2017 Police & Fire	7 City	2018 Police & Fire	8 City	2019 Police & Fire	9 City
Total pension liability Service cost Internet	\$15,273,403 53 365 840	0\$	\$15,682,820 54.617_104	\$0 \$05.033	\$15,545,613 56 566 064	\$0 36 800	\$15,736,332 58 934 015	0\$ 0\$	\$19,289,452 65 575 538	\$0 \$18.738	\$20,003,501 70 968 916	0S 070 072
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience			7,523,715	-			17,343,653	(756,397)	47,795,400	(70,751)	3,305,760	136,834
Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(53,597,352)	(1,574,594)	(50,314,337)	5	Ũ	0	53,757,251 (56,718,545)	(1,332,557)	(59,050,010)	(1,264,711)	23,468,904 (61,014,042)	836,049 (1,234,809)
Net change in total pension liability	15,041,900	(721,783)	27,509,302	(1,009,825)	33,251,614	(397,653)	89,052,706	(1,376,720)	73,560,380	(717,224)	56,733,039	307,153
Total pension liability-beginning	738,343,325	12,970,313	753,385,225	12,248,530	780,894,527		814,146,141	10,841,052	903,198,847	9,464,332	976,759,227	8,747,108
1 of a person habitity enoung (a) 3172-5176-517 3172-5176-517 3172-5176-5176-5176-5176-5176-5176-5176-5176	5/202,202,202,222 fiscal year 2010 the last act	ive employee retired	126,440,0016	01/220/10	\$014,140,14L	200,140,016	040,190,041	99,404,052	177,601,0168	30,/4/,100	002/264/000/16	107,400,66
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions-employer	\$27,636,473	\$0	\$22,705,036	\$0	23	\$0	\$29,667,706	\$0	\$27,576,764	\$0	\$30,277,170	\$0
Contributions-member Net investment income	9,730,115 96 386 758	4356048	9,881,338 16 827 976	808 062	9,493,378 4 396 040	1365187	11,186,704 91-231-369	1 329,650	10,750,008 71 009 316	395 935 1	10,356,318 42 194 879	2 030 058
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(53,597,352)	(1,574,594)	(50,314,338)	1)	÷	Ŭ	(56,718,545)	(1,332,557)	(59,050,010)	(1,264,711)	(61,014,042)	(1,234,809)
Administrative Expense Other	(598,923)	(27,178)	(665,175)	(28,356)	(178,943) 80.010	() (15,639)	(226,211) 141,051	(7,240) (2)	(306,716) 8.396	(4,994)	(317,040) 112,421	(7,210)
5 Net change in plan fiduciary net position	79,557,071	2,754,276	(1,565,163)	(600,686)	(14,814,576)	(76,435)	75,282,074	(10,149)	49,987,758	99,660	21,609,706	788,039
Plan fiduciary net position-beginning	556,723,810	28,029,242	636,280,881		634,715,718		619,901,142	30,106,397	695,183,216	30,096,248	745,170,974	30,195,908
Plan fiduciary net position-ending (b)	\$636,280,881	\$30,783,518	\$634,715,718	\$30,182,832	\$619,901,142	\$30,106,397	\$695,183,216	\$30,096,248	\$745,170,974	\$30,195,908	\$766,780,680	\$30,983,947
Net pension liability-ending (a) - (b)	\$117,104,344	(\$18,534,988)	\$146,178,809	(\$18,944,127)	\$194,244,999	(\$19,265,345)	\$208,015,631	(\$20,631,916)	\$231,588,253	(\$21,448,800)	\$266,711,586	(\$21,929,686)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.46%	251.32%	81.28%	ó 268.56%	76.14%	6 277.71%	76.97%	318.00%	76.29%	345.21%	74.19%	342.20%
Covered payroll	\$63,248,485	\$0	\$62,102,632	\$0	\$65,934,339	\$0	\$73,360,313	\$0	\$73,131,137	\$0	\$76,794,393	\$0
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	185.15%	0.00%	235.38%	6 0.00%	294.60%	۵.00% م	283.55%	0.00%	316.68%	0.00%	347.31%	0.00%
*In 1973 the City of Lexington froze new entrants into the CEPF; In fiscal year 2010 the last active employee retired												
Actuarial Assumptions: Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amorization period Amorization period Actuarial asset valuation method Actuarial asset valuation method Investment rate of return Cost of living benefit increases (maximum) Projected salary increase Mortality table	7/1/2014 Entry age normal Level dollar, closed 30 years 7.5 year smoothed marke NA 3.00% 4% to 10.50% RP-2000 Combined	(·	7/1/2015 Entry age normal Level dollar, closed 29 years 7, 50% NA 3,00% 4% to 10.50% RP-2000 Combined		41					7/1/2018 Entry age normal Level dolar, open Market Value 7%, including inflation 3.00% NA NA RP-2000 Combined		7/1/2019 Entry age normal Level dollar, open 15 years Market Value 5.21%, including inflation 8.21%, NA NA RP-2000 Combined
	Table projected to the valuation date using	Table projected to the valuation date using	Table projected to the valuation date using	Table projected to the valuation date using	Table projected to the valuation date using	 Table projected to the valuation date using 	Table projected to the 1 valuation date using	Table projected to the valuation date using	Table projected to the T valuation date using	Table projected to the valuation date using	Table projected to the valuation date using	Table projected to the valuation date using

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Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government

			REQUIRI	ED SUPPLEMENTA SCHEDULE OF L	ARY INFORMATION - SING THE GOVERNMENT'S CON LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SINGLE EMPLOYER PENSIONS SCHEDULE OF THE GOVERNMENT'S CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	TER PENSIONS NS				
						Fiscal Year	ar				
	1	2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
	I	Police & Fire	City*	Police & Fire	City	Police & Fire	City	Police & Fire	City	Police & Fire	City
Actuarially determined contribution		\$28,216,938	80	\$30,665,280	\$0	\$22,322,068	\$0	\$23,217,413	\$0	\$22,705,036	\$0
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	* *	28,216,938	74,488 **	* 30,665,280		22,322,068		23,217,413		22,705,036	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	1	\$0	(\$74,488)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Covered payroll	I	\$64,258,162	\$0	\$54,595,799	\$43,416	\$62,455,725	\$0	\$63,248,485	\$0	\$62,102,632	\$0
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		43.91%	NA	56.17%	NA	35.74%	NA	36.71%	NA	36.56%	NA
*In 1973 the City of Lexington froze new entrants into the CEPF; in fiscal year 2010 the last active employee retired	rants ir	to the CEPF; in fi	scal year 2010 th	e last active employee	e retired						
Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government	ayette	Urban County Gov	vernment								

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SINGLE EMPLOYER PENSIONS SCHEDULE OF THE GOVERNMENT'S CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			1	EVEN I TRACLINET LEVE							
						Fiscal Year					
	2016		2017			2018		2019		2020	
	Police & Fire	City	Police & Fire	City	F	Police & Fire	City	Police & Fire	City	Police & Fire	City
Actuarially determined contribution	\$24,755,620	\$0	\$29,808,757	\$0	*	\$27,585,160	\$0	\$30,277,170	\$0	\$32,549,517	\$0
Contributions in relation to the actuarially											
determined contribution	24,755,620		29,808,757		* *	27,585,160		30,277,170		32,549,517	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Covered payroll	\$65,934,339	80	\$73,360,313	\$0	\$	\$73,131,137	\$0	\$76,974,393	\$0	\$77,788,689	\$0
Contributions as a percentage of covered											
payroll	37.55%	NA	40.63%	NA		37.72%	NA	39.33%	NA	41.84%	NA
Changes in Assumption:											
2017 City - The assumed rate of return was lowered from 7.00% to 5.21%. The discount rate lowered from 7.00% to 5.21%.	from 7.00% to 5.21%. T	The discount rate	e lowered from 7.00% t	to 5.21%.							
Police & Fire - The assumed rate of return was lowered from 7.50% to 7.26%. The assumed rate of inflation was lowered from 2.75% to 2.40%. 2018	lowered from 7.50% to	7.26%. The as	sumed rate of inflation	was lowered fro	m 2.75%	% to 2.40%.					

Police & Fire - Inflation was lowered from 3.00% to 2.75%, and wage inflation was lowered from 4.00% to 3.50%. Adopted RP-2000 Combined Table projected to the valuation date using scale BB. Pre-Retirement and Disability retiree mortality rates are assumed to be the same as the postretirement mortality rates. Retirement rates were increased to better match experience. Termination rates were increased at the early years of service. Disability rates were increased to better match experience. Termination rates were increased to better match experience. Termination rates were increased at the early years of service. Disability rates were increased to better match experience. Termination rates were increased to better match experience.

*In 1973 the City of Lexington froze new entrants into the CEPF; In fiscal year 2010 the last active employee retired

**Corrected by Actuary

Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT

		2020	Police & Fire City	3.99% 7.64%
				3.9
		61	City	6.18%
		2019	Police & Fire City	11.09%
			City	6.48%
		2018	Police & Fire City	18.37%
NSIONS D RATIOS			City	3.80%
GOVERNMENT LE EMPLOYER PEN JTY AND RELATEI		2017	Police & Fire City	6.20%
N COUNTY (TION - SING SION LIABII CAL YEARS		16	City	2.17%
LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SINGLE EMPLOYER DE CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS		2016	Police & Fire City	-0.23%
LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SINGLE EMPLOYER PENSIONS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS		City	3.49%	
		2015	Police & Fire	3.08%
			City	5.56%
		2014	Police & Fire	7.45%
See Independen	tt Audi	tor		Annual monsy-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Government will present information for those years for which information is available. 117

Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	2017	2018	2019
	Police & Fire	Police & Fire	Police & Fire
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$18,518,517	\$16,561,150	\$11,572,432
Interest	10,445,265	12,078,465	9,470,049
Changes of benefit terms			
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,289,809)	(103,220,151)	(1,982,714)
Changes of assumptions	(30,781,223)	(16,252,771)	17,430,462
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(5,638,286)	(4,952,442)	(5,059,394)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(8,745,536)	(95,785,749)	31,430,835
Total OPEB liability-beginning	350,482,838	341,737,302	245,951,553
Total OPEB liability-ending	341,737,302	245,951,553	277,382,388
Covered payroll	\$73,360,313	\$73,131,137	\$76,974,393
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	465.83%	336.32%	360.36%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Government will present information for those years for which information is available.

Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government

See Independent	SCH	LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - CERS PENSION SCHEDULE OF THE GOVERNMENT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET LIABILITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - CERS PENSION OF THE GOVERNMENT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	JVERNMENT - CERS PENSION IARE OF THE NET LIABI	ГША		
Audito		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
r's Rep	The Government's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$115,215,078	\$155,544,394	\$187,010,198	\$241,742,130	\$248,050,278	\$283,836,175
ort	The Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) Nonhazardous Hazardous	2.71%	2.76% 2.39%	2.96% 2.41%	3.20% 2.44%	3.12% 2.41%	3.09% 2.41%
	Covered payroll	\$72,558,727	\$74,948,371	\$84,194,948	\$88,823,610	\$89,177,740	\$88,234,162
	The Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	158.79%	207.54%	222.12%	287.12%	294.61%	319.55%
	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.06%	66.12%	55.19%	55.19%	55.19%	52.57%
	Actuarial Assumptions:						
	Valuation date	7/1/2013	7/1/2014	7/1/2015	7/1/2016	7/1/2017	7/1/2017
	Actuarial cost method	Entry Age I evel nercentage of	Entry Age I evel nercentage of	Entry Age I evel nementage of	Entry Age I evel nementage of	Entry Age Level nercentage of	Entry Age I evel nercentage of
	Amortization method	payroll, closed	payroll, closed	payroll, closed	payroll, closed	payroll, closed	payroll, closed
	Amortizaiton period	30 years	28 years	28 years	28 years	27 years	26 years
	Actuarial asset valuation method				20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is
		5-year smoothed market	5-year smoothed market	5-year smoothed market	recognized	recognized	recognized
	Investment rate of return Cost of living benefit increases (maximum)	7.75%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	6.25%	6.25%
	Inflation	3.50%	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%	2.30%	2.30%
	Projected salary increase	4.5%, average, including inflation	4%, average, including inflation	4%, average, including inflation	4%, average, including inflation	3.05% to 18.55%, varies by service	3.05% to 18.55%, varies by service
	Mortality table	1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all	RP-2000 Combined Table projected to the violation data minor	RP-2000 Combined Table projected to the volumetion data method	RP-2000 Combined Table projected to the valuation data using	RP-2000 Combined Table projected to the voluction data memory	RP-2000 Combined Table projected to the valuation data using
		retried memoers and beneficiaries as of June 30, 2006 and the 1994 Group Annuity	scale BB (set back 1 year for females)	scale BB (set back 1 year for females)	scale BB (set back 1 year for females)	scale BB (set back 1 year for females)	scale BB (set back 1 year for females)
		Mortality Table for all other members.					

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Government will present information for those years for which information is available.

Source: Kentucky Retirement Systems

	KEQUIKED SCHED	KEQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - CERS PENSION SCHEDULE OF THE GOVERNMENT'S CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	EMENTARY INFORMATION THE GOVERNMENT'S CON LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	4 - CEKS PENSION VTRIBUTIONS	_		
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Contractually required contribution	\$15,852,724	\$10,836,390	\$10,952,366	\$13,388,248	\$14,087,247	\$21,120,711	\$20,990,058
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	16,161,747	16,354,078	16,954,959	13,767,651	14,162,524 *	* 16,718,583	20,050,133
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(\$309,023)	(\$5,517,688)	(\$6,002,593)	(\$379,403)	(\$75,277)	\$4,402,128	\$939,925
Government's covered payroll	\$72,558,727	\$74,948,371	\$84,194,948	\$88,823,610	\$89,177,740	\$88,234,162	\$100,537,948
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll Changes in Assumption: 2015	22.27%	21.82%	20.14%	15.50%	15.88%	18.95%	19.94%
The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.50% to 7.50%. The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%. The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%. Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%. The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2014 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality table projected with Scale BB to 2014 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted. The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.	thereased from 7.75% to with assumption was reduce by 50% for males and 3 2013 (set back 1 year for eriod after disability retii next experience investig	7.50%. The assume ced from 4.50% to 4 0% for females). F(females). For disal rement. There is son gation is conducted.	ed rate of inflation w 4.00%. The mortalit or healthy retired m bled members, the R ne margin in the cur The assumed rates	as reduced from 3.5 y table used for acti ambers and benefici iP-2000 Combined 1 rent mortality tables of Retirement, With	50% to 3.25%. The ive members is RP- aries, the mortality Disabled Mortality 5 for possible future adrawal and Disabil	assumed rate of wi 2000 Combined M table used is the R Table projected wi improvement in m ity were updated to	age inflation was lortality Table P-2000 Combined ith Scale BB to 2C ortality rates and o more accurately
2017 The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%. The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service. The payroll growth assumption (applicable for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%.	1 from 7.50% to 6.25%. ⁷ vice. The payroll growth	The price inflation a 1 assumption (applic	issumption was char able for the amortiz	iged from 3.25% to ation unfunded actu	2.30%, which also tarial accrued liabili	resulted in a 0.95% (ties) was changed	$_{6}$ decrease in the from 4.00% to
* corrected in fiscal year 2020							
This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Government will present information for those years for which information is available.	quirement to show infor le.	mation for 10 years.	. However, until a f	ull 10-year trend is o	compiled, the Gove	rnment will presen	ıt information for

Source: Kentucky Retirement System

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - CERS OPEB SCHEDULE OF THE GOVERNMENT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2016	2017	2018	2019
The Government's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$62,469,796	\$84,449,594	\$72,503,766	\$69,782,179
The Government's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)				
Nonhazardous	50,412,648	64,271,500	55,313,166	51,948,223
Hazardous	12,057,148	20,178,094	17,190,600	17,833,956
Covered payroll	84,194,948	88,823,610	89,177,740	\$88,234,162
The Government's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)				
as a percentage of its covered payroll	74.20%	95.08%	81.30%	79.09%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	359.01%	272.62%	317.54%	383.96%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Government will present information for those years for which information is available.

Source: Kentucky Retirement Systems

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - CERS OPEB SCHEDULE OF THE GOVERNMENT'S CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2018		2019	2020
Contractually required contribution	\$5,205,891	\$5,090,084		\$6,655,493	\$5,487,323
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	4,934,657	4,885,000	*	5,762,562	5,238,327
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$271,234	\$205,084		\$892,931	\$248,996
Government's covered payroll	\$88,823,610	\$89,177,740		\$88,234,162	\$100,537,94
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	5.56%	5.48%		6.53%	5.21%

* Amount corrected in fiscal year 2020

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Government will present information for those years for which information is available.

Source: Kentucky Retirement Systems

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

The **County Aid Program Fund** accounts for the allocation of county road funds from the Commonwealth of Kentucky as provided by HB 973 and adopted by the 1980 General Assembly based upon the motor fuels taxes collected.

The **Municipal Aid Program Fund** accounts for the allocation from the Commonwealth of Kentucky as provided by KRS 174 for design, right-of-way acquisitions, utilities, construction, and other municipal road expenditures.

The Industrial Revenue Bond Fund accounts for receipts and disbursements of IRB issuance fees.

The **Mineral Severance Fund** and **Coal Severance Fund** account for receipts and disbursements of the Coal and Mineral Severance Tax received from the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

The **Police Confiscated Fund** accounts for recoveries from federal criminal case settlements awarded to the LFUCG Division of Police. Expenditures are restricted to police law enforcement programs.

The **Police Confiscated State Fund** accounts for recoveries from state criminal case settlements awarded to the Government's Division of Police. Expenditures are restricted to police law enforcement programs.

The **Public Safety Fund** accounts for revenues and disbursements of the House Bill 413 fees received from the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The **Lexington Cultural Center** is a project to construct a performing arts and exhibit facility in downtown Lexington.

The **2003 Bond Projects** are for acquisition of vehicles, equipment, the next phase of replacement of the Government Center HVAC system, and fire trucks.

The **2007**, **2008**, **& 2009 Bond Projects** are for park projects, computer equipment, and building renovations and improvements.

The **2010 Bond Projects** are to finance various projects for departments within the Government, including acquisition of equipment, infrastructure projects, and the Purchase of Development Rights program.

The **2011 & 2012 Bond Projects** are to finance the acquisition of various equipment for departments within the Government including but not limited to Computer Services, Public Safety, Parks and Recreation, Solid Waste, Purchase of Development Rights, Recycling Center, and Public Works utility design.

The **2013 Bond Projects** are to finance the acquisition of vehicles and equipment, various parks projects, and complete renovation of the Emergency Operations Center.

The **2014 Bond Projects** will fund projects for Purchase of Development Rights, conservation easements, Public Safety radios, renovation and construction of Parks, and funding for the Arena, Arts, and Entertainment District.

The **2015 Bond Projects** will fund projects for Purchase of Development Rights, conservation easements, Public Safety, traffic signal upgrades, renovation and construction of Parks, Facilities and Fleet Management vehicle replacement and repairs, and a new senior citizens center.

The **2016 Bond Projects** will fund projects and infrastructure improvements for departments within the Government including but not limited to Chief Information Officer, General Services, Public Safety, and Planning, Preservation, & Development. Additional projects include a greenway that will link two regional trail systems, the Legacy Trail and Town Branch Trail; streetscape improvements on the Versailles Road Corridor; and paving. A taxable bond portion will finance the restoration and rehabilitation of the historic Fayette County Courthouse in order to preserve the history and architecture of Lexington.

The **2017 Bond Projects** will fund projects including, but not limited to, (i) the construction, installation and equipping of a new fire station, software system upgrades, safety operations and other safety related projects, road resurfacing, road maintenance, road upgrades, streetscapes and sidewalk improvements, renovations, repairs and upgrades related to public buildings, renovations, repairs and upgrades related to park projects, and (ii) providing funding for a program to preserve and manage agricultural, rural and natural lands, including the purchase of conservation easements or development rights.

The **2018 Bond Projects** will fund projects for Public Safety, software upgrades, infrastructure improvements, parks projects, and building improvements. In addition it will provide funding for a program to preserve and manage agricultural, rural and natural lands, including the purchase of conservation easements or development rights.

The **2019 Bond Projects** will fund projects for Public Safety, software upgrades, infrastructure improvements, parks projects, and building improvements, fleet replacement, and the Lexington Convention Center renovations.

The **2020 Bond Projects** will fund projects for Public Safety, voting machine replacement, road and paving maintenance, and fleet replacement. In addition it will provide funding for a program to preserve and manage agricultural, rural and natural lands, including the purchase of conservation easements or development rights.

The **Public Library Corporation** is for the acquisition, construction, equipping, and financing of public projects to be used for public library purposes.

The **Roads**, **Parks**, **Open Space**, **Storm Water Exactions** are for improvements necessary to provide roads, parks, open space, and storm water management in the Expansion Area Master Plan funded by developer and property owner exaction fees.

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

					Special Revenue Funds	Funds					Capital Pr	Capital Projects Funds	
				Local Economic Assistance	nic Assistance								
	County Aid Program	Municipal Aid Program	Industrial Revenue Bond	Mineral Severance	Coal Severance	Police Confiscated Funds	Police Confiscated State Funds	Public Safety Fund	Total	Lexington Cultural Center	2003 Bond Projects	2007, 2008, & 2009 Bond Projects	2010 Bond Projects
ASSETS Current Cash Current Investments	\$3,373,460 199,734	\$4,950,964 323,097	\$135,725	\$310,976 66,578	\$316,064	\$1,411,661	\$700,082	\$483,617	\$11,682,549 589,409	\$4,309 39,542	\$35,864	\$259,398	\$42,851
Receivables: Other Rectricited Investments		448,083				110,124		30,929	589,136 0			(758 451)	205 738
Total Assets	\$3,573,194	\$5,722,144	\$135,725	\$377,554	\$316,064	\$1,521,785	\$700,082	\$514,546	\$12,861,094	\$43,851	\$35,864	\$947	\$248,089
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities: Accounts and Contracts Payable Unearned Revenue & Other	\$0	\$691,180	\$ 0	\$139,320	\$363	\$0 1,521,785	\$6,529	\$51,033	\$88,425 1,521,785	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Liabilities	0	691,180	0	139,320	363	1,521,785	6,529	51,033	2,410,210	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances: Restricted for: Public Works Public Safety Capital Projects Assigned	3,573,194	5,030,964	135,725	238,234	315,701		693,553	463,513	9,055,584 1,1 <i>5</i> 7,066 0 238,234	43,851	35,864	947	248,089
Total Fund Balances	3,573,194	5,030,964	135,725	238,234	315,701	0	693,553	463,513	10,450,884	43,851	35,864	947	248,089
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$3,573,194	\$5,722,144	\$135,725	\$377,554	\$316,064	\$1,521,785	\$700,082	\$514,546	\$12,861,094	\$43,851	\$35,864	\$947	\$248,089
													Continued

See Independent Auditors' Report

						Capital	Capital Projects Funds						
	2011 & 2012 Bond Projects	2013 Bond Projects	2014 Bond Projects	2015 Bond Projects	2016 Bond Projects	2017 Bond Projects	2018 Bond Projects	2019 Bond Projects	2020 Bond Projects	Public Library Corporation	Roads, Parks, Open Space, Storm Water Exactions	Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Current Cash Current Investments	\$95,471	\$11,911	\$5,641	\$1,688	\$0	SO	\$0	0\$	SO	\$494,067 328,318	\$4,326,699	\$5,277,899 367,860	\$16,960,448 957,269
receivables: Other Restricted Investments Total Assets	497,533 \$593,004	12,367 \$24,278	365,808 \$371,449	644,131 \$645,819	3,465,919 \$3,465,919	3,177,426 \$3,177,426	9,600,187 \$9,600,187	5,386,562 \$5,386,562	13,009,881 \$13,009,881	\$822,385	\$4,326,699	0 36,106,601 \$41,752,360	589,136 36,106,601 \$54,613,454
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts and Contracts Payable Due to Other Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$\$2,538 3,013	\$88,747 66,798	\$394,827 145,173	\$333,359	\$963,596 119,905	80	\$30,127	\$1,863,194 334,889	\$2,751,619 334,889
Unearned Revenue & Other Total Liabilities	0	0	0	0	55,551	155,545	540,000	333,359	1,083,501	0	30,127	0 2,198,083	1,521,785 4,608,293
Fund Balances: Restricted for: Public Works Public Safety Capital Projects	593,004	24,278	371,449	645,819	3,410,368	3,021,881	9,060,187	5,053,203	11,926,380	822,385	4,296,572	0 0 39,554,277	9,055,584 1,157,066 39,554,277
Assigned Total Fund Balances	593,004	24,278	371,449	645,819	3,410,368	3,021,881	9,060,187	5,053,203	11,926,380	822,385	4,296,572	0 39,554,277	228,234 50,005,161
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$593,004	\$24,278	\$371,449	\$645,819	\$3,465,919	\$3,177,426	\$9,600,187	\$5,386,562	\$13,009,881	\$822,385	\$4,326,699	\$41,752,360	\$54,613,454

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LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

				Ju	June 30, 2020								
					Special Revenue Funds	Funds					Capital Pro	Capital Projects Funds	
				Local Econo	Local Economic Assistance								
	County Aid	Municipal	Industrial Revenue	Mineral		Police Confiscated	Police Confiscated	Public Safety		Lexington Cultural	2003 Bond	2007, 2008, & 2009 Bond	2010 Bond
	Program	Aid Program	Bond	Severance	Coal Severance	Funds	State Funds	Fund	Total	Center	Projects	Projects	Projects
REVENUES	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Charges for Services	S0.	S0	S 0	\$0 577.557	S0	\$0	\$0 8	202.202	\$0 20	80	80	80	80
Intergovernmental Other	520,196	5,612,508 219.264		211,331	114,956	440,270	378,150	216,205	7,493,616 219.264				
Income on Investments	2,638	4,241		879					7,758			1	1,680
Total Revenues	522,834	5,836,013	0	212,210	114,956	440,270	378,150	216,205	7,720,638	0	0	-	1,680
EXPENDITURES													
Current:													
Environmental Quality & Public Works		4,825		152,783	28,204				185,812				
Police						327,492	222,088		549,580				
Capital:													
						112,778		213,950	326,728				
22 Acquisitions and Construction	180,744	2,164,073		66,170				131,177	2,542,164				3,524
Total Expenditures	180,744	2,168,898	0	218,953	28,204	440,270	222,088	345,127	3,604,284	0	0	0	3,524
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues													
over (under) Expenditures	342,090	3,667,115		(6,743)	86,752	0	156,062	(128,922)	4,116,354	0	0	-	(1,844)
UTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out		(3,215,021)	(70,000)					(300,000)	(3,585,021)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	(3, 215, 021)	(70,000)	0	0	0	0	(300,000)	(3,585,021)	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	342,090	452,094	(70,000)	(6,743)	86,752	0	156,062	(428,922)	531,333	0	0	1	(1,844)
Fund Balances (Deficits), Beginning	3,231,104	4,567,450	205,725	244,977	228,949	0	537,491	892,435	9,908,131	43,851	35,864	946	249,933
Adjustment to Opening Fund Balance (Note 2.D.)		11,420							11,420				
Fund Balances, Beginning - Restated	3,231,104	4,578,870	205,725	244,977	228,949	0	537,491	892,435	9,919,551	43,851	35,864	946	249,933
Fund Balances (Deficits), Ending	\$5,5/5,194	\$5,030,964	\$155,725	\$238,234	\$515,/01	\$0	\$65,595	\$403,213	\$10,450,884	\$45,851	\$35,864	\$947	\$248,089

Continued

		COMBININ	5 STATEMEI	LEXINGTON NT OF REVENU NON	FAYETTE URB. JES, EXPENDIT MAJOR GOVEI June 30	LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, Continued NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020	VERNMENT NGES IN FUND I IDS	BALANCES, Co	ntinued				
						Capital Pr	Capital Projects Funds						
	2011 & 2012 Bond Projects	2013 Bond Projects	2014 Bond Projects	2015 Bond Projects	2016 Bond Projects	2017 Bond Projects	2018 Bond Projects	2019 Bond Projects	2020 Bond Projects	Public Library Corporation	Roads, Parks, Open Space, Storm Water Exactions	Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES Charges for Services Intergovernmental Exactions	80	80	S 0	80	80	80	80	\$0	S0	80	80 80	0 0 79 066	\$0 7,493,616 79.066
Other Income on Investments	515	(62)	1,788	4,349	23,258	35,876	63,885	62,261	42,028	262,538 4,265	29,588	262,538 269,432	481,802 277,190
Total Revenues EXPENDITURES	515	(62)	1,788	4,349	23,258	35,876	63,885	62,261	42,028	266,803	108,654	611,036	8,331,674
Current: General Government Finance Environmental Quality & Public Works Planning, Preservation, & Development					5,164 3,500 97,481		40,031 165,270	8,936		391	(1,471)	38,560 5,555 177,706 97,481	38,560 5,555 363,518 97,481
Police Community Corrections General Services Pars and Recreation						6,345 3,101	469,890 816,340	19,286 16,800				0 489,176 822,685 19,901	549,580 489,176 822,685 19,901
Dett Service: Principal Interest Other Debt Service									83,731	258,658 3,880		258,658 3,880 83,731	258,658 3,880 83,731
Copror Equipment Acquisitions and Construction Total Expenditures	8,016 8,016	74 74	10,664 10,664	12,944 11,221 24,165	79,470 548,764 734,379	85,016 4,235,634 4,330,096	303,511 1,032,279 2,827,321	984,191 6,829,125 7,858,338	6,397,310 1,919,556 8,400,597	262,929	(1,471)	7,873,180 14,588,119 24,458,632	8,199,908 17,130,283 28,062,916
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(7,501)	(136)	(8,876)	(19,816)	(711,121)	(4,294,220)	(2,763,436)	(7,796,077)	(8,358,569)	3,874	110,125	(23,847,596)	(19,731,242)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out Issuance of Debt Premium on Bonds					(29,080)		(728,468)	(3,500)	18,110,000 2,250,106			(761,048) 18,110,000 2,250,106	(4,346,069) 18,110,000 2,250,106

 $\begin{array}{c} (4,346,069)\\ 18,110,000\\ 2,250,106\\ \overline{(75,157)}\\ 15,938,880\end{array}$ 53,782,979 14,544 53,797,523 \$50,005,161 (3, 792, 362)(4, 323, 695)43,877,972 \$39,554,277 (75,157) 43,874,848 3,124 19.523.901 4,186,447 \$4,296,572 110,125 4,186,447 0 818,511 \$822,385 0 3,874 818,511 (75,157) 20,284,949 811,926,380 11,926,380 (7,799,577) 12,852,780 \$5,053,203 (3.500)12,852,780 (3, 491, 904)12,552,091 \$9,060,187 (728.468) 12,552,091 (4, 294, 220)0 7,316,101 \$3,021,881 7,316,101 4,150,569 4,150,569 \$3,410,368 (740, 201)(29.080)(19, 816)665,635 665,635 \$645,819 c (8, 876)3,124 380,325 \$371,449 377,201 C (136) 24,414 24,414 \$24,278 0 (7, 501)600,505 \$593,004 600,505 0 Fund Balances (Deficits), Beginning Adjustment to Opening Fund Balance (Note 2.D.) Fund Balances, Beginning - Restated Fund Balances (Deficits), Ending **Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)** Net Change in Fund Balances Discount on Bonds

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ending 6/30/20

Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Direct/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2019	Revenue Received	Passed Through to Sub recipients Expenditures	Total Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2020
¥	Number	Grantor s Number	July 1, 2019	Keceiveu	Expenditures	Expenditures	June 30, 2020
US Department of Agriculture:							
Direct Programs:	10 559	11475	\$2 677	¢15 110	60	\$12.441	03
Child Care Food Program	10.558	11475	\$2,677	\$15,118	\$0	\$12,441	\$0
Child Care Food Program	10.558	11475 DONA 128 1000001567	5 270	31,921		34,556	2,635
Urban Forestry Purchase of Development Rights (PDR)	10.675 10.931	PON2-128-1900001567 68-5C16-16-828	5,379 90,714	5,379 750,490		659,776	
Total US Department of Agriculture	10.931	08-3010-10-828	98,770	802,908	0	706,773	2,635
US Department of Housing and Urban Development:							
Direct Programs:	14 210	D1404C210004	251	150.07/		157.025	
Community Dev Block Grant Community Dev Block Grant	14.218 14.218	B14MC210004 B15MC210004	351 5,173	158,276 168,114	2,068	157,925 170,787	9,914
Community Dev Block Grant	14.218	B16MC210004	2,270	92,261	3,271	86,775	55
Community Dev Block Grant	14.218	B17MC210004	5,975	140,166	17,650	135,560	19,019
Community Dev Block Grant	14.218	B18MC210004	51,697	889,453	127,334	885,934	175,512
Community Dev Block Grant	14.218	B19MC210004	51,057	798,572	442,745	403,045	47,218
Emergency Solutions	14.231	E17MC210004	2,160	14,214	5,556	6,498	47,210
Emergency Solutions	14.231	E18MC210004	2,100	62,749	48,568	21,501	7,320
Emergency Solutions	14.231	E19MC210004		56,036	57,832	21,001	1,796
HOME	14.239	M15MC210201	5,000	11,406		6,406	-,
HOME	14.239	M16MC210201	11,030	46,778		35,748	
HOME	14.239	M17MC210201	100	529,282	529,363	22	203
HOME	14.239	M18MC210201	2,773	422,278	385,528	59,717	25,740
HOME	14.239	M19MC210201	_,	18,543	7,370	43,638	32,465
Housing Opp for Pers with AIDS (HOPWA)	14.241	KY-H17-0017-00	28,937	426,947	403,965	10,759	16,714
Continuum of Care	14.267	KY0193L4I021700	8,294	34,437		26,143	
Continuum of Care	14.267	KY0215L4I021800		10,861		15,457	4,596
Total US Department of Housing and Urban Development			123,760	3,880,373	2,031,250	2,065,915	340,552
US Department of Interior:							
Passed through Commonwealth of Kentucky:							
Certified Local Government Scholarship	15.904	SC-410-1900001424		16,200		16,200	
Total US Department of Interior				16,200		16,200	
US Department of Justice:							
Direct Programs:							
Police Confiscated Funds	16.001	NA	(1,563,051)	399,003		440,270	(1,521,784)
Justice Assistance Grant COVID	16.034	2020-VD-BX-1279				37,979	37,979
SCAAP	16.606	2013-AP-BX-0161	(34)			34	
SCAAP	16.606	2014-AP-BX-0607	(19,546)			19,546	
SCAAP	16.606	2015-AP-BX-0465	(21,173)			21,173	
SCAAP	16.606	2016-AP-BX-0337	(44,231)			44,231	
SCAAP	16.606	2019-AP-BX-0086	(30,869)			6,779	(24,090)
SCAAP	16.606	2019-AP-BX-0789		9,477		8,000	(1,477)
SCAAP	16.606	2020-AP-BX-1189		35,916			(35,916)
Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2016-DJ-BX-0185	(14,171)	(701)		13,470	
Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2017-DJ-BX-0808	(55)				(55)
Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2018-DJ-BX-0168		151,750			(151,750)
Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2019-DJ-BX-0499		148,589		66,317	(82,272)
Comprehensive Opioid Abuse Program (COAP)	16.838	2018-AR-BX-K059	22,082	97,855		173,553	97,780
Passed through Commonwealth of Kentucky:	16 575	MOCH 2010 LEVICE OTHE 00020		0.072		0.072	
VOCA (Victims of Crime Advocate Program)	16.575	VOCA-2018-LFUCG-STRE-00030		8,872		8,872	
VOCA (Victims of Crime Advocate Program)	16.575	VOCA-2019-LFUCG-STRE-00091	25.050	21,031		33,011	11,980
Underserved Minority Victim Advocacy Prog.	16.575	VOCA-2018-LFUCG-STRE-00087	25,858	59,263		33,405	20.071
Underserved Minority Victim Advocacy Prog.	16.575	VOCA-2019-LFUCG-STRE-00072	5.0(4	59,611		88,582	28,971
Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE)	16.588	VAWA-2018-LFUCG-ST-00614	5,964	27,429		21,465	12 592
Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE)	16.588	VAWA-2019-LFUCG-ST-00645	24 (22	8,263		20,846	12,583
Street Sales	16.738	2017-JAG-LFUCG-STRE-01101	24,622	24,622		16.070	
Street Sales (Confiscated Funds)	16.738	2018-JAG-LFUCG-STRE-01191		16,878	(2.244	16,878	59 (22
Street Sales Street Sales	16.738 16.738	2018-JAG-LFUCG-STRE-01191 2019-JAG-LFUCG-STRE-01216		16,368	62,344	12,656 5,821	58,632 5,821
Total US Department of Justice	10.750	2017 518 21 000 5112 01210	(1,614,604)	1,084,226	62,344	1,072,888	(1,563,598)
-			. <u> </u>				
US Department of Transportation:							
Passed through Commonwealth of Kentucky: Air Quality Planning	20.205	SC-625-1900000323	30,708	30,708			
Air Quality Planning Air Quality Planning	20.205	1900002234	50,708	59,926		115,631	55,705
Armstrong Mill Sidewalks	20.205	PO2-628-1700004143		59,926 45,982		50,262	4,280
Beaumont YMCA Trail Project	20.203	PO2-628-1700004143 PO2-628-1700004155	2,000	2,000		720	4,280
Bicycle and Pedestrian Planning	20.205	SC-625-1900000323	14,993	14,993		120	720
Bicycle and Pedestrian Planning	20.203	1900002234	17,775	46,873		70,983	24,110
Brighton Trail Pedestrian Bridge	20.205	P02-628-1700002505		40,873		17,190	27,110
Citation Trail	20.205	P02-628-1700002505 PO2-628-1700004156	(5,861)	17,190		4,556	(1,305)
Clays Mill Road	20.205	PO2-628-1700004156 PO2-625-1500002693	(3,001)	5,000		4,556 5,000	(1,505)
Federal Highway Planning	20.203	SC-625-1900002695	69,527	69,527		5,000	
Federal Highway Planning Federal Highway Planning	20.205	SC-625-1900000307 SC-625-1900001597	07,327	69,527 314,546		390,193	75,647
			17 150				/5,64/
Fiber Optic Cable Installation	20.205	P02-628-1600004546	17,152	130,728		113,576	
Forbes Road Four Side	20.205	PO2-628-1700002506	18,220	35,360		17,140	2 217 400
	20.205	PO2-628-1600005725 PO2-625-1700002191	2,807	4,083		2,218,764	2,217,488
Intelligent Transpor. System (ITS)	20.205	PO2-625-1700002191	255,687	255,687			

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ending 6/30/20

	Federal CFDA	Direct/ Pass-through	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at	Revenue	Passed Through to Sub recipients	Total	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at
ntor/Program Title	Number	Grantor's Number	July 1, 2019	Received	Expenditures	Expenditures	June 30, 2020
Intelligent Transpor. System (ITS)	20.205	SC-625-1700002191	477,856	477,856			
Intelligent Transpor. System (ITS)	20.205	PO2-625-1700002191		202,572		463,601	261,029
Legacy Trail Phase III	20.205	PO2-628-1400005764				1,154	1,154
Lexington Community Land Trust	20.205	PO2-625-1500000828	55,358	55,358			
W. Loudon Avenue Streetscape	20.205	PO2-628-1800002729	4,000			9,098	13,098
Man O' War & Richmond Intersection Project	20.205	PO2-625-1400004869	20,390	20,390			
Mercer Rd/Greendale Rd Turn lanes	20.205	PO2-628-1800001345	21,693	34,467		12,774	
Mobility Office	20.205	SC-625-1900000323	90,475	90,475		100 500	52.210
Mobility Office	20.205	1900002234		85,213		138,523	53,310
Newtown Pike Supplement #2	20.205	C-00343167	(466,781)	140,728		475,683	(131,826)
Nicholasville Road Corridor Land Use Study	20.205 20.205	SC-625-1900002248 PO2-628-1500003392	5.0.41	49,280		70,400 439,506	21,120 445,347
Old Frankfort Pike Scenic Byway Viewing Area			5,841	2 000			
Oxford Circle Sidewalks Polo Club Boulevard Project	20.205 20.205	P02-628-1700004160 PO2-625-1300001036	4,893	2,000 587,451		36,602 689,155	34,602 106,597
Rosemont Garden Sidewalks	20.205	PO2-628-1700004171	4,895	18,571		22,142	3,571
South Elkhorn Trail	20.205	PO2-628-1700004171 PO2-628-1700004176	912	912		22,142	5,571
Todds Road Sidewalks	20.205	PO2-628-1700004178 PO2-628-1700004177	3,743	3,743			
Town Branch	20.205	PO2-628-1200004353	15,369	31,177		15,848	40
Town Branch Commons Corridor-Zone 2	20.205	PO2-628-1200004333 PO2-628-1600003719	2,708	3,702		9,510	8,516
Town Branch Trail Commons-Midland Section	20.205	PO2-628-1600005544	26,613	132,401		286,473	180,685
Town Branch Trail Consing	20.205	PO2-628-1500004792	3,040	39,520		36,564	180,085
Town Branch Trail Phase IV, V, VI	20.205	PO2-628-1500003706	205,617	309,889		117,321	13,049
West Hickman Trail	20.205	PO2-628-1600005956	148,593	469,311		351,228	30,510
Wilson Downing Sidewalks	20.205	PO2-628-1700004178	140,555	2,713		7,773	5,060
Winchester/Liberty Intersection Improvements	20.205	PO2-628-1600003038	160,800	160,800		1,115	5,000
MCSAP (Motor Carrier Safety Asst.Prog.)	20.205	No Number	100,000	43,291		49,311	6,020
MCSAP2 (Motor Carrier Safety Asst. Prog.)	20.218	No Number	13,941	28,655		14,714	0,020
Ticketing Aggressive Cars/Trucks (TACT)	20.218	No Number	949	5,938		4,989	
Fed Transit Admin Section 5303	20.505	PO30217442	31,962	31,962		4,505	
Fed Transit Admin Section 5303	20.505	PO30217442	51,702	51,702		45,034	45,034
Traffic Safety Supplement	20.600	SC-625-19000008211	16,071	17,123		1,052	45,054
Traffic Safety Supplement	20.600	SC-625-19000003211 SC-625-19000015351	7,276	29,971		22,695	
Traffic Safety	20.600	SC-625-20000002891	7,270	34,978		39,796	4,818
Traffic Safety Occupant Protection Prog.	20.616	SC-625-19000009091	3,851	6,166		2,315	4,010
			5,651				
Traffic Safety Occupant Protection Prog.	20.616	SC-625-20000003411		10,292		14,390	4,098
Traffic Safety	20.616	SC-625-19000008141	4,472	12,334		7,862	
Traffic Safety Impaired Driving Enforcement	20.616	SC-625-2000003641		6,702		9,355	2,653
Town Branch Tiger	20.933	SC-628-1800005041	883,249	2,009,798		2,627,397	1,500,848
Total US Department of Transportation			2,148,124	6,188,342	0	9,026,280	4,986,062
Environmental Protection Agency Passed through Commonwealth of Kentucky:							
West Hickman Wet Weather Storage	66.458	A15-026 SWR	1,409,931	7,136,159		5,726,228	
Total US Environmental Protection Agency	00.458	A15-020 SWR	1,409,931	7,136,159	0	5,726,228	0
			1,409,931	7,130,139	0	5,720,228	0
Department of Health and Human Services: Direct Programs:							
SAMHSA (Substance Abuse Mental Health Serv)	93.243	1H79SP080309-01	323,563	396,723		127,771	54,611
SAMHSA (Substance Abuse Mental Health Serv)	93.243	5H79SP080309-02	525,505	69,116		272,712	203,596
Passed through Commonwealth of Kentucky:	<i>y</i> 51215	511/751 000507 02		0,,,,,,		272,712	200,000
Senior Citizens	93.044	AS-2019-2020		80,587		80,587	
Wellness Edge Program	93.325	90PRRC0001-01-01	15,765	15,765		00,507	
Refugee Targeted Assistance Prog.(RTAP)	93.584	257-107042-2018	7,586	7,586			
Extended School Program - CARES	93.575	257-107042-2018 N/A	7,580	7,580		150,028	150,028
Home Network	93.575 93.597	N/A 2016-2017-PUBLIC-R	11,673			(11,673)	150,028
Home Network	93.597	2016-2017-PUBLIC-R 2017-2018-PUBLIC-R	(283,490)			(11,673) 283,490	
Home Network	93.597	2017-2018-PUBLIC-R 2018-2019-PUBLIC-R	(248,290)	48,610		205,490	(296,900)
Home Network	93.597	2018-2019-PUBLIC-R 2019-2020-PUBLIC-R	(240,270)	265,260			(298,900) (265,260)
Head Start Program	93.600	2019-2020-POBLIC-R No Number	3,324	3,324			(205,200)
Head Start Program	93.600	No Number	5,524	31,797		35,555	3.758
	22.000	ino inumber		51,/9/		33,333	3,/38
Total US Department of Health and Human Services			(169,869)	918,768	0	938,470	(150,167)

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ending 6/30/20

	Federal CFDA	Direct/ Pass-through	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at	Revenue	Passed Through to Sub recipients	Total	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at
Grantor/Program Title US Department of Homeland Security Office of Domestic Prepare	Number	Grantor's Number	July 1, 2019	Received	Expenditures	Expenditures	June 30, 2020
Direct Programs:	uness.						
Assistance to Firefighters	97.044	EMW-2017-FO-03956		70,300		70,300	
Fire Prevention	97.044	EMW-2017-FP-00614	47,618	47,618		10,500	
Passed through Commonwealth of Kentucky:	77.044	2017-11-00014	47,010	47,010			
Hazard Mitigation Grant Prog.(HMGP PLAN)	97.039	PON2-095-17000013341	1,141	1,141			
Chemical Stockpile Emergency (CSEPP)	97.040	PO2-095-16000047103	9,254	9,254			
Chemical Stockpile Emergency (CSEPP)	97.040	PO2-095-17000054304	77,882	77,882			
Chemical Stockpile Emergency (CSEPP)	97.040	SC-095-17000054303	203,164	374,482		203,493	32,175
Chemical Stockpile Emergency (CSEPP)	97.040	SC-095-1900001734	,	143,441		399,399	255,958
Disaster Reimbursement-COVID-20		N/A		,		255,746	255,746
Emergency Management Assistance	97.042	SC-095-19000009781	40,587	65.098		24,511	
Emergency Management Assistance	97.042	EMA-2019-EP-00008-S01	- ,	47		65,574	65,527
State Homeland Bomb Squad	97.067	SC-094-1900001087	9,240	53,105		46,758	2,893
State Homeland Bomb Squad	97.067	SC-094-200000841				123,100	123,100
State Homeland Camera	97.067	SC-094-200000843		9,315		9,315	
State Homeland Fire	97.067	SC-094-200000842				34,965	34,965
State Homeland Personal Protection Equip.	97.067	PO2-094-18000025391	6.332	6,332		- ,	- ,
State Homeland Police Emergency Response Unit	97.067	SC-094-1900001085		300,000		300,000	
Total US Dept. of Homeland Security Office of Domestic I	Preparedness		395,218	1,158,015	0	1,533,161	770,364
Passed through Commonwealth of Kentucky:	00.401	27/1				0.05 (00)	0.65 600
Help America Vote	90.401	N/A N/A				965,600	965,600
Help America Vote	90.404	N/A		0	0	30,720	30,720
Total US Department of Energy			0	0	0	996,320	996,320
US Department of Treasury							
Passed through Commonwealth of Kentucky:							
CARES Act Coronavirus Relief	21.019	FAP111-44-00				20,848,764	20,848,764
Total US Department of Treasury			0	0	0	20,848,764	20,848,764
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$2,391,330	\$21,184,991	\$2,093,594	\$42,930,999	\$26,230,932

Note: Per generally accepted accounting principles, grant revenues received but not earned with purpose restrictions only are recognized as revenues and fund balance in the financial statements.

Day Treatment Day Treatment Economic Devv Economic Devv Economic Devv Economic Devv Federal Highw Fire Training It Fire Training It		Grantor's Number	Grantor	Deferred) (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2019	Revenue Received	Passed Through to Sub recipients Expenditures	Expenditures	(Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2020
	ment	PON25231900001089	Kentucky Dept. of Juvenile Justice	\$61,376	\$61,376	S 0		\$0
	ment	PON25231900001089	Kentucky Dept. of Juvenile Justice		198.071		\$198.071	•
	Economic Development-Ashland	N/A	Kentucky Cabinet Economic Development	(450,000)				(450,000)
	Economic Development-Belcan Engineer.	N/A	Kentucky Cabinet Economic Development	(34,000)				(34,000)
	Economic Development-Bingham McCutchen		Kentucky Cabinet Economic Development	(200,000)				(200,000)
	Economic Development-Tiffany		Kentucky Cabinet Economic Development	(40,800)				(40,800)
	Emergency Medical Services	N/A	Kentucky Bd. Emergency Medical Services		10,000		9,503	(497)
	Federal Highway Planning	190000307	Kentucky Transportation Cabinet	4,345	4,345			~
	Federal Highway Planning	1900001597	Kentucky Transportation Cabinet		19,659		24,387	4,728
	Fire Training Incentive	155	Kentucky Fire Commission					
	Fire Training Incentive	155	Kentucky Fire Commission		3,235,657		3,235,657	
	Fire Training Administration	155	Kentucky Fire Commission	(30,584)			20,936	(9,648)
	Fire Training Administration	155	Kentucky Fire Commission		38,374		14,177	(24,197)
	Hazard Mitigation Grant Prog.(HMGP Plan)	PON20951700001334	Kentucky Emergency Management Agency	183	183			
	twork	2017-2018-PUBLIC-R	Lexington Fayette County Health Dept	(145,737)			145,737	
Home Network	twork	2018-2019-PUBLIC-R	Lexington Fayette County Health Dept	(79, 370)	15,030		8,913	(85,487)
Home Network	twork	2019-2020-PUBLIC-R	Lexington Fayette County Health Dept		43,250			(43, 250)
Kentucky	Kentucky Fire Commission Training Facility	N/A	Kentucky Fire Commission	(7,887)	(7,887)			
Kentucky Pride	Pride	N/A	Kentucky Energy & Environmental Cabinet	(63)			63	
Kentucky Pride	Pride	N/A	Kentucky Energy & Environmental Cabinet	(113, 305)			113,305	
Kentucky Pride	Pride	N/A	Kentucky Energy & Environmental Cabinet		160,011		48,467	(111, 544)
KY Pride	KY Pride Household Hazardous Waste Mgmt	N/A	Kentucky Division of Waste Management	(2,153)	(2, 153)			
KY Pride	KY Pride Household Hazardous Waste Mgmt	N/A	Kentucky Division of Waste Management		101,745		55,092	(46,653)
KY_SAP	KY_SAP_2020 (Substance Abuse Program)		Kentucky Department of Corrections		39,510		46,800	7,290
KY_SAP	KY_SAP_F_0020 (Substance Abuse Program)	Б	Kentucky Department of Corrections		35,658		42,417	6,759
Law Enfc	Law Enforcement Protection Program		Kentucky Office Homeland Security	39,423				39,423
Law Enfc	Law Enforcement Protection Program (2)	SC-094-1900001294	Kentucky Office Homeland Security	64,378	64,378			
Lexingtor	Lexington Community Land Trust	PO2-625-150000828	Kentucky Transportation Cabinet	5,766	5,766			
Local Re	Local Records Grant Project	SY1903LR16	Kentucky Dept. for Libraries & Archives	4,665			6,380	11,045
	Paula Nye Memorial Education	2017-13	Kentucky Bicycle and Bikeway Commission	(10)	(10)			
25 Police Tra	Police Training Incentive	N/A	Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation	269,844	269,844			
Police Tr.	Police Training Administration	N/A	Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation	(36, 733)	3,390		372	(39, 751)
Police Tr.	Police Training Incentive	N/A	Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation		2,979,508		3,244,769	265,261
Police Tr.	Police Training Administration	N/A	Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation		37,046			(37,046)
RMAG (J	RMAG (Rubber Modified Asphalt Grant)	N/A	Kentucky Energy & Environmental Cabinet		98,852		98,852	
SANE3 (SANE3 (Sexual Assault Treatment Project)	VAWA-2018-LFUCG-ST-00614	Kentucky Justice Cabinet	2,600	9,800		7,200	
SANE3 (SANE3 (Sexual Assault Treatment Project)	VAWA-2019-LFUCG-ST-00645	Kentucky Justice Cabinet		600		3,600	3,000
Senior Citizens	tizens		Bluegrass Area Development District		103,840		103,840	
State Hor	State Homeland Commercial Mobile Radio (2)	ц	Kentucky Office Homeland Security	49,560			5,411	54,971
Waste Lire	e e	PO2-625-1900095884	Kentucky Energy & Environmental Cabinet		4,000	6	4,000	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
101al Ju	lotal State Financial Assistance			(\$638,502)	\$1,529,843	\$0	\$1,431,949	(\$/30,396)

Per generally accepted accounting principles, grant revenues received but not earned with purpose restrictions only are recognized as revenues and fund balance in the financial statements.

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are established to account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the Government's facilities and services which are entirely or predominantly self-supported by user charges or where the Government has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, and other purposes.

The **Right of Way** program was established in 2003 to account for fees levied to monitor and manage public facilities located in public rights-of-way.

The **Extended School Program** was established in 1994 to provide before and after school care for children in participating elementary and middle schools.

The Enhanced 911 Fund was established in 1996 to account for the revenues and expenses of developing and operating an enhanced 911 system.

The **Central Kentucky Network Fund** was established in 2014 to ensure the appropriate treatment of revenues or other monies received from jurisdictions participating in the Central Kentucky 911 Network.

The **Small Business Development Fund** was established in 2000 to promote and assist the growth and development of business concerns. This program was previously administered by the Urban County Development Corporation, a component unit of the Government, which was dissolved in March 2000.

The **Public Parking Corporation** was established in 1984 to account for the construction and operation of government-owned parking facilities.

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Right of Way	Extended School Program	Enhanced 011	CKY Network	Small Business Development	Public Parking Corporation	Total
	Right of Way	Trogram	Emanceu 711	CRI Itetwork	Development	Corporation	Totai
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash	\$2,303,731	\$912,292	\$6,132,669	\$144,299	\$154,640	\$503	\$9,648,134
Investments			1,475,707		17,210		1,492,917
Receivables:							
Other Receivables		426	250,286	63,541	35,867		350,120
Less Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts					(35,867)		(35,867)
Due from Other Funds			5,309				5,309
Inventories and Prepaid Expenses		1,390	42,803	7,193			51,386
Total Current Assets	2,303,731	914,108	7,906,774	215,033	171,850	503	11,511,999
Noncurrent Assets:							
Land Improvements		10,000					10,000
Buildings			7,514				7,514
Vehicles, Equipment, and Furniture	107,245	103,481	2,746,570				2,957,296
Intangibles			1,490,573				1,490,573
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(74,391)	(105,704)	(3,941,094)				(4,121,189)
Total Noncurrent Assets	32,854	7,777	303,563	0	0	0	344,194
Total Assets	\$2,336,585	\$921,885	\$8,210,337	\$215,033	\$171,850	\$503	\$11,856,193
Deferred outflows of resources:							
Deferred Pension Amounts	150,189	375,850	1,090,347				1,616,386
Deferred Other Post Employment Benefit Amounts	64,377	161,251	457,095				682,723
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	214,566	537,101	1,547,442	0	0	0	2,299,109
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$2,551,151	\$1,458,986	\$9,757,779	\$215,033	\$171,850	\$503	\$14,155,302
LIABILITIES	-						
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts, Contracts, and Retainage Payable	\$12,913	\$3,316	\$25,419	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$41,648
Accrued Payroll	8,740	37,676	90,093				136,509
Compensated Absences	8,176	1,287	327,317				336,780
Total Current Liabilities	29,829	42,279	442,829	0	0	0	514,937
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Bond Payable Noncurrent							0
Compensated Absences	8,176	41,598	327,317				377,091
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefit Liability	164,460	412,447	1,132,162				1,709,069
Unfunded Pension Liability	668,936	1,677,611	4,605,021				6,951,568
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	841,572	2,131,656	6,064,500	0	0	0	9,037,728
Total Liabilities	\$871,401	\$2,173,935	\$6,507,329	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,552,665
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Deferred Pension Amounts	\$30,982	\$77,700	\$213,286	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$321,968
Deferred Other Post Employment Benefit Amounts	58,689	147,185	404,022				609,896
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	89,671	224,885	617,308	0	0	0	931,864
Total Liabilities & Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$961,072	\$2,398,820	\$7,124,637	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,484,529
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	32,854	7,777	303,563				344,194
Unrestricted (Deficits)	1,557,225	(947,611)	2,329,579	215,033	171,850	503	3,326,579
Total Net Position	\$1,590,079	(\$939,834)	\$2,633,142	\$215,033	\$171,850	\$503	\$3,670,773

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Right of Way	Extended School Program	Enhanced 911	CKY Network	Small Business Development	Public Parking Corporation	Total
Operating Revenues							
User Charges	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Fees		1,500,523	4,464,045	458,376			6,422,944
License Fees and Permits	773,172						773,172
Other		122	6,133				6,255
Total Operating Revenues	773,172	1,500,645	4,470,178	458,376	0	0	7,202,371
Operating Expenses							
Right of Way	620,567						620,567
Extended School Program		1,548,320					1,548,320
Enhanced 911			4,900,007				4,900,007
CKY Network				417,102			417,102
Administration		251,510					251,510
Depreciation	6,324	3,111	174,470				183,905
Total Operating Expenses	626,891	1,802,941	5,074,477	417,102	0	0	7,921,411
Operating Income (Loss)	146,281	(302,296)	(604,299)	41,274	0	0	(719,040)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
Income on Investments		2,671	50,442		461		53,574
Total Nonoperating Revenues	0	2,671	50,442	0	461	0	53,574
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	146,281	(299,625)	(553,857)	41,274	461	0	(665,466)
Transfers In			200,000				200,000
Transfers Out				(200,000)			(200,000)
Change in Net Position	146,281	(299,625)	(353,857)	(158,726)	461	0	(665,466)
Net Position, Beginning	1,449,281	(626,466)	2,992,482	373,759	171,389	503	4,360,948
Net Position, Beginning - Restated	(5,483)	(13,743)	(5,483)				(24,709)
Net Position, Ending	\$1,590,079	(\$939,834)	\$2,633,142	\$215,033	\$171,850	\$503	\$3,670,773

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT	COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS
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NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Right of Way	Extended School Program	Enhanced 911	CKY Network	Small Business Development	Public Parking Corporation	Total
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents:							
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers Payments for Entloyees Payments for Interfund Services Used	\$\$27,113 (158,510) (359,912) (2,702)	\$1,500,478 (222,526) (1,159,105) (251,510)	\$4,381,884 (1,570,835) (2,243,750) (310)	\$41,685 (421,504)	80	80	\$7,151,160 (2,373,375) (3,762,767) (254,522)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	305,989	(132,663)	566,989	20,181	0	0	760,496
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers In Transfers Out Net Cash Flows Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities	0	0	200,000 200,000	(200,000) (200,000)	0	0	200,000 (200,000) 0
Cash Flows Provided by Investing Activities: Purchases of Investments Income on Investments Net Cash Flows Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	0	2,671 2,671	(19,491) 50,442 30,951	0	(461) 461 0	0	(19,952) 53,574 33,622
Net Increase (Decrease)	305,989	(129,992)	797,940	(179,819)	0	0	794,118
Cash at Beginning of Y car	1,997,742	1,042,284	5,334,729	324,118	154,640	503	8,854,016
Cash at End of Y ear	\$2,303,731	\$912,292	\$6,132,669	\$144,299	\$154,640	\$503	\$9,648,134
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities:							
Operating Income (Loss)	\$146,281	(\$302,296)	(\$604,299)	\$41,274	\$0	\$0	(\$719,040)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets:	6,324	3,111	174,470				183,905
Other Receivables Inventories and Prepaid Expenses Due from Other Funds (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows:	53,941	(167) (1,390)	(88,294) (29,936) (5,309)	(16,691) (4,060)			(51,211) (35,386) (5,309)
Deferred Other Post Employment Benefit Amounts Deferred Pension Amounts Increased in 1 ishiltine.	(11,761) 10,729	(28,257) 30,916	(86,984) 41,774				(127,002) 83,419
Accounts Payable	10,572	(36,267)	(35,283)	(342)			(61,320)
Compensated Absences	2,636	(10,177)	570,392				562,851
Unfunded Other Post Employment Benefit Liability Unfunded Persion Liability	(6,415) 84,339	(16,086) 211,512	(44,155) 580,598				(66,656) 876,449
Increase (becrease) in Juerrea Innows: Deferred Other Post Employment Benefit Amounts Deferred Pension Amounts	21,736 (15,939)	54,510 (39,973)	149,631 (109,725)				225,877 (165,637)
Total Adjustments	159,708	169,633	1,171,288	(21,093)	0	0	1,479,536
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities	\$305,989	(\$132,663)	\$566,989	\$20,181	\$0	\$0	\$760,496

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing on a cost-reimbursement basis of services provided by one department to other departments within the Government and outside agencies associated with the Government. Individual funds included in this fund type are as follows:

The Health, Dental, and Vision Care Insurance Fund accounts for the Government's self-insurance programs for employee medical, dental, and vision care benefits.

The **Insurance and Risk Management Fund** accounts for the Government's self-insurance programs for workers' compensation, vehicle liability and physical, general liability and property damage coverage.

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

June 30, 2020

	Health, Dental, and Vision Care	Insurance and Risk Management	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash	\$2,494,566	\$34,745,607	\$37,240,173
Due from Other Funds	0	334,889	334,889
Receivables	2,274	26,896	29,170
Inventories and Prepaid Expenses	412,839		412,839
Total Current Assets	\$2,909,679	\$35,107,392	\$38,017,071
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Claims Payable:	\$1,004,120	\$66,988	\$1,071,108
Reported		11,885,567	11,885,567
Incurred But Not Reported	1,905,559	15,571,046	17,476,605
Total Current Liabilities	2,909,679	27,523,601	30,433,280
Total Liabilities	\$2,909,679	\$27,523,601	\$30,433,280
NET POSITION Unrestricted	\$0	\$7,583,791	\$7,583,791

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, & CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Health	, Dental, and V	ision Care Insur	ance	Insurance	
	Health	Dental	Vision Care	Total	and Risk Management	Total
Operating Revenues						
Premiums	\$33,372,608	\$2,416,628	\$322,016	\$36,111,252	\$10,854,328	\$46,965,580
Total Operating Revenues	33,372,608	2,416,628	322,016	36,111,252	10,854,328	46,965,580
Operating Expenses						
Claims and Benefit Payments	29,765,048	2,431,874	319,627	32,516,549	9,783,655	42,300,204
Operating Supplies and Expense	3,594,703			3,594,703		3,594,703
Total Operating Expenses	33,359,751	2,431,874	319,627	36,111,252	9,783,655	45,894,907
Operating Income (Loss)	12,857	(15,246)	2,389	0	1,070,673	1,070,673
Change in Net Position	12,857	(15,246)	2,389	0	1,070,673	1,070,673
Net Position, Beginning	213,663	(213,525)	(138)	0	6,513,118	6,513,118
Net Position, Ending	\$226,520	(\$228,771)	\$2,251	\$0	\$7,583,791	\$7,583,791

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Health, Dental, and Vision Care	Insurance and Risk Management	Total
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents:			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Receipts from Other Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0
Receipts from Employees and Other Sources	36,111,252		\$36,111,252
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided	(1,509)	13,444,853	13,443,344
Refunds from/(Payments to) Suppliers	(3,850,827)	(10,379)	(3,861,206)
Payments for Claims	(31,770,360)	(9,076,073)	(40,846,433)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	488,556	4,358,401	4,846,957
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	488,556	4,358,401	4,846,957
Cash at Beginning of Year	2,006,010	30,387,206	32,393,216
Cash at End of Year	\$2,494,566	\$34,745,607	\$37,240,173
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Used In Operating Activities:			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$0	\$1,070,673	\$1,070,673
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Decrease in Assets:			
Due from Other Funds		2,590,526	2,590,526
Other Receivables	(1,509)	(1)	(1,510)
Inventories and Prepaid Expenses	(81,145)		(81,145)
Increase in Liabilities:			(10
Accounts Payable	(174,979)	(10,379)	(185,358)
Claims Payable	746,189	707,582	1,453,771
Total Adjustments	488,556	3,287,728	3,776,284
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$488,556	\$4,358,401	\$4,846,957

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Government in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units or other funds. These include pension trust, expendable trust, and agency funds. Individual funds included in this fund type are as follows:

INVESTMENT TRUST FUND

The **Sanitary Sewer Investment Trust** is an investment trust fund. In fiscal year 2014, the Government defeased all outstanding debt and entered into a new Sewer indenture agreement. The new indenture provides that the gross income and revenues of the System first be used to pay operating and maintenance expenses of the System. Net Revenues of the System are deposited into the Bond Account, which is held by a Trustee.

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

The **Neighborhood Sewer Projects Fund** is a custodial fund that accounts for the collection of special assessments and debt service payments on financing for neighborhood capital projects.

The **Juvenile & Adult Probation Fund** accounts for funds collected by the divisions of Youth Services and Detention Services from juvenile and adult offenders and disbursed to victims in accordance with court decrees and funds collected from and disbursed for inmates on work release.

The **Property & Evidence Fund** accounts for monies collected from prisoners. Once the case has been adjudicated through the court system, money is distributed as ordered.

The **Domestic Relations Fund** accounts for the child support payments collected by the Government from non-custodial parents and disbursed to custodial parents.

The **Representative Payee Fund** accounts for funds managed by the Government on behalf of adults who are unable to manage their own money in order to prevent the exploitation, abuse, and neglect of these citizens.

The **Prisoners' Account System** was transferred to the Government in 1994 and accounts for the operations of the commissary at the Fayette County Detention Center.

Statement of Net Position Investment Trust Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Sewer
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$25,465,518
Total Assets	\$25,465,518
NET POSITION	

Net position restricted for	pool participants	\$25,465,518
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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION Investment Trust Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Sewer
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$6,603,860
Total Contributions	6,603,860
Investment Income:	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	
Interest	405,170
Total Investment Income	405,170
Less Investment Expense	950
Net Investment Income	404,220
Total Additions	7,008,080
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefit Payments	10,247,408
Total Deductions	10,247,408
Net Decrease	(3,239,328)
Net Position, Beginning	28,704,846
Net Position, Ending	\$25,465,518

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			1.01 MIC 1.Cal EDUCU JUIC 20, 2020				
	Domestic Relations Fund	Juvenile and Adult Probation	Neighborhood Sewer Projects Fund	Representative Payee Program	Property & Evidence Fund	Prisoner Account	Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables: Interest Receivable	\$314,227	\$337,425	\$714	\$66,296	\$1,298,395	\$1,141,088	\$3,158,145 50
Total Assets	\$314,277	\$337,425	\$714	\$66,296	\$1,298,395	\$1,141,088	\$3,158,195
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Total Liabilities	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0 \$0	\$525 \$525	\$0 \$0	\$223,808 \$223,808	\$224,333 \$224,333
NET POSITION Individuals, organizations, and Other Governments	\$314,277	\$337,425	\$714	\$65,771	\$1,298,395	\$917,280	\$2,933,862

See Independent Auditors' Report

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Domestic Relations Fund	Juvenile and Adult Probation	Neighborhood Sewer Projects Fund	Representative Payee Program	Property & Evidence Fund	Prisoner Account	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS Contributions: Employer	SO	S0	80	\$0	80	80	SO
Plan Members Other Governments	31,057	88,506		279,129	689,818	2,569,621 317,072	3,379,002 596,201
Total Contributions	31,057	88,506	0	279,129	689,818	2,886,693	3,975,203
Total Additions	31,057	88,506	0	279,129	689,818	2,886,693	3,975,203
DEDUCTIONS Benefit Payments Administrative Expense	31,057	81,514		236,560	402,941	4,355 2,729,244	756,427 2,729,244
Total Deductions	31,057	81,514	0	236,560	402,941	2,733,599	3,485,671
Net Increase (Decrease)	0	6,992	0	42,569	286,877	153,094	489,532
Net Position, Beginning Net Position, Ending	314,277 \$314,277	330,433 \$337,425	714 \$714	23,202 \$65,771	1,011,518 \$1,298,395	764,186 \$917,280	2,444,330 \$2,933,862

NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS

The Lexington Transit Authority is authorized to promote and develop mass transportation, including acquisition, operation, and extension of the existing mass transit system.

The **Lexington Public Library** provides educational, informational, and recreational services to Lexington and Fayette County through circulating and reference materials.

The Lexington Convention and Visitors Bureau promote recreational, convention, and tourist activity in Lexington and Fayette County.

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS June 30, 2020

	June 30, 2020			
	Lexington Transit	Lexington Public	Lexington Convention and	Total Nonmajor Component
ASSETS	Authority	Library	Visitors Bureau	Units
Cash	\$15,509,280	\$8,122,550	\$2,286,713	\$25,918,543
Investments	8,355,000	5,094,598	02,200,715	13,449,598
Receivables:				
Accounts Receivable	199,507		7,782	207,289
Other	192,397	37,506		229,903
Due from Primary Government Due from Other Governments	4 (21 107	1,450,778	369,063	1,819,841
	4,621,197	124 522	142.041	4,621,197
Inventories and Prepaid Expenses Restricted Current Assets:	713,223	124,533	142,041	979,797
	506.005	(21,402	0.250	1 005 5((
Cash	596,005	621,403	8,358	1,225,766
Investments	(50.45)	743,389	2,601,090	3,344,479
Pension Assets	653,456			653,456
Capital Assets:	5 002 027	5 240 022	104.000	10 427 7(0
Non-depreciable Depreciable (Net)	5,002,037 34,138,864	5,240,932 19,899,609	194,800 1,710,439	10,437,769 55,748,912
* * * /				
Total Assets	\$69,980,966	\$41,335,298	\$7,320,286	\$118,636,550
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Pension Amounts	\$2,285,415	\$3,203,901	\$1,395,714	\$6,885,030
Deferred Other Post Employment Benefit Amounts				
on Pension Plan Investments		1,411,680	598,056	2,009,736
Deferred Amount on Note Payable			2,625,000	2,625,000
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,285,415	4,615,581	4,618,770	11,519,766
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$72,266,381	\$45,950,879	\$11,939,056	\$130,156,316
LIABILITIES				
Accounts, Contracts Payable and				
Accrued Liabilities	\$829,453	\$610,204	\$158,325	\$1,597,982
Interest Payable		138		138
Due to Component Units			2,625,000	2,625,000
Unearned Revenue and Other		13,411	821	14,232
Non-Current Liabilities: Due Within One Year:				
Compensated Absences	152,826	330,744	119,283	602,853
Bonds and Notes Payable	968,098	646,901	119,205	1,614,999
Due in More Than One Year:	,000,070	010,901		1,011,000
Compensated Absences	353,789			353,789
Bonds and Notes Payable	16,609,979	7,387,220	28,776	24,025,975
Unfunded Other Post Retirement				
Benefit Liability		3,583,624	1,099,225	4,682,849
Unfunded Pension Liability		14,988,332	4,597,572	19,585,904
Total Liabilities	\$18,914,145	\$27,560,574	\$8,629,002	\$55,103,721
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Pension Amounts	\$3,242,812	\$932,213	\$181,796	\$4,356,821
Deferred Other Post Employment Benefit Amounts		1,421,181	391,405	1,812,586
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,242,812	2,353,394	573,201	6,169,407
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$22,156,957	\$29,913,968	\$9,202,203	\$61,273,128
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$22,158,829	\$17,106,420	\$1,905,239	\$41,170,488
Restricted for:		1 001		
Governmental and Program Funds Unrestricted	27 050 505	1,331,750	821 614	1,331,750
	27,950,595	(2,401,259)	831,614	26,380,950
Total Net Position	\$50,109,424	\$16,036,911	\$2,736,853	\$68,883,188

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT	COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS	For the Vear Ended June 30, 2020
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			Program Revenues			Net (Expenses Changes in	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Lexington Transit	Lexington Public	Lexington Convention and	Total Nonmajor Component
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Authority	Library	Visitors Bureau	Units
Lexington Transit Authority								
Transit Operations	\$24,334,597	\$3,367,069	\$9,426,510	\$1,251,035	(\$10, 289, 983)			(\$10,289,983)
Depreciation	3,153,740				(3, 153, 740)			(3, 153, 740)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	164,695				(164, 695)			(164, 695)
Total Lexington Transit Authority	27,653,032	3,367,069	9,426,510	1,251,035				(13,608,418)
Lexington Public Library								
Library Operations	15,618,521	460,618	1,225,823	105,000		(\$13, 827, 080)		(13, 827, 080)
Depreciation	1,501,348					(1,501,348)		(1,501,348)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	346,664					(346,664)		(346, 664)
Total Lexington Public Library	17,466,533	460,618	1,225,823	105,000			ļ	(15, 675, 092)
Lexington Convention and Visitors Bureau								
Convention and Tourism Operations	7,063,977		294,036				(\$6,769,941)	(6, 769, 941)
Depreciation	285,123						(285,123)	(285, 123)
Total Lexington Convention and Visitors Bureau	7,349,100	0	294,036	0			•	(7,055,064)
Total Nonnajor Component Units	\$52,468,665	\$3,827,687	\$10,946,369	\$1,356,035	(\$13,608,418)	(\$15,675,092)	(\$7,055,064)	(\$36, 338, 574)
	General Revenues:	es:						
	Taxes				\$19,444,518	\$17,115,822	\$5,787,946	\$42,348,286
	Income on Investments	stments				184,352	34,057	218,409
	Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	Capital Assets			34,606			34,606
	Miscellaneous				(714,958)	389,431	7,623	(317, 904)
	Total Gener	Total General Revenues			18,764,166	17,689,605	5,829,626	42,283,397
	Change in Net Position	sition			5,155,748	2,014,513	(1,225,438)	5,944,823
	Net Position, Beginning	inning			44,953,676	14,022,398	3,962,291	62,938,365
	Net Position, Ending	ing			\$50,109,424	\$16,036,911	\$2,736,853	\$68,883,188

See Independent Auditor's Report

STATISTICAL SECTION

The Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the Government's overall financial health.

Financial Trends: Tables 1-6

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity: Tables 7 - 12

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Government's most significant local revenue sources.

Debt Capacity: Tables 13 – 17

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Government's current level of outstanding debt and the Government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic & Economic Indicators: Tables 18-21

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Government's financial activity takes place.

Operating Information: Tables 22 – 24

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

		Γ	EXINGTON-FAYI LA	A YETTE URBAN COUNTY NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	L				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$921,236,876	\$899,350,344	\$877,691,469	\$860,074,409	\$838,877,310	\$813,823,945	\$752,686,501	\$718,483,933	\$667,270,316	\$693,353,437
Restricted	32,640,718	20,289,131	26,895,407	22,045,314	34,719,227	58,884,930	61,892,472	69,345,687	67,240,794	63,237,509
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(110,023,238)	(98, 714, 274)	(94, 638, 121)	(83,112,939)	(350, 353, 804)	(370, 433, 940)	(403, 166, 799)	(741, 550, 665)	(766,027,807)	(841, 868, 598)
Total governmental activities net position	843,854,356	820,925,201	809,948,755	799,006,784	523,242,733	502,274,935	411,412,174	46,278,955	(31,516,697)	(85,277,652)
Rusiness-tune Activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	209,276,568	217,434,369	217,313,258	222,913,279	227,825,104	231,848,112	235,845,376	247,162,736	275,607,655	301,488,408
Restricted	50,637,360	57,712,759	66,194,803	68,209,300	60,086,906	69,892,072	77,840,186	74,759,178	15,450,619	16,856,445
Unrestricted (Deficit)	33,023,663	29,435,424	27,429,362	33,237,351	36,179,971	38,061,916	41,169,488	39,300,274	54,867,555	43,004,483
Total business-type activities net position	292,937,591	304,582,552	310,937,423	324,359,930	324,091,981	339,802,100	354,855,050	361,222,188	345,925,829	361,349,336
Primary Government										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,130,513,444	1,116,784,713 78 001 000	1,095,004,727	1,082,987,688	1,066,702,414 04 806 133	1,045,672,057	988,531,877 120 727 650	965,646,669 144-104-865	942,877,971 82 601 412	994,841,845 80.002.054
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(76,999,575)	(69,278,850)	(67,208,759)	(49,875,588)	(314,173,833) *	(332,372,024)	(361,997,311)	(702,250,391) **	(711,160,252)	(798,864,115)
Total primary government net position	\$1,136,791,947	\$1,125,507,753	\$1,120,886,178	\$1,123,366,714	\$847,334,714	\$842,077,035	\$766,267,224	\$407,501,143	\$314,409,132	\$276,071,684

* In 2015, the Government implemented GASB Statement No. 68 which revised the reporting for its liability related to pensions. ** In 2018, the Government implemented GASB Statement No. 74 which revised the reporting for its liability related to other paid employee benefits (OPEB).

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
Administrative Services	\$1,386,040	\$21,143,480	\$11,761,053	\$5,342,699	\$7,433,487	\$7,800,854	\$9,578,189	\$10,332,453	\$10,124,062	\$11,693,590
Chief Development Officer		470,018	620,665	192,555	513,854	2,074,348	207,793	263,297	1,207,709	4,475,178
Community Corrections	31,104,781	31,286,365	32,631,937	34,000,937	30,066,104	30,814,432	33,771,433	40,748,826	42,468,842	40,829,856
Environmental Quality	23,500,067									
Environmental Quality & Public Works		80,559,723	83,878,537	45,339,718	54,933,912	60,134,890	61,270,031	65,541,170	64,882,901	99,634,822
Finance	28,515,655	19,357,661	14,744,087	16,726,346	14,049,319	39,135,165	49,393,398	36,669,013	36,311,239	38,586,921
Fire & Emergency Services	67,106,441	66,413,015	62,781,239	67,689,682	56,832,342	66,853,053	84,838,719	92,898,310	89.329.598	97,423,698
General Government	24, 197, 239	22,985,046	23,692,990	26,973,537	25,480,664	30,180,917	45,598,791	24,040,021	45,808,696	32,298,976
General Services**	14,242,698	10,041,709	10,898,533	10,551,162	11,827,132	12,486,401	22,964,722	13,442,525	12,376,066	13,771,668
Health, Dental and Vision Insurance	34,755,417	26,211,457	25,006,634	24,893,545	25,000,892	22,632,726	26,894,758	27,763,298	28,505,869	28,527,889
Information Technology**	9,713,226			6,983,029	8,401,242	9,464,131	11,174,379	11,011,888	12,247,559	11,932,762
Law	10,227,268	3,497,483	4,006,240	3,811,867	2,650,481	2,109,025	5,652,482	2,602,304	2,886,923	2,276,542
Parks & Recreation	19,064,298	19,386,251	19,653,677	19,693,483	18,854,526	21,010,506	23,375,486	24,127,163	24,799,178	21,973,908
Planning, Preservation, & Development*			3,767,295	47,343,980	42,415,735	53,776,224	45,359,659	46,217,442	46,408,689	658,637
Police	71,714,415	68,164,371	69,945,322	69,822,219	56,418,416	64,145,155	74,436,600	94,799,943	87,225,335	98,572,293
Public Safety**	11,162,765	13,042,036	14,666,437	10,776,283	12,593,479	12,560,199	14,759,631	14,913,489	14,632,438	15,881,668
Public Works	63,671,436									
Social Services	10,672,881	9,780,945	10,194,745	10,478,516	10,964,083	11,754,471	13,035,311	14,222,704	15,086,794	14,413,447
Interest on Long-Term Debt	13,131,617	12,835,920	13,116,205	13,053,635	13,116,151	13,722,941	15,336,458	15,273,176	16,044,874	15,587,055
Total governmental activities	434,166,244	405,175,480	401,365,596	413,673,193	391,551,819	460,655,438	537,647,840	534,867,022	550,346,772	548,538,910
Business-type Activities:										
Sanitary Sewer System	42,472,580	40,124,346	39,014,016	43,664,387	41,207,716	44,271,125	50,078,962	53,354,239	63,106,251	65,670,252
Public Facilities	10,741,225	10,333,320	9,419,886	8,895,507	8,829,979	9,596,104	8,666,540	8,049,921	6,915,288	6,898,732
Public Parking	906,926	847,894	84,866	265,226	66,994	66,987	1,965,274			
Landfill	6,581,625	5,271,593	4,099,770	6,060,197	4,426,038	5,542,566	3,962,016	4,071,987	4,799,382	4,677,693
Right of Way	312,770	298,896	284,470	308,683	280,214	336,415	493,872	529,580	593,476	626,891
Extended School Program	2,207,310	2,339,148	2,198,555	1,977,394	1,951,359	2,262,605	2,023,018	2,137,227	2,152,127	1,802,941
Prisoners' Account System	1,287,139	1,373,473	1,393,543	1,844,393	1,253,423	1,716,855	3,002,164	2,930,224		
Enhanced 911	3,083,806	2,973,088	2,930,379	2,384,796	2,638,373	3,940,313	4,170,674	4,701,497	4,797,403	5,074,477
CKY Network	84,242	29,307	10,668	450,919	1,307,829	879,328	412,763	266,242	421,115	417,102
Water Quality	6,280,081	9,182,669	8,308,501	9,139,302	8,618,921	11,290,945	12,062,937	13,618,632	13,628,042	14,744,923
Total Business-Type Activities	73,957,704	72,773,734	67,744,654	74,990,804	70,580,846	79,903,243	86,838,220	89,659,549	96,413,084	99,913,011
Total Primary Government	8208 123 948	217 949 714	8469 110 250	2488 663 997	5462 132 665	\$540 558 681	\$624 486 060	2624 526 571	8646 759 856	\$648 451 921

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LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT LEXINGTON-FANGEIS IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Preprint Network S100 S103.43 S100 S103.43 S100 S103.43 S100.43 S100.44 <	\$367,263 (6.28) 9,161,315 2,681,97 3,388,797 3,388,797 3,388,797 3,388,797 3,388,797 3,386,529 17,046,525 4,41,55 2,245,258 2,489,549 64,898 2,245,228 64,898 64,898 2,245,228 64,898 64,898 64,898 64,898 64,898 64,898 64,772 98,040,995 64,772 98,040,995 64,773 11,706,882 52,05,812 52,05,912 52,05,912 52,05,912 52,05,912 52,05,912 52,05,912 52,05	\$351,158 576,944 8,574,892 3,140,243 1,912,603 1,912,603 1,912,603 8,211,753 1,912,603 8,211,753 1,912,603 8,211,753 1,912,603 8,211,753 4,317,904 1,804,855 1,508,7470 1,508,7470 1,508,7470 1,508,7470 1,508,7470 1,508,7470 1,508,7470 1,508,7470 1,204,957 1,204,856 1	8498.615 9.32.000 9.32.000 2.485.454 4.72.126 4.72.126 4.72.126 9.210.668 9.0210.668 9.0210.668 9.0210.668 9.035.469 1.83.460 1.83.460 1.513.686 6.9.22 1.662.263 1.662.263 1.652.663 1.513.889.664 1.513.889.664 1.513.839.664 8.519.538 9.6193.375 9	\$769,505 9,263,554 3,113,988 55,401 55,401 6,642,288 13,13,556 1,700 26,894,758 3,114,354 1,717,759 1,345,455 3,114,354 1,717,759 1,345,455 1,345,456 1,717,759 1,345,456 1,717,759 1,345,456 1,717,759 1,346,456\\1,346,456\\1,346,456\\1,346,456\\1,346,456\\1,346,456\\1,346,456\\1,346,456\\1,346,456\\1,346,456\\1,346,456\\1,346,	\$2,123,003 9,159 9,169 9,209,583 3,005,644 462,564 462,564 19,235,00 16,817,192 16,548 16,555 16,548 16,555 16,548 16,555 16,548 16,555 16,548 16,555 16,558 17,558 16,5588 16,5588 16,5588 16,5588 16,5588 16,5588 16,5588 16,558	\$395,756 40,428 10,424,478	\$480,879 190,118 9,225,735
Administration S100 S103.45 S59.06 Administration 2403.31 2707.32 828.66 Commit Contraction 2403.31 2707.32 828.66 Environment Contraction 2403.31 2707.32 828.66 Environment Contraction 243.33 240.03 240.03 240.03 Environment Contraction 245.64 243.33 250.0664 240.03 240.06 Environment Contraction 245.64 240.03 240.06 240.03 240.06 240.03 240.05	\$367,363 6.281 9.161,315 2.681,977 3.358,797 3.358,797 3.358,797 4.155 4.155 4.155 4.155 4.155 4.155 4.155 4.155 4.155 4.155 4.155 4.155 6.4,898 6.375,794 7.406,795 6.375,794 7.406,795 7.406,705 7.406,705 7.406,705 7.406,705 7.406,705 7.406,705 7.707 7.707 7.705 7	531,158 5,54,892 7,5,94 8,574,892 3,140,243 1,912,003 1,912,003 1,912,003 1,912,003 1,912,003 1,912,003 1,912,003 1,500,382 1,500,	\$98.615 2.500 2.500 2.500 2.485.454 4.72,126 9.210,668 9.9,01668 9.9,01668 9.9,10668 9.9,1266 3.146 4.403.431 4.403.431 1.19,969 1.513,668 6.4,032 1.513,668 6.6,263 1.513,668 6.9,522 1.513,668 6.9,523 1.513,558 6.9,523 1.513,558 6.9,523 1.513,558 6.9,523 7.050,357 7.050,357 7.050,357 7.050,357 7.050,0570,0570,0570,0570,0570,0570,0570	\$769,905 9,2559 9,25,554 3,113,98 5,5401 6,422,785 18,422,785 18,422,785 11,700 26,894,758 3,114,354 1,7700 4,334,455 3,114,354 1,777,739 1,7700 4,334,455 3,114,354 1,777,739 1,146,822 1,177,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,277,739 1,377,7377,739 1,377,7377,739 1,377,739 1,377,739 1	\$2,123,003 9,159 9,309,583 3,005,644 462,569 6,817,192 19,438,510 16,548 16,556 16,548 10,556 16,548 16,558 16,548 16,558 17,159 16,558 16,558 16,558 16,558 16,558 16,558 16,558 16,558 17,558 16,5588 16,5588 16,5588 16,5588 16,5588 16,5588 16,5588 16,558	\$395,756 40,428 10,424,478	\$480,879 190,118 9,225,735
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Community Conctones Environmental (dualy & Padie Works************************************	9,161,515 9,161,515 3,588,197 3,588,197 3,588,198 1,588,298 4,577 4,575 4,575 4,899,209 6,575,794 1,773,695 1,773,695 1,773,695 1,773,695 1,773,694 1,773,694 1,773,694 1,773,694 1,773,694 1,773,594 1,776,4989 5,775,794 1,776,4989 5,775,794 1,776,4989 5,775,794 1,776,4989 5,775,794 1,776,4989 5,775,794 1,776,4989 5,775,794 1,776,4989 5,775,794 1,776,4989 5,775,794 1,776,4989 5,775,794 1,776,4989 5,775,794 1,776,4989 5,775,794 1,776,4989 5,775,794 1,776,4989 5,777,766 1,771,17 2,2722,177 1,776,4989 5,775,794 1,776,4989 5,775,794 1,776,4989 5,777,794 1,776,4989 5,777,794 1,773,698 1,773,698 1,774,678 1,773,698 1,774,678 1,774,678 1,775,794 1,773,678 1,774,678 1,773,678 1,774,678 1,774,678 1,775,678 1,774,678 1,774,678 1,774,678 1,775,678 1,775,678 1,775,678 1,775,678 1,775,678 1,775,678 1,775,678 1,775,678 1,774,678 1,775,678 1,775,678 1,775,678 1,775,678 1,775,678 1,775,678 1,775,678 1,775,678 1,775,678 1,775,678 1,775,778 1,775,	8.574.892 3.1.40.243 1.9.035.778 9.7.371 2.5.00.892 1.5.00.892 1.5.00.892 1.5.00.892 1.5.00.381 1.5.00.392 2.2.09.585 1.5.00.754 1.5.00.754 2.47.994 1.5.00.754 2.47.994 2.47.994 2.47.994 2.47.994 2.47.994 2.47.994 2.47.994 2.47.945 1.5.00.427.782 8.1.90.658 1.2.29.896 1.2.29.896 1.2.29.896 3.8.07455 3.8.074555 3.8.07455555555555555555555555555555555555	9,330,723 9,330,723 2,485,454 9,210,668 9,9135,469 9,9135,469 9,334,461 3,119,069 3,119,069 1,113,086 6,32,726 69,522 1,113,086 1,113,086 1,113,086 1,113,086 1,113,086 1,113,086 1,113,086 1,113,086 1,13,389 69,527 96,193,389 705 705 705 705 705 705 705 705 705 705	9,263,554 3,113,988 55,401 6,422,785 18,642,2898 17,700 4,333,455 1,717,739 1,717,739 1,717,739 7,318,452 1,717,739 1,314,6827 1,314,6822 6,269,038 1,314,6822 6,269,038 1,314,6822 6,269,038 6,269,038 6,269,038 6,269,038 73,187 74,187 74,197	9,309,583 3,005,644 3,005,644 6,817,192 19,438,510 16,548 27,765,298 27,765,298 1,325,061	10,424,478	9,225,735
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Time $(1,3,1,3)$ $(2,41,3,6)$ $(2,1,1,2)$ $(2,1,3,3)$ <t< td=""><td>7.056.059 7.036.059 4.155 4.155 4.155 4.257 4.271 4.271 4.271 4.271 4.271 4.271 4.271 4.271 6.4890 6.4800 6.4800,095 6.4800,099 6.375.794 6.375.794 6.375.794 6.375.794 7.064,089 6.375.794 6.375.794 7.064,089 6.375.794 11.119,524 11.119,524 11.119,524 11.119,524 11.119,524</td><td>8,211,753 9,925,003 9,977 2,5,000,882 1,5,003,381 1,5,003,381 1,5,003,381 1,5,003,381 1,5,007,494 1,8,04,885 1,8,04,885 1,8,04,885 1,8,04,885 1,8,04,885 1,8,04,885 1,8,04,885 1,2,04,18 8,19,0,685 7,2,11,8,64 7,211,8,64 7,211,8,64 7,211,8,64 8,19,0,685 1,2,7445 3,2,007,762 8,405,783 1,2,7445 1,2,7445 3,2,007,762 8,19,0,687 1,2,7445 8,19,0,687 1,2,7445 8,19,0,687 1,2,7445 8,19,0,687 1,2,7445 8,19,0,687 1,2,7445 8,19,0,687 1,2,7445 8,19,0,687 1,2,7445 8,19,0,687 1,2,7445 8,19,4,582 1,2,7445 1,2,745 1,2,745 1,2,74555 1,2,74555 1,2,74555 1,2,74555 1,2,745555 1,2,74555555 1,2,7455555555555555555555555555555555555</td><td>472,126 9,219,0668 9,0319,0668 19,035,449 31,3446 31,4416 31,416 31,119,069 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,056 1,515,056 1,515,056 1,515,056 1,515,056 1,515,056 1,515,056 1,515,056</td><td>55,401 6,422,785 18,642,785 1,700 26,84,781 8,1,700 4,333,455 3,114,739 7,31,85,791 1,3,487 1,3,187 1,3,487 1,3,187 1,3,487 1,3,487 1,3,487 1,3,487 1,3,487 6,289,038 9,5431,225 6,289,037 6,289,037 1,7,303,362 6,289,037 6,289,037 1,7,303,362 6,289,037 1,7,303,362 6,289,037 1,7,303,362 6,289,037 1,7,303,362 6,289,037 1,7,303,362 6,289,037 1,7,303,362 6,289,037 1,247</td><td>602,509 6,817,192 19,438,510 16,548 27,763,298 27,763,298 213 4,325,061</td><td>3,180,175</td><td>4,851,621</td></t<>	7.056.059 7.036.059 4.155 4.155 4.155 4.257 4.271 4.271 4.271 4.271 4.271 4.271 4.271 4.271 6.4890 6.4800 6.4800,095 6.4800,099 6.375.794 6.375.794 6.375.794 6.375.794 7.064,089 6.375.794 6.375.794 7.064,089 6.375.794 11.119,524 11.119,524 11.119,524 11.119,524 11.119,524	8,211,753 9,925,003 9,977 2,5,000,882 1,5,003,381 1,5,003,381 1,5,003,381 1,5,003,381 1,5,007,494 1,8,04,885 1,8,04,885 1,8,04,885 1,8,04,885 1,8,04,885 1,8,04,885 1,8,04,885 1,2,04,18 8,19,0,685 7,2,11,8,64 7,211,8,64 7,211,8,64 7,211,8,64 8,19,0,685 1,2,7445 3,2,007,762 8,405,783 1,2,7445 1,2,7445 3,2,007,762 8,19,0,687 1,2,7445 8,19,0,687 1,2,7445 8,19,0,687 1,2,7445 8,19,0,687 1,2,7445 8,19,0,687 1,2,7445 8,19,0,687 1,2,7445 8,19,0,687 1,2,7445 8,19,0,687 1,2,7445 8,19,4,582 1,2,7445 1,2,745 1,2,745 1,2,74555 1,2,74555 1,2,74555 1,2,74555 1,2,745555 1,2,74555555 1,2,7455555555555555555555555555555555555	472,126 9,219,0668 9,0319,0668 19,035,449 31,3446 31,4416 31,416 31,119,069 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,066 1,513,056 1,515,056 1,515,056 1,515,056 1,515,056 1,515,056 1,515,056 1,515,056	55,401 6,422,785 18,642,785 1,700 26,84,781 8,1,700 4,333,455 3,114,739 7,31,85,791 1,3,487 1,3,187 1,3,487 1,3,187 1,3,487 1,3,487 1,3,487 1,3,487 1,3,487 6,289,038 9,5431,225 6,289,037 6,289,037 1,7,303,362 6,289,037 6,289,037 1,7,303,362 6,289,037 1,7,303,362 6,289,037 1,7,303,362 6,289,037 1,7,303,362 6,289,037 1,7,303,362 6,289,037 1,7,303,362 6,289,037 1,247	602,509 6,817,192 19,438,510 16,548 27,763,298 27,763,298 213 4,325,061	3,180,175	4,851,621
$ \begin{array}{c} \mbox{transform} transform$	1,005,025 4,155 4,155 4,274 4,274 4,274 4,274 4,274 4,274 5,245,228 2,286,209 6,372,794 1,705,695 1,705,695 1,705,695 1,705,695 6,375,794 6,375,794 6,375,794 6,375,794 6,375,794 1,1119,524 1,1119,524 1,1119,524 1,1119,524 1,1119,524 1,1119,524 1,1119,524 1,1119,524 1,1119,524 1,1119,524 1,1119,524	19.03778 97.971 25.000.892 3.8211,503 3.8213,003 4.337590 4.337590 4.337594 2.2709.381 1.640,754 2.470,954 1.804,855 1.5.087,470 8.3007,762 6.405,783 7.211,864 7.211,864 1.264,890 1.2223,896 1.2223,896 3.2007,762 5.415 3.2223,896 1.264,890 3.2223,896 1.264,890 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,896 3.2223,415 3.2224,155 3.2223,415 3.2224,155 3.2224,155 3.2224,155 3.2224,155 3.2224,155 3.2224,155 3.2223,155 3.2233,155 3.2223,155 3.2223,155 3.2223,155 3.2223,155 3.2223,155 3.2223,155 3.2233,155 3.2223,155 3.2	9.5.10,605 9.5.406 18.346 18.346 3.196 3.196 4.403,431 4.403,431 1.513,686 6.9,522 1.513,686 6.9,522 1.513,686 6.9,522 1.513,83964 1.513,83964 1.513,83964 8.519,538 9.6,197,389 9.6,197,389 7.050,037	8, 442, 88 18, 642, 88 1,700 26, 894, 75 8, 981, 75 4, 333, 455 4, 333, 455 4, 333, 455 3, 114, 354 1,717, 799 1,3, 146, 822 1,3, 146, 822 6, 2,90, 1038 6, 2,90, 1038 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	0,817,192 19,85,510 16,5248 27,763,298 213 1,087 4,325,061	459,930	399,959
Constrain 97,36,7 6,11,37 5,26,7 Identi, Denti, and Vein 35,31 35,11,67 35,06,64 Identi, Denti, and Vein 35,35 5,06,64 36,06 Intermis, Retention 35,31 4,81,053 3,41,85,23 30,06 Intermis, Prescriptin, & Development 3,54,36 1,55,33 30,06 30,06 Intermis, Prescriptin, & Development 3,54,36 1,55,33 30,06 30,05 Intermis, Stept 3,54,36 1,55,33 30,06 30,57,36 30,57,36 Intermis, Generation, & Development 3,54,36 1,156,66 1,36,73 30,30 Intermis, Generation, & Development 3,54,36 1,156,66 1,36,73 30,30 Intermis, Generation 1,34,36 1,136,67 1,37,13 30,30 Intermis, Generation 1,34,36 1,156,66 1,36,73 35,754 Dentis, Generation 1,34,36 1,136,67 35,754 35,754 Dentis, Generation 1,34,36 1,136,67 35,754 35,754 De	24,155 24,895,345 4,155 4,273 4,29006 3,369,528 2,345,228 2,345,228 2,345,228 2,345,228 2,345,228 2,345,228 2,345,228 1,703,425 9,200,472 9,200,472 9,200,472 9,200,472 50,480,049 6,375,794 6,375,794 6,375,794 50,480,049 6,375,794 6,375,794 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524	25,000,892 3,821 3,821 4,337,995 2,709,381 2,47,994 1,804,885 15,087,470 15,407,794 15,087,470 15,087,470 15,096,685 15,087,470 15,096,685 15,096,685 15,097,762 6,405,783 12,010,867 3,2101,864 3,2101,864 3,211,864 12,223,896 11,264,890 3,2127,415 4,212,415 4,212,41	18.346 2.6.32.726 3.1.416 3.1.416 4.403.431 3.1.19.969 1.515.666 6.3.22 1.515.666 6.3.22 1.515.666 6.3.22 1.515.666 6.3.22 1.515.558 9.619.358 9.619.358 7.050.37 7.050.37 7.050.03	1,700 26,894,758 981 17,700 4,334,455 3,114,354 1,717,759 1,717,759 1,717,759 1,717,759 1,717,759 1,717,759 1,717,759 1,717,759 1,314,822 6,269,0038 6,269,0038 6,269,0038 6,239,0037 7,339,0037 1,337,0000 1,337,0000000000000000000000000000000000	16,548 27,763,298 213 1,087 4,325,061	21.877.626	8,724,174 17.275,262
Holm in Technology ¹¹ 3,35,31 5,506,54 Informin Technology ¹² 1,8,217 5,501,137 5,506,54 Informin Technology ¹² 1,8,217 5,533 4,55,53 Pales Revenion, & Development ¹ *** 2,820,91 1,53,33 4,15,533 3,41,533 Pales Steps ¹⁴ 2,823,91 1,706,590 1,357,133 3,41,533 3,41,533 Pales Steps ¹⁴ 2,483,83 1,389,522 1,1,706,590 1,367,53 3,41,533 Pales Steps ¹⁴ 3,34,213 1,389,522 1,1,394,66 1,367,53 3,41,653 Pales Steps Capital Grants Contributions 1,389,522 1,1,394,66 1,367,53 3,57,53 Statisty Steer 1,3,495,52 1,1,394,66 5,83,23 3,57,53 Statisty Steer 1,3,495,52 1,1,394,66 5,83,23 3,57,53 Statisty Steer 1,1,394,66 5,83,23 3,57,54 1,1,1,1 Landfill 1,2,34,73 1,3,43,61 1,58,66 3,57,56 Statisty Steer 1,1,6,1,7 2,3,23,73 2,3,23,	24393,545 24303,545 49,006 2,345,298 2,345,298 64,898 64,898 11,703,695 15,108,495 92,00,572 98,940,999 6,375,794 7,064,889 6,375,794 6,375,794 7,064,889 52,08,12 2,202,177 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524	25,000,892 15,013 4,321,958 15,013 15,013 15,003,81 16,40,754 16,40,754 16,40,754 16,40,774 16,40,774 16,40,774 16,40,776 16,40,77	26,632,726 31,416 31,416 4,403,431 31,19,469 69,522 69,522 69,523 15,13,686 69,523 96,193,389 69,779 69,779 69,779 69,773 705 705 705 705 705 705 705 705 705 705	26,894,758 26,894,758 17,70 1,777,759 1,777,759 1,717,759 1,717,759 1,717,759 1,717,759 1,717,759 1,717,759 1,717,759 1,3146,822 6,209,038 6,200,038 7,200,038 7	27,763,298 213 1,087 4,325,061	4,139	7,724
Internation retronogy $0.8.0$ <	4,2,1 4,2,0 5,45,906 2,345,299 64,598 64,598 64,598 1,703,695 1,703,695 1,703,695 1,703,695 1,703,694 1,703,694 9,200,575 9,200,575 9,200,575 9,200,575 9,200,575 1,717 2,2702,177 1,275 1,775 1,776 1,119,524 1,776 1,119,524 1,776 1,119,524 1,2776 1,119,524 1,2776 1,119,524 1,2776 1,119,524	1,5,8,1 1,5,8,1 2,709,381 1,640,354 2,47,994 1,804,885 1,804,885 1,804,885 1,804,885 1,804,885 1,804,885 1,804,885 1,804,885 1,804,885 1,804,885 1,804,885 1,804,875 2,205,126 2,205,126 2,205,126 2,205,126 3,204,15 2,205,15 3,204,15 2,205,15 2,204,15 2,205,15 2,205,15 2,204	3,006 3,1416 4,403,431 3,119,969 1,513,686 69,522 1,538,964 1,538,964 8,394,719 6,97,558 8,394,719 6,97,558 6,97,558 7,050,97 705 705 705 705 2,289,069 2,289,069	17,700 17,700 4,333,455 4,334,59 11,717,739 73,187 1,146,822 6,269,088 6,269,088 6,269,088 6,269,088 6,269,088 6,269,088 6,269,038 6,269,038 7,303,302 7,303,302	213 1,087 4,325,061	28,505,869	28,527,889
Product $4.33,03$ $4.45,53$ $4.55,33$ $4.55,33$ $4.55,33$ $4.55,33$ $4.55,33$ $4.55,33$ $4.55,33$ $4.55,33$ $4.55,33$ $4.55,33$ $4.55,33$ $4.55,33$ $4.55,33$ $4.55,33$ $4.55,33$ $4.55,33$ $3.0,05$ $3.$	3,869,900 2,945,228 2,039,209 64,898 64,898 1,703,695 1,703,695 98,840,099 6,375,794 6,375,794 6,375,794 6,375,794 1,711 2,202,812 2,302,812	4,327,955 2,709,381 1,640,754 2,47,994 2,815,904,875 1,804,875 1,804,875 81,904,875 81,904,762 81,904,762 81,904,762 6,405,783 7,211,864 7,211,8657 7,211,8657777777777777777777	4403.471 3,119,669 1,5113,686 69,522 69,522 1,662,363 1,662,363 1,662,363 8,339,4719 58,394,719 58,394,719 58,394,719 58,394,719 58,394,397 705 705 705 705 705 705 705 705 705 70	4,333,455 3,114,354 1,717,739 73,187 1,316,739 1,346,882 6,269,038 6,269,038 95,431,255 63,890,717 7,303,362	4,325,061	5,5/0 7.638	202 20731
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2.035.228 2.035.209 6.039.209 6.058 1.703.065 1.703.065 15.108.425 98.840.099 6.375.794 6.375.794 6.375.794 7.064.089 6.375.794 7.064.089 5.375.704 11.11.19.524 11.11.9.524 11.11.9.524 11.11.9.524 11.11.9.524	2,709,381 1,640,754 2,47,954 1,804,885 15,087,470 8,190,685 0,6405,783 1,00,439,782 1,00,439,783 1,207,415 3,2007,762 4,455 7,211,864 7,	3,119,069 1,513,086 69,522 69,522 11,662,363 13,383,964 8,319,518 96,197,389 6,877,558 7,050,397 7050,307 7050,307 7050,307 7050,307 7050,307 7050,507,507 7050,5070,507	3,114,584 1,717,739 7,3,187 1,866,791 1,866,791 13,146,822 6,269,008 6,269,008 65,290,008 65,290,017 65,390,717 7,303,362		4,483,856	3,418,739
Diles Diles $2,20,30$ $2,2,29$ $1,92,297$ Diles Works $3,04,5,00$ $1,57,09$ $1,57,09$ $1,57,09$ Solid Strip*** $3,04,5,00$ $1,57,09$ $1,57,09$ $1,57,09$ Solid Strip** $3,04,5,00$ $1,57,09$ $1,57,09$ $1,57,09$ Copening Carse & Combinions $2,04,6,00$ $1,59,2,27$ $1,306,528$ $1,306,528$ Coperating Carse & Combinions $1,306,528$ $1,306,528$ $1,306,529$ $1,57,091$ Taul Government Arrivins $0,53,41,18$ $0,532,400$ $1,55,700$ $2,32,259$ Duble Foulins Duble Foulins $1,121,790$ $9,516,100$ $9,523,500$ Duble Foulins Action Program $1,121,790$ $2,332,410$ $3,592,400$ Duble Foulins Mary Outin $1,121,790$ $2,332,410$ $3,592,400$ Fister of Action Program $1,121,790$ $2,336,410$ $3,592,415$ $4,500$ Duble Foulins Fouriers $1,121,790$ $2,336,413$ $2,392,410$ $3,275,415$ $4,500$	2.039,209 64,898 1,703,695 15,108,425 9,200,572 9,8,840,995 6,375,794 6,375,794 6,375,794 6,375,794 7,064,889 7,064,889 7,064,889 7,064,889 7,202,171 2,272,285 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524	1,640,754 1,640,754 1,804,885 15,087,470 8,190,685 6,405,783 6,405,783 12,01,864 7,211,864 7,211,864 7,211,864 7,211,864 1,264,896 3,810,087 1,244,582 3,810,879 1,244,582 3,810,870 1,244,582	1,513,666 69,522 69,522 1,562,563 13,389,064 83,19,315 96,193,369 5,987,358 5,987,358 705 705 705 705 2,289,069 2,289,069	1,717,739 73,187 1,586,791 13,146,822 6,269,038 95,431,225 63,890,717 7,303,362	3,134,064	3,100,837	(651)
Public Notistic 4,005,300 1,05,009 1,05,009 1,05,009 Public Notistics 0,007,006 0,077,013 1,065,700 1,057,123 Openiting Comment Artivities 0,007,006 0,077,014 0,077,016 0,077,016 Trait Government Artivities 0,078,016 7,139,400 1,139,400 0,077,016 Bainse System 0,077,014 0,077,014 0,077,014 0,077,014 0,077,014 Bainse System 0,130,073 7,139,400 7,139,400 7,139,400 0,077,014 0,075,014 Bainse System 0,078,016 7,139,400 7,139,400 3,99,406 3,99,406 Right of Way 1,10,015 1,10,015 2,37,411 0,90,506 3,59,741 Right of Way 1,10,015 2,37,49,400 3,99,606 3,89,025 3,57,634 Right of Way 1,10,015 2,37,49,400 3,51,64,41 6,86,52,93 3,51,64,41 Right of Way 1,10,015 1,13,016 3,37,64,41 2,37,94,40 3,51,64,41 Right of Way Kay of 0,111,116	04,858 1,703,065 15,108,455 15,108,425 9,8,940,995 50,480,049 6,375,794 7,064,889 6,375,794 7,064,889 52,0,812 2,272,275 1,275 1,2110,524 1,2110,545 1,2110,556 1,2110,545 1,2110,545 1,2110,545 1,2110,545 1,2110,556	241,994 1804,885 15,087,470 15,087,470 8,190,455 8,190,455 6,405,783 6,405,783 7,211,864 7,511,864 7,211,864 7,213,864 1,229,896 1,229,896 1,224,15 3,810,907 1,269,890 1,3241,852 87,975,85 87,975 87,975 87,97	09.522 1662.63 13.85,964 8.3193.389 96,193.389 8.394.519 6.987,558 705 705 705 705 705 705 2289,089	7.1.87 1.386,791 1.3.146,822 6.269,038 95,431,225 63,890,717 7.303,362	2,068,459	1,987,333	1,889,897
South Services $3.32,013$ $1.766,700$ $1.87,123$ South Services $3.349,523$ $1.41,94,46$ $1.87,123$ Constrained Activities $7.08,523$ $1.41,94,46$ $1.87,123$ Total Constraintions $7.08,523$ $1.41,94,46$ $1.87,123$ South Services $7.08,523$ $1.41,94,46$ $1.87,123$ Dations Services $7.93,610$ $7.35,606$ $5.33,923$ $3.2,927,780$ Dations Services $7.157,083$ $7.157,083$ $7.2,373,413$ 4.5605 $3.39,645$ $3.39,645$ $3.39,645$ $3.37,634$ <t< td=""><td>1,703,695 1,703,695 9,200,572 98,840,995 6,375,794 6,375,794 6,375,794 6,375,704 1,066 111,957 113,557 113,55</td><td>1,804,885 1,807,470 8,190,655 8,190,655 100,429,782 6,405,783 7,211,864 7,211,864 7,211,864 7,211,864 7,211,864 7,211,864 1,254 15 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,425 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 4,207,4154,207,415 4,207</td><td>1,662,363 13,83,964 8,319,315 96,193,389 6,97,358 6,97,358 7,050,397 7,050,397 7,050,397 7,050,397 7,050,097 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,080 7,050,080 7,050,080 7,050,080 8,050,090 8,050,090 8,050,090 8,050,090 8,050,000 7,000,000 7,000,000 7,000,000 7,000,000</td><td>1,586,791 13,146,822 6,269,038 95,431,225 63,890,717 7,303,362</td><td>\$70,60</td><td>13,801</td><td>147,741</td></t<>	1,703,695 1,703,695 9,200,572 98,840,995 6,375,794 6,375,794 6,375,794 6,375,704 1,066 111,957 113,557 113,55	1,804,885 1,807,470 8,190,655 8,190,655 100,429,782 6,405,783 7,211,864 7,211,864 7,211,864 7,211,864 7,211,864 7,211,864 1,254 15 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,425 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 3,207,415 4,207,4154,207,415 4,207	1,662,363 13,83,964 8,319,315 96,193,389 6,97,358 6,97,358 7,050,397 7,050,397 7,050,397 7,050,397 7,050,097 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,089 7,050,080 7,050,080 7,050,080 7,050,080 8,050,090 8,050,090 8,050,090 8,050,090 8,050,000 7,000,000 7,000,000 7,000,000 7,000,000	1,586,791 13,146,822 6,269,038 95,431,225 63,890,717 7,303,362	\$70,60	13,801	147,741
Operating Grane & Contributions 1349.522 14.13.426 13.05.758 Cipial Grane & Contributions 0.05.97.140 9.075.64 13.05.758 Total Government A civities 0.05.97.140 9.075.646 9.577.80 Total Government A civities 0.05.97.140 9.075.646 9.577.80 Total Government A civities 1.57.088 7.157.088 9.977.446 9.977.446 Dakie Facilities 0.05.97.140 7.157.088 7.157.088 9.92.954 4.53.02.65 Polis Facilities 0.075.91 1.16.09.66 5.39.02.65 9.97.746 4.53.02.65 Right Of Way 0.080.01 System 1.16.09.66 7.38.3.03 3.73.41.07 1.01.90.75.66 5.37.95.15 Right Of Way 0.080.01 System 1.16.09.66 7.38.2.03 3.51.65.1 1.01.90.55.66 3.51.65.15 Right Of Way Wat Quily 1.16.09.66 3.51.65.1 1.16.09.56 3.51.65.1 Claut Franced Scion Program 1.12.09.66 1.10.90.66 3.51.65.1 2.57.95.1 Total Brainese/Ppe Actritities 1.16.09.66 1.9	15,108,425 98,840,095 98,840,099 6,375,794 6,375,794 7,064,989 7,064,989 7,064,989 7,064,989 7,064,989 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524	15,087,470 8,190,685 100,429,782 5,405,783 6,405,783 7,211,864 7,211,864 7,211,864 7,211,864 7,211,864 7,211,864 3,800 3,800,867 11,264,890 3,810,867 3,810,877 3,810,8673,810,867 3,810,867 3,810,8673,810,867 3,810,867 3,810,8674,810,867 3,810,8675,810,867 3,810,8675,810,807 3,810,8675,810,807 3,810,8075,810,807 3,810,807 3,810,8075,810,807 3,810,8075,810,807 3,810,8075,810,807 3,810,8075,810,807 3,810,8075,810,807 3,810,8075,810,807 5,810,8075,810,807 5,810,8075,810,807 5,810,8075,810,807 5,810,8075,810,807 5,810,8075,810,807 5,810,8075,810,807 5,810,8075,810,807 5,810,8075,810,807 5,810,8075,810,807 5,810,8075,810,8075,810,807 5,810,8075,810,8075,810,8075,810,8075,810,8075,810,	13.38.964 8.319.315 96.193.389 96.193.358 6.987.558 6.987.558 7.05 7.05 4.95.490 2.289.089	13,146,822 6,269,038 95,431,225 63,890,717 7,303,362	1.864.271	2.129.603	2.097.349
Capital Gause & Contributions $7038, 239$ $8.316, 236$ $6.272, 390$ $10, 10, 10, 210, 100$ $10, 10, 200, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 10$	9,200,572 9,800,095 50,480,049 6,375,794 6,375,794 7,064,989 7,064,989 7,064,989 7,064,989 7,202,171 2,272,285 1,11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524	8,190,685 100,429,782 5,2,007,762 6,405,783 4,75,176 7,211,864 7,211,864 2,229,896 3,810,087 1,269,890 1,269,890 1,268,890 8,739,562 8,739,562	8.319.315 96.193.389 5.987,358 6.987,358 7.050,97 7.050,97 2.289,089	6,269,038 95,431,225 63,890,717 7,303,362	10,617,000	11,596,202	34,183,724
Total Commention Activities IOS 547,184 66,078,664 98,573,466 Total Commention Activities Changes for Services: $71,85,066$ $98,573,466$ $98,573,466$ Entinge for Services: Changes for Services: $71,157,008$ $7,287,791$ $2,297,780$ Public Frakting Landfill $71,157,008$ $7,185,016$ $98,533,239$ $458,529$ Public Frakting Landfill $71,137,008$ $73,36,017$ $93,646$ $93,573,616$ Landfill Stronter's Account System $11,04,059$ $33,74,048$ $33,716,3448$ $459,0526$ Extended School Program $11,04,059$ $33,162,2238$ $33,163,234$ $32,163,236$ Extended School Program $11,04,059$ $33,163,236$ $33,163,348$ $32,176,3448$ Extended School Program $11,04,059$ $10,059,4488$ $11,064,560$ $32,5738$ Cotal Businese Type Activities $13,104,42,550$ $12,905,64488$ $32,175,4488$ $32,175,4488$ Cotal Businese Type Activities $13,04,048$ $11,04,050$ $12,905,6419$ $22,395,311$	98,840,995 50,480,099 6,375,794 7,064,889 22,02,171 2,372,287 4,273,106 1,3,119,524 1,3,119,524 1,3,119,524 1,3,119,524 1,85,50,300	100,429,782 52,007,762 6,405,783 7,211,864 475,135 1,227,415 1,229,896 1,227,415 3,810,97 1,269,890 11,241,852 87,976,850 11,241,852	96,193,389 58,394,719 6,987,558 705 7,050,937 495,490 2,289,089	95,431,225 63,890,717 7,303,362	5,718,463	5,188,577	9,710,448
Datases Type Activities 48.803.593 47.287.791 52.977.80 Statings for Services 7.155.066 5.380.285 5.830.285 Statings for Services 7.157.066 5.380.285 5.830.285 Statings for Services 7.157.066 5.380.285 5.830.285 Public Packing 7.157.066 7.185.011 6.456.05 Failer Service 7.157.066 7.185.011 6.455.239 Right of Way 7.185.011 7.135.011 6.456.05 Kernold School Program 7.135.011 7.135.011 6.530.255 Faisares Account System 3.749.409 3.999.056 3.776.44 Faisares Account System 1.160.456 1.060.456 3.277.31 Cital Primary Government 1.160.456 1.90.966.16 3.02.466 1.02.97.130 Cital Primary Government 1.85.095.11 1.97.11.160 2.02.466 2.02.466 2.02.41.30 Cost Reprint Activities 1.040.469 1.060.466 3.02.91.190 3.02.946 1.02.95.91.190 Cost Reprint Actrivities 1.041.4556 1.97.11.1	50,480,049 6,375,794 6,375,794 7,064,089 220,812 2,302,812 2,372,285 1,119,575 1111,9575 1111,9575 1111,9576 1111,9576 1111,9576 1111,9576 1111,9576 1113,576	32,007,762 6,405,783 7,211,864 475,126 2,229,896 1,224,896 3,800,77 1,269,890 13,241,859 87,979,689	38,394,719 6,987,558 705 7,050,937 495,490 2,289,089	63,890,717 7,303,362	96,743,087	101,633,043	121,796,937
	5,375,794 6,375,794 7,064,989 7,064,989 2,208,117 2,202,117 2,372,288 4,273,106 11,19,576 11,19,574 11,19,524 8,6570,306 185,50,306	22,007,762 6,405,783 7,211,864 475,126 2,229,896 1,227,415 3,810,087 1,269,890 13,341,859 87,979,682	58,394,719 6,987,558 705 7050,937 495,490 2,289,089	63,890,717 7,303,362			
Public Practing 715708 715708 715666 5530.385 Public Packing Landfil $737,141$ 4560 Landfil $733,011$ $733,011$ $6845,39$ Right of Nay $733,011$ $733,011$ $6845,39$ Right of Nay $733,011$ $733,011$ $6845,39$ Fistomer's Account System $233,033$ $2379,251$ $110,02,50$ Fistomer's Account System $33,103,251$ $130,90,681$ $257,334$ $257,334$ Fistomer's Account System $31,02,325$ $83,104,305$ $257,344$ $257,344$ Vare Quily $939,0661$ $130,04,406$ $932,92,301$ $169,9205$ Vare Distribution $83,102,325$ $193,04,448$ $257,344$ $257,344$ Vare Distribution $939,0666$ $932,06,66$ $932,923,91$ $109,9205$ Vare Distribution $939,0666$ $932,06,66$ $932,924,66$ $102,07,61$ Vare Distribution $939,066,000$ $132,04,16$ $932,924,01$ $1092,924,91$ Vare Distr	6,375,794 7,064,989 220,812 2,202,171 2,272,285 4,273,106 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,119,524 11,536,50,300	6,405,783 7,211,864 475,126 2,229,896 1,227,415 3,810,890 1,3241,859 1,3341,859 1,3341,859	6,987,558 705 495,490 2,289,089	7,303,362	64,451,293	75,961,739	77,458,054
	7,064,989 520,812 2,202,171 2,372,285 4,273,106 111,576 111,576 111,576 111,576 111,524 18,520,306	7,211,864 475,126 2,229,896 1,227,415 3,810,087 1,269,890 13,34,859 87,979,682	705 7,050,937 495,490 2,289,089		6,145,356	5,949,941	5,978,762
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	220,819 520,812 2,202,171 2,372,285 4,273,106 111,576 111,574 111,574 185,261,301 185,361,301	7,211,864 475,126 2,229,896 1,227,415 3,810,087 13,269,890 13,341,859 13,341,859 87,979,682	7,050,957 495,490 2,289,089	010 010 0	000 000 0	000 OE 1	
Register $2,3,3,0$ $3,3,7,0$ $3,3,7,0$ $3,3,7,0$ $3,3,7,0$ $3,3,7,0$ $3,3,7,0$ $3,3,7,0$ $3,3,7,0$ $3,3,7,0$ $3,3,7,0$ $3,3,7,0$ $3,3,7,0$ $3,3,7,0$ $3,3,7,5,4$ $3,3,7,7,3,4$ $3,3,7,7,3,4$ $3,3,7,7,3,4$ $3,3,7,7,3,4$ $3,3,7,3,4$ $3,3,7,3,4$ $3,3,7,3,4$ $3,3,7,3,4$ $3,3,7,3,4$ $3,3,7,3,4$ $3,3,7,3,4$ $3,3,7,3,4$ <td>2,202,171 2,202,171 2,372,285 4,273,106 111,576 13,119,524 13,119,524 86,520,306 185,561,301</td> <td>2,229,896 1,222,896 3,810,087 1,269,890 13,341,869 13,341,869 87,979,682</td> <td>2,289,089</td> <td>7,060,342</td> <td>7,028,050</td> <td>7,173,603</td> <td>7,217,580</td>	2,202,171 2,202,171 2,372,285 4,273,106 111,576 13,119,524 13,119,524 86,520,306 185,561,301	2,229,896 1,222,896 3,810,087 1,269,890 13,341,869 13,341,869 87,979,682	2,289,089	7,060,342	7,028,050	7,173,603	7,217,580
presents $1,21,799$ $1,22,4,29$ $5,37,634$ $5,37,647$ $5,37,647$ $5,37,647$ $5,37,647$ $5,37,647$ $5,32,364,16$ $5,32,364,16$ $5,32,364,16$ $5,32,364,16$ $5,32,364,16$ $5,32,364,16$ $5,32,364,16$ $5,32,364,16$ $5,32,364,16$ $5,32,364,16$ $5,32,364,16$ $5,32,364,16$ $5,32,364,16$ $5,32,924,136$ $5,32,924,136$ $5,32,924,136$ $5,32,924,136$ $5,32,924,136$ $5,32,924,136$ $5,32,924,136$ $5,32,924,136$ $5,32,924,136$ $5,32,924,136$ $5,32,924,136$ $5,32,924,136$ $5,32,924,136$ $5,32,924,136$	2,372,285 4,273,106 111,576 13,119,524 86,520,306 185,361,301	1,227,415 3,810,087 1,269,890 13,341,859 87,979,682	0000000	904,620/	020,244 2 060 463	2 126 107	1 500 645
	4,273,106 111,576 13,119,524 86,520,306 185,361,301	3,810,087 1,269,890 13,341,859 87,979,682	1.621,110	3,146,187	3,165,206	20102112	10,000,11
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	111,576 13,119,524 86,520,306 185,361,301	1,269,890 13,341,859 87,979,682	4,126,861	4,429,699	4,542,449	4,176,602	4,470,178
11.64/560 12.095.543 85.39.6476 83.102.258 83.034.438 85.339.6476 188.709,412 179.113.162 184.413.111 (328.619.600) (300.066.764) (302.792.130) (328.61.800) (302.792.130) (302.792.130) (32.41.45.360) (302.792.130) (302.792.130) (32.548.109) 52.860.800 (35.57).311 (319.414.536) (32.83.60.800 53.597.311 (319.414.536) (328.80.201 238.924.138 (315.311) 234.580.201 238.924.138 (312.546) 23.456.001 238.924.138 (312.541) 238.967 (500.890) (32.902.312) 311.259 238.6466 (32.80.301) 238.924.138 236.4455 (32.80.350) 230.564.455 236.466 (12.903.32) 311.259 238.466 (13.903.364.455) 236.466 236.465 (340.601) 2.903.564.455 236.4455 (340.602) 200.328 311.299 (13.993.366.458) 36.366.4	13,119,524 86,520,306 185,361,301	13,341,859 87,979,682	815,110	400,735	319,414	498,913	458,376
ISE JUDICATION INCOMPANY ISE JUD	185,361,301	700,616,10	13,661,911 05 442 400	13,565,209	14,082,286	14,784,064	15,343,166
(328,619,060) (309,096,816) (302,792,130) 9,204,534 10,266,764 18,094,991 (319,414,536) (399,096,816) (302,792,130) (319,414,536) (399,096,816) (302,792,130) (319,414,536) (398,596,201) (238,994) (32,4399,866 230,580,201 238,294,138 (32,4399,866 230,580,201 238,294,138 (30,242) 311,299 238,406 (30,242) 311,259 238,406 (30,242) 311,259 238,406 (30,242) 311,259 238,406 (30,242) 311,259 238,406 (30,242) 311,259 238,406 (30,391) 238,306,133 238,406 (30,391) 238,306,133 238,406 (30,391) 238,406 21,53,406 (30,391) 238,406 21,53,406 (30,391) 238,406 21,53,406 (30,391) 7,831 21,53,406 (12,9,488) 7,831 41,105,581 (13,914) <td></td> <td>188,409,464</td> <td>191,636,879</td> <td>197,836,055</td> <td>199,193,948</td> <td>212,986,228</td> <td>234,996,870</td>		188,409,464	191,636,879	197,836,055	199,193,948	212,986,228	234,996,870
(32,619,060) (300,096,816) (302,792,130) 9,204,554 10,266,764 18,094,991 (319,414,556) (238,836,052) (38,94,91) 32,548,109 52,860,840 53,597,311 22,43,99,866 23,652,201 238,924,158 2175,565 2171,901 238,924,158 2175,565 2171,901 238,924,158 238,924 311,259 258,466 238,926 288,967 238,366 230,242 311,259 283,466 230,264,435 286,167,661 293,564,435 238,926 1,02,581 238,406 238,926,435 288,466 238,406 238,926,435 288,406 215,314 238,926,435 286,167,661 293,564,435 238,926,435 286,167,661 293,564,435 239,364,335 346,567 (13,92,981) 343,657 7,824 (11,902,981) 343,657 345,677 (11,902,981)							
Current (13) Current (13)<	(314 832 198)	(250 021 190)	(364 462 040)	012 216 6150	(138-173-035)	(002 212 374)	(175 TA1 072)
(319,414,336) (238,836,052) (234,697,139) (30) \$2,548,109 \$2,860,840 \$3,597,311 \$4 \$2,243,99,866 230,580,301 238,97,311 \$4 \$2,175,565 2,171,901 2,186,035 2,45 \$2,175,565 2,171,901 2,176,035 2,46 \$2,280,201 2,889,967 5,89,361 2,46 \$2,125,565 2,171,901 2,176,035 2 \$2,125,565 2,171,901 2,176,035 2 2 \$2,002,322 3,89,967 (309,890) 2,46,535 2 \$2,002,329 3,89,967 (308,890) (1,06,585) 2 \$30,496 1,022,986 (215,414) 1 \$30,493 7,824 (1,002,981) 3 \$30,493 7,824 (1,002,981) 3 3 \$30,493 7,824 (1,002,981) 3 3 \$30,493 7,824 (1,002,981) 3 3	(514,652,196) 11,529,502	17,398,836	(504,402,049) 15,540,247	(510,012) 15,566,610	(436,123,932) (4312) (4312)	(446,/12,/29) 14,940,101	(420,741,973) 13,286,922
52.548,109 52.860,840 53.597,311 54 22.43,99,866 230,580,840 53.597,311 54 2175,565 2,175,565 2,171,901 2,176,035 2 2135,565 2,171,901 2,176,035 2 2 2135,565 2,171,901 2,176,035 2 2 2129,839 389,967 230,3346 230,3406 2 230,242 31,1259 238,406 238,406 238,406 230,3509 236,167,661 293,564,435 304 540,692 1,029,866 (215,314) 1 530,405 7,824 (1,02,28,66 (215,314) 1 (1,299,888) 346,677 (1,02,081) 346 1	(303, 302, 696)	(273, 723, 201)	(348,921,802)	(426,650,005)	(425,332,623)	(433,773,628)	(413,455,051)
Not Restricted to Specific Programs: $2343,109$ $52,860,840$ $53,397,311$ 54 $248,390,866$ $230,580,301$ $238,924,138$ 248 248 minor $2,175,565$ $2,171,901$ $2,176,035$ $248,3967$ $(369,390)$ $2,160,359$ $(369,390)$ $2,300,242$ $(311,259)$ $(309,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,390)$ $(308,300)$							
$ \begin{array}{ccccc} & 22,236,109 & 22,530,201 & 23,924,158 & 23,430,166 & 23,05,001 & 23,924,158 & 24,393,866 & 23,05,001 & 23,05,001 & 23,05,001 & 21,76,158 & 24,76,156 & 23,013,001 & 21,76,156 & 21,71,901 & 21,76,158 & 24,95,158 & 21,71,901 & 21,76,158 & 24,95,158 & 21,71,901 & 21,71,901 & 21,758 & 24,95,158 & 21,71,901 & 21,71,911 & 21,758 & 21,71,911 & 21,758 & 21,71,911 & 21,758 & 21,71,911 & 21,758 & 21,71,911 & $	000 000 000		000 100			010 000 10	
Not Restricted to Specific Programs: $2.175.66$ $2.171.901$ $2.176.0535$ 2 at Block Grant $2.300,242$ 311.259 $(500,809)$ $2.300,242$ 311.259 $(500,809)$ $(200,242)$	54,759,199 248-271-270	55,241,837 265 506 752	56,751,090 275 530 400	58,636,843 288 771 661	62,072,333 304 675 553	64,573,949 302 567 887	66,619,933 304 403 774
at Block Grant 2,175,565 2,171,901 2,176,035 2 129,839 2,89,967 (5038) 2,300,242 311,259 (353,460) 1,249,888 (346,507) (1,106,588) 340,692 1,029,866 (215,314) 1 93,149 7,524 (11,902,981) (1,249,888) 345,077 (11,902,981) (1,249,888) 345,077 (11,902,981)	240,211,210	CC7506C5C07	06456005017	700,17,007	ccc;cz0;+0c	100,200,000	+/7,06+,400
ities $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,009,120	1,719,372	8,018,438	1,154,744	1,951,474	3,352,871	2,433,102
rites $\frac{1.240,242}{1.240,242} \frac{1.145,99}{2146,507} \frac{1.240,289}{(1.166,58)} \frac{1.240,243}{203,304,359}$ $\frac{1.249,2803,509}{540,692} \frac{1.022,866}{1.022,866} \frac{(215,314)}{215,314} \frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1.249,2883}{1.249,2888} \frac{345,077}{11,902,981} (11,902,981)$	263,242	1,941,282	1,341,333	602,208	1,029,385	2,733,373	1,974,061
ities $282,803,509$ $286,167,661$ $203,364,435$ 304 540,692 $1,029,866$ $(215,314)$ $19,149$ $7,824(12,94,888)$ $346,97$ $(11,902,981)$	(871,447)	(2.546)	415,579 (313,102)	1.210.302	(800.072)	564.725	(349.759)
540,692 1,029,866 (215,314) 1 39,149 7,824 (215,314) 1 (1,249,88) 346,507 (11,902,981)	304,431,384	324,496,198	341,750,628	351,520,137	369,027,899	375,209,550	375,170,611
1 249,49 17,850 (11902,981) 16,97 (11902,981) 1,520 (11902,981) 1,520 (11902,981)	1 001 558	004 8000	996 205	150 737	332 690	1 720 075	1 657 470
(1.249.888) 346.507 (11.902.981)	0,00,140,1	10,168	0005110	536,905	28,641	19,254	CT-14-2011
	871,447	2,546	313,102	(1,210,302)	800,072	(564,725)	349,759
Total BrinarceScrypt activities (570,047) 1344,197 (12,118,299) 1,183,203 Total Brinarc Kovernment 28,2134,628 28,1246,440 316,234,349	1,893,005 306.324.389	(592,086) 323,904.112	860,468 342.611.096	(513,660) 351,006.477	1,791,468 370.819.367	1,184,604 376.394.154	2,002,238 377.172.849
			6 6 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - -		
Change in Net Position Governmental activities (45.815.551) (22.92.9155) (9.427.665) (10.400.814)	(10 400 814)	33 374 161	(12) 711 421)	(90,696,478)	(69 096 036)	(73 \$04 179)	(51 571 362)
(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(13,422,507	16,806,750	16,400,715	15,052,950	14,582,780	16,124,705	15,289,160
Prior Period Adjustment - Government Activities 225,143 (1,548,751) (541,157)	(541,157)	(309,138,212)	1,743,623	(166,283)	(296,037,183)	(4,291,473)	(2,189,593)
378.175		(17,074,699)	(690,596)		(8,215,642)	(31,421,064)	134,347
Total Primary Government (542,270,384) (511,284,194) (54,621,575) \$2,480,336	\$2,480,536	(\$276,032,000)	(\$5,257,679)	(\$75,809,811)	(\$358,766,081)	(\$93,092,011)	(\$38,337,448)
*Planning Preservation, & Proceedings and in FVJ and was provided that diministration.	the Damationst of Gamma Sa	aritions to the Donortee act	of Dublic Cofere				

General Fund Reserved										
General Fund Reserved	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Nonspendable	\$0 1,493,737	\$0 1,461,447	\$0 1,405,198	\$0 1,627,367	\$0 2,064,127	\$0 2,102,194	\$0 2,343,585	\$0 2,480,783	\$0 2,290,430	\$0 2,374,571
Restricted for: Public Safety Energy Improvement Projects			408,227	636,874	198,175 552,989	397,688 552,011	602,807 676,218	812,350 595,075	1,026,212 628,995	1,222,654 261,950
Committed for: General Government Economic Stabilization	3,931,000 18,200,738	18,482,971	6,612,684 23,290,466	11,249,146 25,224,221	11,606,932 29,685,851	13,353,512 30,687,844	5,941,545 31,408,506	3,640,127 34,015,454	4,228,784 35,345,181	5,312,381 42,476,494
Assigned to: Capital Projects General Government Uthen Samizze		6,972,224 11,583,075 2,500,000	8,060,560 10,325,000	8,137,251 12,700,000	20,449,635 14,500,000	13,924,969 21,200,000	4,913,896 14,000,000	1,660,938 15,400,000	2,318,361 16,145,000	28,197,020
Uloan Services Unassigned Total	562,360 24,187,835	2,200,000 3,265,872 44,265,589	4,309,677 54,411,812	4,176,646 63,751,505	$\begin{array}{c} 4,273,341\\ 83,331,050\end{array}$	4,789,658 87,007,876	5,419,629 65,306,186	5,757,987 64,362,714	5,931,602 67,914,565	4,069,019 83,914,089
Uthan Services Reserved Nonspendable	4,031	604	175	11,112	2,735	2,603	22,900	62,543	94,468	78,519
Restricted for: Urban Service Projects Energy Improvement Projects	20,420,741	22,767,570	28,631,854 10.383	29,855,868 13.314	31,391,398 2.930	30,368,714 2.930	23,836,031 5.860	28,107,799 11.720	25,745,424 2.930	23,788,028 2.930
Total	20,424,772	22,768,174	28,642,412	29,880,294	31,397,063	30,374,247	23,864,791	28,182,062	25,842,822	23,869,477
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Undesignated, reported in: Nonspendable	369	6,604	22,376	77,859	106,066	2,680				
Public Works Dublic Sefer:	10,357,176 3 117 402	8,238,721	9,032,953 1,650,378	11,534,007	8,202,688	6,271,461	5,618,682	7,765,585	8,233,228	9,055,584
Capital Projects	32,094,257	19,027,031	25,214,697	20,133,026	33,754,253	57,700,163	41,101,200	47,044,427	43,874,848	39,554,277
Grants Projects Committed for: General Government	246,461 410.544	1,262,100 447,605	1,262,100	1,262,100	210,880	232,138	241,043	250,200	010,657	266,013
Assigned to: General Government			445,690	1,721,084	1,327,774	720,741	457,767	390,941	244,977	238,234
Unassigned Total	(974,484) \$45.551.725	(370,103) \$31.424.810	\$37.637.194	\$36.297.645	\$45.131.391	(82,433) \$66.305.680	\$48,837,192	(36,392) \$56,668,333	\$54.041.989	\$50.271.174

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This statement allows the entity to apply prospectively in the statistical section. Therefore, LFUCG has not reclassified prior information.

Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT

Revolus 2011 202 203 204 305 204 305 206 7 Cloness and Pernits 25,84,100 25,84,100 25,54,100 55,54,114 55,54,100 55,54,114 55,54,100 55,54,114 55,52,00 55,54,200 55,54,200 55,54,200 55,54,200 55,54,200 55,54,500 55,54,500 56,66,74,41 51,66,716 54,55,500 56,66,74,41 51,66,716 54,55,500 54,55,500 54,55,500 54,55,500 54,55,500 54,55,500 54,55,500 54,55,500 54,55,500 54,55,500				
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$ \begin{array}{c} \mbox{and Permits} & \mbox{2238} 816,420 & \mbox{235} 853,658,89 & \mbox{243} 85,349 & \mbox{235} 853,159 & \mbox{235} 853,150 & \mbox{235} 853,150 & \mbox{235} 853,152 & \mbox{235} 853,540 & \mbox{235} 853,550 & \mbox{235} 854,540 & \mbox{235} 843,540 & \mbox{235} 844,57 & \mbox{24} 844,58 & \mbox{24} 844,58 & \mbox{24} 844,58 & \mbox{24}$				
Since $2.5.48_{110}$ $2.8.03_{110}$ $3.5.24_{110}$ $3.5.25_{110}$ $3.5.24_{110}$ $3.5.25_{110}$ $3.5.25_{110}$ $3.5.25_{110}$ $3.5.25_{110}$ <	\$2	\$310,378,790	\$310,116,817	\$310,886,231
$ \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		62,072,333	64,573,949	66,619,933
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	27.	27,327,074	29,687,509	27,348,530
occumental $33,010,716$ $33,010,716$ $35,010,716$ ons $35,010,716$ $35,010,716$ $35,010,716$ $35,010,716$ ors $35,312,010$ $48,6,643$ $20,44,71$ $35,010,716$ $35,010,716$ ors $35,010,716$ $453,300$ $462,70$ $35,00,716$ $35,01,716$ or $129,833$ $463,570$ $35,32,40$ $35,32,30$ $35,32,30$ $35,32,30$ sistnice Services*** $1209,504$ $19,612,467$ $10,33,733$ $50,43,72$ $74,31,873$ Development Office*** $25,44,244$ $36,315,403$ $37,037,311$ $36,40,744$ $35,33,307$ Development* $22,544,214$ $36,315,403$ $37,037,311$ $36,40,744$ $35,33,307$ Development* $22,544,214$ $36,315,403$ $37,037,311$ $35,90,706$ $35,30,3286$ al Services* $22,763,103$ $37,037,311$ $36,40,744$ $35,30,2286$ $35,30,2286$ al Services* $22,54,210$ $36,30,300$ $31,30,37,313$ $31,30,37,313$ 3		185,061	231,863	182,230
ons $9,613$ $129,603$ $523,410$ $48,643$ 2.074477 rey States $2,081,463$ $453,340$ $46,673$ $18,1052$ $299,710$ e on Investments $2,998,513$ $4,002,075$ $34,35,946$ $46,672,19$ $5,244,90$ Reveues $31,272,328$ $354,86,520$ $360,218,020$ $377,946$ $194,130$ Reveues $31,272,328$ $354,86,520$ $360,73,46$ $40,737,21$ $396,60,714$ $2,74,390$ aistrative Services*** $1,209,504$ $19,612,467$ $10,370,972$ $501,4372$ $7,431,873$ aistrative Services*** $1,209,504$ $9,612,467$ $10,370,912$ $507,310$ $396,07,144$ $6,373,980$ aistrative Services*** $2,343,617$ $483,923$ $5,93,328,466$ $40,375,890$ $5,73,800$ aistrative Services*** $2,373,414$ $3,994,327,311$ $36,407,446$ $40,375,890$ $5,73,800$ aistrative Services*** $2,373,414$ $3,994,327,400$ $2,43,807$ $2,538,807$ $3,737,216,200$ $2,64,307,446$ </td <td>28</td> <td>27,179,190</td> <td>29,163,862</td> <td>54,678,597</td>	28	27,179,190	29,163,862	54,678,597
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		148,447	243,198	79,066
$ \begin{array}{c} { { c on Investments } \\ { c on Investment } \\ { c on In$	-	332,635	542,862	599,831
Revenues $8.998,513$ $4.002,075$ $3.436,946$ $4.067,219$ $5.244,900$ dilures $351,272,328$ $34.856,290$ $300,218,020$ $37.534,4310$ $399,669,714$ 2 dilures $311,372,328$ $34.85,290$ $300,3131$ $35.44,900$ $353,3986$ Development Officer*** $1,209,504$ $19,612,467$ $10,370,972$ $501,4372$ $7431,873$ Development Officer*** $2,544,214$ $36,315,403$ $37,037,311$ $36,407,046$ $40,387,589$ all covernment $2,785,590$ $5,093,177$ $5,647,407$ $5,676,301$ $5,325,806$ all covernment $2,718,532$ $5,405,400$ $2,647,407$ $5,635,390$ $5,205,323,380$ all covernment $2,776,510$ $2,77,324$ $5,497,407$ $5,305,333$ $2,344,777$ all covernment $2,776,610$ $3,571,448$ $3,793,346$ $172,510,333$ $177,216,505$ $177,216,505$ motion $3,659,900$ $3,571,401,573$ $3,571,401,550$ $3,284,4757$ $3,264,747$ $4,002,816,3$		1,029,385	2,733,373	1,974,061
Revenues $351,272,328$ $354,826,290$ $360,218,020$ $378,594,310$ $399,660,714$ 2 initiatrix estrices*** 1,200,504 19,612,467 10,3702 511,372 5143,187 $379,386$ Chordopment Officer*** 2,544,214 36,315,403 37,037,311 $36,407,046$ $40,387,589$ Commental Quality & Public Works*** 2,544,214 $36,315,403$ $37,037,311$ $36,407,046$ $40,387,589$ commental Quality & Public Works*** 2,5765,110 $24,905,490$ $56,517,790$ $24,38,481$ $25,1392,3866$ conderstal Quality & Public Works*** 2,5765,110 $24,035,392$ $60,18,607$ $40,387,389$ $650,300$ $36,490,071$ $10,346,531$ ing. Preservation, & Development* $3,571,4419$ $8,200,07$ $24,343,412$ $25,132,093$ $25,432,506$ $36,39,007$ $10,346,531$ ing. Preservation, & Development* $8,450,652$ $3,571,413,558$ $1172,507,393$ $177,216,505$ $112,413,5507,393$ $177,216,505$ $112,413,5507,393$ $177,216,505$ $112,507,393$ $125,507,393$ $254,345$	5,	6,771,390	5,953,044	5,468,172
	41	435,424,305	443,246,477	467,836,651
inistrative Services*** 1,209,504 19,612,467 10,370,972 5,01,372 7,431,873 commental Officer*** 2,544,214 36,315,403 37,037,311 36,47,046 40,387,589 commental Quality & Public Works*** 2,544,214 36,315,403 37,037,311 36,47,046 40,387,589 commental Quality & Public Works*** 2,571,854 5,405,089 5,117,502 5,002,225 5,305,980 commental Quality & Public Works** 2,576,105 3,057,177 2,647,407 5,613,923 5,305,980 cal A gencies 8,450,628 3,571,448 3,94,327 4,035,393 2,364,351 all Services** 10,237,207 3,571,448 3,94,327 4,035,333 2,44,357 anion Technology** 8,450,628 7,804,749 8,220,664 8,196,041 8,420,65 2,657,393 177,216,505 1 all Services 8,402,054 7,804,749 8,222,664 8,196,041 8,422,005 singervices 8,400,065 3,374,401,672 3,369,901 8,670,017 0,538,501 all				
$ \begin{array}{c} \mbox{C} \mbo$,6	9,397,369	9,524,646	11,771,749
$ \begin{array}{rcl} \mbox{connental Quality & 2,544,214 \\ \mbox{connental Quality & Public Works^{***} & 2,546,548 & 5,631,5403 & 37,037,311 & 36,407,046 & 40,387,589 \\ \mbox{connental Quality & Public Works^{***} & 2,5763,110 & 24,095,490 & 5,117,300 & 5,678,539 & 6,306,980 \\ \mbox{ral Government Technology^{**} & 2,5763,110 & 24,095,490 & 26,517,790 & 24,348,481 & 26,139,238 \\ \mbox{mation Technology^{**} & 2,5763,110 & 24,095,490 & 26,517,790 & 24,348,481 & 26,139,238 \\ \mbox{mation Technology^{**} & 10,237,207 & 3,571,448 & 3,94,327 & 4035,393 & 2,844,757 \\ \mbox{mation Technology^{**} & 10,237,207 & 3,571,448 & 3,94,327 & 4035,393 & 2,844,757 \\ \mbox{mation Technology^{**} & 10,237,201 & 9,244,31 & 20,571,72 & 20,60,096 & 24,338,407 & 17,316,505 \\ \mbox{mation Technology^{**} & 8,400,052 & 1,328,990 & 8,700,017 & 10,436,351 \\ \mbox{estres} & 8,402,054 & 7,804,749 & 8,222,664 & 8,196,041 & 8,422,005 \\ \mbox{evence:} & 8,402,054 & 7,804,749 & 8,222,664 & 8,196,041 & 8,422,005 \\ \mbox{evence:} & 8,402,032 & 13,73,923 & 177,216,505 & 12,558,133 \\ \mbox{evence:} & 20,035,000 & 18,465,000 & 17,855,000 & 21,235,000 \\ \mbox{evence:} & 2,0,35,000 & 13,785,796 & 23,359,11 & 10,43,553,133 \\ \mbox{evence:} & 2,0,35,000 & 13,765,00 & 21,23,028 & 366,244,54 & 400,586,967 & -26,369,100 \\ \mbox{evence:} & 2,0,35,001 & (2,575,382) & 7,064,092 & (7,640,235) & (917,233) & -26,466,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,960 & -26,375,312 & -26,336,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,960 & -26,375,312 & -26,390,900 & -26,375,312 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,369,967 & -26,336,917 & -26,325,912 & -26,326,969 & -26,336,917 & -26,325,912 & -26,369,960 & -26,3136,990 & -26,336,917 & -26,325,912 & -26,326,900 & -26,336,917 & -26,325,912 & -26,390,900 & -26,337,329,28 & -26,48,415,911 & -26,325,912 & -26,392,901 & -26,373,929,920 & -26,345,45 & -26,326,92 & -26,394,92 & -26,326,9$		1,322,146	1,305,739	4,187,070
tector in the second state of the second stat	43,305,223	46,744,561	47,066,717	50,127,256
$ \label{eq:action} \mbox{ral Government} $7,382,550 $5,05,117 $5,647,407 $5,678,539 $6,306,980 \\ \mbox{ral Services}^{**} $25,763,110 $2,4,055,490 $26,517,790 $2,4,34,81 $26,139,238 \\ \mbox{mation Technology}^{**} $8,490,028 $3,571,448 $3,994,327 $4,035,393 $2,844,757 \\ \mbox{mation Technology}^{**} $10,237,207 $3,571,448 $3,994,327 $4,035,393 $2,844,757 \\ \mbox{mation Technology}^{**} $10,237,207 $3,571,448 $3,994,327 $4,035,393 $2,844,57 $173,507,393 $177,216,505 $13 \\ \mbox{events} $10,237,207 $3,571,448 $3,994,327 $4,035,393 $177,216,505 $17 \\ \mbox{cos} $8,402,054 $7,804,749 $8,222,664 $8,196,041 $8,422,005 \\ \mbox{events} $1,650,233,000 $18,465,000 $17,358 $173,507 $20,390 $177,216,505 $12 \\ \mbox{services} $2,838,996 $2,8336,917 $10,641 $8,422,005 \\ \mbox{events} $1,502,43 $12,927,929 $13,108,740 $13,667,645 $12,558,133 \\ \mbox{and Other} $2,0,035,000 $18,465,000 $17,855,000 $21,925,000 $20,850,000 \\ \mbox{erest and Other} $2,0,035,000 $18,465,000 $17,358 $117,307 $400,586,967 $2 \\ \mbox{events} $2,000 $21,302,43 $12,927,929 $13,108,740 $13,667,645 $12,558,133 \\ \mbox{and} $13,703,243 $12,927,929 $13,108,740 $13,667,645 $12,558,133 \\ \mbox{and Other} $2,6,392,601 $17,855,000 $21,924,545 $400,586,967 $2 \\ \mbox{events} $26,392,601 $12,553,220 $21,31,957 $400,586,967 $2 \\ \mbox{and} $26,392,601 $12,553,22 $28,336,917 $13,10957 $28,133 \\ \mbox{and} $26,7545 $28,336,917 $13,10957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,204 $21,310,957 $28,308 $22,313 $29,928 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,133 $21,319,957 $28,204 $21,310 $21,310 $21,310 $21,310 $21,310 $21,310 $21,310 $21,329 $22,305 2		6.004.097	5.872.974	5.570.958
$ \label{eq:alpha} \mbox{ral Services}^{**} \qquad 25,763,110 \qquad 24,005,490 \qquad 26,517,790 \qquad 24,348,481 \qquad 26,139,238 \\ mation Technology^{**} \qquad 25,763,110 \qquad 2,406,28 \qquad 0,017 \qquad 7,513,809 \\ (6 Agencies & 0,017 & 0,017 & 0,013,000 & 0,013,000 & 0,013,000 \\ mig. Preservation, & Development^{*} & *** & 10,237,207 & 3,571,448 & 3,994,327 & 4,035,336 & 0,017 & 10,436,531 \\ (c Safety^{***} & *** & 10,237,207 & 3,571,448 & 3,994,327 & 4,035,395 & 0,017,216,505 & 1 \\ (c Safety^{***} & *** & 160,552,216 & 193,328,465 & 172,413,558 & 173,507,393 & 177,216,505 & 1 \\ (c Sorkes & 20,850,000 & 21,858,996 & 7,804,749 & 8,222,664 & 8,196,041 & 8,422,005 \\ (c Service: & Works & 8,402,054 & 7,804,749 & 8,222,664 & 8,196,041 & 8,422,005 \\ mid laber & 20,035,000 & 18,465,000 & 17,855,000 & 21,925,000 & 20,850,000 \\ methal & 20,035,000 & 18,465,000 & 17,855,000 & 21,925,000 & 20,850,000 \\ methal & 20,035,000 & 18,465,000 & 17,855,000 & 21,925,000 & 20,850,000 \\ methal & 20,035,000 & 18,465,000 & 17,855,000 & 21,925,000 & 20,850,000 \\ methal & 20,035,000 & 18,465,000 & 17,855,000 & 21,925,000 & 20,850,000 \\ methal & 20,035,000 & 18,465,000 & 17,855,000 & 21,924,545 & 400,586,967 & 2 \\ methal & 20,035,000 & 37,76,00 & 21,30,917 & 3843,657 & 12,558,133 \\ methal & 20,057,023 & 3843,657 & 13,108,740 & 13,667,645 & 12,558,133 \\ methal & 20,057,023 & 28,345,457 & 400,586,967 & 2 \\ methal & 28,056,010 & (22,575,382) & 7,064,092 & (7,640,235) & (917,233) & 1 \\ methal & 26,754,713 & (18,493,131) & (7,822,695) & (29,163,490) & (21,316,119) & 1 \\ methal & 26,754,135 & 18,102,675 & 7,226,525 & (29,163,490) & (21,316,119) & 1 \\ methal & 3843,657 & 18,102,675 & 29,308,985 & 21,319,957 & 1 \\ methal & 26,754,135 & (18,493,131) & (7,822,695) & (29,163,490) & (21,316,119) & 1 \\ methal & 26,754 & 26,754 & 20,123 & 16,102,75 & 21,319,957 & 1 \\ methal & 26,754 & 26,754 & 20,304 & 20,31,851 & (49,123,13) & 1 \\ methal & 26,754 & 26,754 & 20,304 & 20,31,851 & (49,123,13) & 1 \\ methal & 26,754 & 26,754 & 20,252 & 28,304,71 & 29,3058 & 21,319,957 & 21,319,957 & 21,31$	6.556.907	6.354.511	7.962.989	5.152.565
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	60	30.457.511	30.817.638	28.833.781
$ \begin{array}{ccccc} \mbox{tilde} $		13,127,259	12.010.209	10.550.550
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	2.590.350	2.904.061	2.349.463
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		73 470 932	25 103 810	25 427 994
		14 506 605	13, 339, 484	97 481
21,858,996 8,402,054 7,804,749 8,222,664 8,196,041 8,422,005 20,035,000 18,465,000 17,855,000 21,925,000 20,850,000 13,03,243 12,927,966 21,3108,740 13,667,445 12,558,133 49,010,038 29,757,96 28,336,917 48,815,941 15,1092,128 377,664,929 377,401,672 353,153,928 386,234,545 400,586,967 2 (26,392,601) (22,575,382) 7,064,092 (7,640,235) (917,253) (917,253) 3,843,657 18,102,675 7,226,272 28,308,895 21,319,957 3,843,657 18,102,675 7,226,575 (29,163,490) (21,316,119) 19,720,000 37,225,000 21,177,299 778,350,131 (45,993,968 (4,580,255) (6,014,921) (4,549,025) (60,617,275) (19,150,319) 15,01279 30,869,623 16,031,851 16,577,261 (30,150,913) 15,102,279 30,869,623 16,031,851 16,5772,570 30,847,313 15,102,279 30,869,623 16,310,810 16,577,570 30,847,313 15,102,279 30,869,623 16,316,31 16,5772,570 503 40,060 4 11,150,2779 30,580,6423 16,310,511 19,1051,570 400 4 11,150,2779 30,580,6423 16,310,511 16,5772,570 40,500 4 11,150,2779 30,580,6423 16,310,511 16,5772,570 40,500 4 11,150,2779 30,580,6423 16,310,541 40,550 40,500 40,500 4 10,1150,1279 30,580,6423 16,310,511 15,570 40,550 40,060 4 10,1150,1279 40,420 40,420 40,500 40,500 40,500 40,500 40,500 4 10,1150,1279 40,500 40,5	6	211.574.153	216.669.362	224.825.855
8,402,054 7,804,749 8,222,664 8,196,041 8,422,005 20,035,000 18,465,000 17,855,000 20,850,000 20,850,000 13,703,243 12,927,792 13,108,740 13,667,645 12,558,133 49,010,038 29,785,796 28,336,917 48,815,941 51,092,128 377,664,929 377,401,672 353,153,928 386,234,545 400,586,967 2 (26,392,601) (22,575,382) 7,064,092 (7,640,235) (917,253) 0 (26,392,601) (22,575,382) 7,064,092 (7,640,235) (917,253) 0 (26,392,601) (22,575,382) 7,064,092 (7,640,235) (917,253) 0 3,843,657 18,102,675 7,226,295 (29,163,490) (21,316,119) 0 19,770,000 37,275,000 21,317,299 78,360,131 49,993,988 (40,553,131 0,593,398 15,773,123 (8,094,621 16,494,025) (60,617,275) 13,9957 0 19,7700,000 37,275,000 21,317,299 78,360,1				
20,035,000 18,465,000 17,855,000 21,925,000 20,850,000 13,703,243 12,927,929 13,108,740 13,667,645 12,558,133 49,010,038 29,785,796 28,336,917 48,815,941 51,092,128 377,664,929 377,401,672 353,153,928 386,234,545 400,586,967 2 (26,392,601) (22,575,382) 7,064,092 (7,640,235) (917,253) 1 (26,392,601) (22,575,382) 7,064,092 (7,640,235) (917,253) 1 3,443,657 18,102,675 7,226,272 28,308,895 21,319,957 1 3,843,657 18,102,675 7,226,695 (29,163,490) (21,316,119) 1 9,770,000 37,275,000 21,317,299 78,350,131 49,393,388 15,575,382 16,5112,775 19,199,577 1 1 19,770,000 37,275,000 21,317,299 78,350,131 19,593,388 15,516,139 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <td>10.296.721</td> <td>10.852.548</td> <td>11.188.437</td> <td>10.874.167</td>	10.296.721	10.852.548	11.188.437	10.874.167
20,035,000 18,465,000 17,855,000 21,925,000 20,850,000 13,703,243 12,927,929 13,108,740 13,667,645 12,558,133 49,010,038 29,785,796 28,356,917 48,815,941 51,092,133 377,664,929 377,401,672 353,153,928 386,234,545 400,586,967 2 (26,392,601) (22,575,382) 7,064,092 (7,640,235) (917,253) 6 (26,392,601) (22,575,382) 7,064,092 (7,640,235) (917,253) 6 (26,392,601) (22,575,382) 7,064,092 (7,640,235) (917,253) 6 3,843,657 18,102,675 7,226,272 28,308,895 21,319,957 6 (3,773,123) (18,493,131) (7,822,695) (29,163,490) (21,316,119) 6 (3,773,123) (18,493,131) (7,822,695) (29,163,490) (21,316,119) 6 (3,773,123) (18,493,113) (7,822,695) (29,163,490) (21,316,119) 6 (3,773,123) (18,493,113) (7,822,695) <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				
13,703,243 12,927,929 13,108,740 13,667,645 12,558,133 49,010,038 29,785,796 28,36,917 48,815,941 51,092,128 377,664,929 377,401,672 353,153,928 386,234,545 400,586,967 2 (26,392,601) (22,575,382) 7,064,092 (7,640,235) (917,253) 6 3,843,657 18,102,675 7,226,272 28,308,895 21,319,957 6 3,843,657 18,102,675 7,226,593 (29,163,490) (21,316,119) 1 19,773,123) (18,493,131) (7,822,693) (29,163,490) (21,316,119) 1 19,720,000 37,275,000 21,177,299 78,350,131 49,993,388 1 15,109,119) 1 19,720,000 37,275,000 21,177,299 78,350,131 49,993,388 1 15,109,513 1 1 15,109,119 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <t< td=""><td>21.470.000</td><td>26.855.000</td><td>29,245,000</td><td>31,840,000</td></t<>	21.470.000	26.855.000	29,245,000	31,840,000
49,010,038 29,785,796 28,336,917 48,815,941 51,092,128 377,664,929 377,401,672 353,153,928 386,234,545 400,586,967 2 (26,392,601) (22,575,382) 7,064,092 (7,640,235) (917,253) 6 (26,392,601) (22,575,382) 7,064,092 (7,640,235) (917,253) 6 (3,773,123) (18,102,675 7,226,272 28,308,895 21,319,957 6 (3,773,123) (18,493,131) (7,822,695) (29,163,490) (21,316,119) 6 (3,773,123) (18,493,131) (7,822,695) (29,163,490) (21,316,119) 6 (3,773,123) (18,493,131) (7,822,695) (29,163,490) (21,316,119) 6 (3,773,123) (18,493,131) (7,822,695) (29,163,490) (21,316,119) 6 (3,773,123) (4,549,025) (60,617,775) (19,150,513) 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6		15,356,878	16,167,674	15,951,685
377,664,929 377,401,672 353,153,928 386,234,545 400,586,967 2 (26,392,601) (22,575,382) 7,064,092 (7,640,235) (917,253) (917,253) (26,392,601) (22,575,382) 7,064,092 (7,640,235) (917,253) (917,253) (3,773,123) 18,102,675 7,226,272 28,308,895 21,319,957 (3,773,123) (18,493,131) (7,822,695) (29,163,490) (21,316,119) (3,773,123) (18,493,131) (7,822,695) (29,163,490) (21,316,119) (3,773,123) (18,493,131) (7,822,695) (29,163,490) (21,316,119) (3,773,123) (18,493,131) (7,822,695) (29,163,490) (21,316,119) (19,750,000 37,275,000 21,177,299 78,360,131 49,993,988 (4,580,255) (6,014,921) (4,549,025) (6,06,17,275) (19,150,51) (511,157,37) 88,304,241 83,304,241 30,847,313 30,847,313 (511,157,37) 88,304,241 83,3045,423 30,340,606 403,066,63 403,3		43,876,088	61,177,621	46,466,887
(26,392,601) (22,575,382) 7,064,092 (7,640,235) (917,253) 3,843,657 18,102,675 7,226,272 28,308,895 21,319,957 3,843,657 18,102,675 7,226,272 28,308,895 21,319,957 3,843,657 18,102,675 7,226,272 28,308,895 21,319,957 19,720,000 37,275,000 21,177,299 78,350,131 49,993,988 (4,580,255) (6,014,921) (4,549,025) (60,617,275) (19,150,513) 15,210,279 30,896,623 16,318,81 16,877,261 30,847,313 15,1150,379 88,934,304 63,305,631,851 16,5378,66 30,847,313 15,1150,329 88,934,304 63,3306,633 86,934,060 47,313	505,606,546	462,490,008	490,356,361	474,027,461
(26,392,601) (22,575,382) 7,064,092 (7,640,235) (917,253) (3,843,657 18,102,675 7,226,272 28,308,895 21,319,957 (3,773,123) (18,493,131) (7,822,695) (29,163,490) (21,316,119) (19,720,000 37,275,000 21,177,299 78,350,131 49,993,988 (45,580,255) (6,014,921) (4,549,025) (60,617,275) (19,150,513) (15,580,255) (6,014,921) (4,549,025) (60,617,275) (19,150,513) (15,127) 30,896,623 16,5031,851 16,8778,261 30,847,313 (5(1152) 23,085,9421 53,045,943 8054 53 905,947,660 5				
3,843,657 18,102,675 7,226,272 28,308,895 21,319,957 (3,773,123) (18,493,131) (7,822,695) (29,163,490) (21,316,119) (19,720,000 37,275,000 21,177,299 78,350,131 49,93,988 (45,08,0255) (6,014,921) (4,549,025) (60,617,275) (19,150,513) 15,210,279 30,89,623 16,031,851 16,8778,261 30,847,313 (511152) 58,942 21 53,005 63 50,38,076 530,30,660 5) (87,945,121)	(27,065,703)	(47, 109, 884)	(6, 190, 810)
3,843,657 18,102,675 7,226,272 28,308,895 21,319,957 (3,773,123) (18,493,131) (7,822,695) (29,163,490) (21,316,119) (19,720,000 37,275,000 21,177,299 78,350,131 49,993,988 (4,580,255) (6,014,921) (4,549,025) (60,617,275) (19,150,513) 15,210,279 30,896,623 16,031,851 16,8778,261 30,847,313 (511152) 30,889,623 16,031,851 16,8778,261 30,847,313 (511152) 30,889,623 16,031,851 16,8778,261 30,847,313 (511152) 88,904 241 523,005 643 550 530,640 5				
(3,773,123) (18,493,131) (7,822,695) (29,163,490) (21,316,119) (19,720,000 37,275,000 21,177,299 78,350,131 49,993,988 (4,580,255) (6,014,921) (4,549,025) (60,617,275) (19,150,513) 15,210,279 30,896,623 16,031,851 16,878,261 30,847,313 (511159,329) 88,904 241 53,005 643 560 530,660 5		12,385,610	11,979,061	10,850,178
19,720,000 37,275,000 21,177,299 78,50,131 49,993,988 (4,580,255) (6,014,921) (4,54,025) (60,617,275) (19,150,513) 15,210,279 30,869,623 16,0131,851 16,878,261 30,847,313 (511182) 3230 88 294 243 531,065 443 542 563 260,640 8	Ŭ	(12, 710, 446)	(11,141,975)	(11,107,641)
(4,580,255) (6,014,921) (4,545,025) (00,617,27) (19,150,125) 15,510,279 30,869,625 16,031,851 16,878,261 30,847,313 (11,152,372) 88,364,213 873,065,623 16,031,851 16,687,261 30,847,313		54,808,279	42,055,000	18,110,000
:(Uses) 10,2/1/2/1/2/1/2/1/2/1/2/1/2/1/2/1/2/1/2/1		(15,467,353)	2,804,065	2,174,949
(\$11 185 322) \$8 207 241 \$23 005 043 \$6 238 076 \$20 030 060		39,016,090	40,090,101	20,021,480
(#11)104/144) #0/#/1411 #42/6/2/140 #2/4/000	(\$45,513,351)	\$11,950,387	(\$1,413,733)	\$13,836,676
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures 10.2% 8.7% 9.1% 10.1% 9.1% 9.0%	6 7.8%	9.7% ****	9,9% ****	10.8%

**In F110 the Chief Information Officer was charged to the Department of Information Lectionology. In addition, the Lynston of a security was moved from the Department of Value Satety. **In F110 the Chief Information Chief Development van recignation. The Division of Planning Processon of Water Quality, Building Inspection and Engineering moved to Environmental wares of Planning Preservation & Development was reorganized. The Division of Planning moved to Chief Development Officer. The Divisions of Water Quality, Building Inspection and Engineering moved to Environmental Quality & Public Works. The Divisions of Historic Preservation and Purchasso of Development Rights moved to Administrative Services. In addition the Division of Lexcall was created in Administrative Services. The Division of Code Enforcement moved to Public Safety. The Division of DEEM/Enhanced 911 was split into two separate Divisions, Emergency Management and Enhanced 911.

****Correction on Debt Service Percentage for FY18 & FY19

Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government

TABLE 4

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GENERAL FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Budgetary Basis of Accounting)

Decention	1107	7107	CT07	±107	CT 07	0107	/107	0107	6107	0707
kevenues Licenses and Permits	\$227 486 734	\$233 898 045	\$242 304 633	\$252 196 981	\$769 978 753	\$279 796 674	\$293 445 670	\$308 811 807	\$308 462 028	\$309 112 252
Taves	20 002 845	20 880 351	71 368 376	71 800 738	21826.464	77 500 075	73 068 737	74 578 574	75 221 027	75 QU1 005
	CT0,277,02	100,000,02		001,00012	TOT,020,12	010,000,00	107,000,02	F10,070,F2	176,177,02	
Charges for Services	24,084,059	23,879,484	24,202,174	24,643,221	25,633,499	27,409,249	24,604,479	24,865,154	28,196,399	26,275,627
Fines and Forfeitures	215,493	170,001	309,442	257,039	234,615	220,612	234,363	184,729	230,914	182,230
Intergovernmental	2,441,417	1,942,553	1,978,891	1,720,761	797,537	858,600	546,939	775,621	975,875	857,714
Property Sales	1,985,318	152,194	137,719	56,688	318,536	205,560	1,265,147	248,629	236,248	379,746
Income on Investments	(2,381)	390.823	(556,777)	432,454	1.564.895	775,012	339.889	556,641	1.604.513	1.282.752
Other	4,159,715	2,213,409	2,388,300	2,509,949	4,198,344	3,669,875	3,502,017	4,131,498	4,981,187	3,601,621
Total Revenues	281,363,200	283,526,860	292,132,708	303,716,831	324,502,643	335,535,557	347,006,741	364,102,653	369,909,091	367,593,937
Exnenditures and Other										
Financing Sources (Uses)										
Administrative Services***	1.209.504	15.973.425	8.112.087	2.656.141	5.617.560	6.177.391	7.524.232	7.751.744	7.773.340	9.666.087
Chief Development Officer***	×	158,932	163,743	182,074	267,683	1,001,763	845,523	1,288,532	1,305,739	3,141,622
Environmental Quality	6,407									
Environmental Quality & Public Works***		8,380,410	8,103,750	7,366,215	9,814,924	11,746,025	11,730,796	12,369,277	11,441,398	14,806,608
Finance	7,936,589	5,387,968	5,101,158	5,022,088	5,350,469	5,494,593	5,909,131	5,938,150	5,875,301	5,504,228
General Government	3,872,271	1,700,098	3,476,730	3,664,554	4,109,338	4,265,335	4,333,737	3,444,293	5,124,053	1,568,837
General Services**	25,414,155	24,165,031	26,774,613	29,847,860	27,906,695	31,355,145	31,546,178	30,722,576	28,716,761	27,672,668
Information Technology**	7,820,811			6,018,605	8,213,083	8,887,236	10,471,207	10,804,309	10,738,780	9,789,884
Law	9,607,308	3,494,863	3,926,008	3,974,171	2,315,205	2,182,164	10, 186, 108	2,454,494	2,548,860	2,256,394
Outside Agencies	16,935,373	17,206,291	17,121,904	18,935,337	19,540,759	20,264,359	20,528,503	20,987,191	22,289,443	22,816,635
Planning, Preservation, & Development* ***			2,738,011	7,742,329	9,540,472	11,872,258	13,588,891	13,399,720	12,365,983	
Public Safety** ***	154,017,726	187,071,884	167,821,104	165,631,441	172,810,800	186,461,715	206,803,147	203,622,135	207,963,308	195,419,594
Public Works	16,628,445									
Social Services	6,801,050	6,003,513	6,566,634	6,633,883	6,821,502	7,870,878	9,209,025	9,262,532	9,067,801	8,802,817
Debt Service	33,701,269	30,937,819	29,748,196	34,160,768	31,970,746	34,481,109	35,216,103	41,330,879	44,051,251	46,781,637
Other Financing (Sources) Uses	(3,207,654)	(37, 031, 128)	2,332,547	2,541,672	643,862	1,181,014	694,993	366,171	(2, 874, 377)	79,306
Financing Sources (Uses)	280,743,254	263,449,106	281,986,485	294,377,138	304,923,098	333,240,985	368,587,574	363,742,003	366,387,641	348,306,317
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$619,946	\$20,077,754	\$10,146,223	\$9,339,693	\$19,579,545	\$2,294,572	(\$21,580,833)	\$360,650	\$3,521,450	\$19,287,620

*Planning. Preservation, & Development was added in FY13 and was previously included with Administration.

In FY16 the Chief Information Officer was changed to the Department of Information Technology. In addition, the Division of Security was moved from the Department of General Services to the Department of Public Safety. *In FY20 the Department of Planning, Preservation & Development was reorganized. The Division of Planning moved to Chief Development Officer. The Divisions of Water Quality, Building Inspection and Engineering moved to Environmental Quality & Public Works. The Divisions of Historic Preservation and Purchase of Development Rights moved to Administrative Services. In addition the Division of Lexcall was created in Administrative Services. The Division of Code Enforcement moved to Public Safety. The Division of DEEM/Enhanced 911 was split into two separate Divisions, Emergency Management and Enhanced 911. Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Governmen

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Revenues										
Sewer Service Charges	\$45,663,797	\$44,334,743	\$45,990,027	\$46,577,092	\$46,845,571	\$53,005,210	\$60,085,888	\$60,398,087	\$61,524,855	\$63,750,674
Sewer Tap on Fees	1,523,169	1,944,010	2,325,787	2,013,656	2,482,245	3,249,636	2,154,652	2,923,533	2,119,925	2,338,996
Exactions	885,730	150,120	4,002,945	801,569	426,085	411,513	294,332	329,120	273,763	131,575
Rental Income									358,303	
Other Income	776,339	615,624	609,021	1,155,128	2,297,116	1,127,145	912,835	82,988	12,257,683	11,013,992
Total Revenues	48,849,035	47,044,497	52,927,780	50,547,445	52,051,017	57,793,504	63,447,707	63,733,728	76,534,529	77,235,237
On ovo ting Evnon coc										
Operating Lapenses Treatment Plant	8,411,093	7,933,477	8,217,471	7,935,854	7,318,958	6,713,706	7,116,239	8,157,629	7,745,135	8,491,727
Collection System	5,544,184	5,064,273	4,405,020	4,461,052	4,187,968	4,413,641	4,536,910	1,832,856	2,467,916	2,337,284
Administration	18,243,183	17,142,578	16,216,619	20,773,379	20,119,458	21,566,883	24,011,158	28,262,383	37,748,088	36,559,715
Depreciation	7,214,960	7,299,442	7,683,896	8,047,827	8,471,363	9,130,305	10,568,196	12,137,121	12,517,562	13,649,916
Total Operating Expenses	39,413,420	37,439,770	36,523,006	41,218,112	40,097,747	41,824,535	46,232,503	50,389,989	60,478,701	61,038,642
Operating Income	9,435,615	9,604,727	16,404,774	9,329,333	11,953,270	15,968,969	17,215,204	13,343,739	16,055,828	16,196,595
Net Nonoperating Revenues/(Expenses)	(2,486,197)	(1,697,841)	(2,649,715)	(1,451,967)	(1,710,547)	(2,005,954)	(4,005,015)	(2,289,314)	(1, 444, 433)	(3,656,358)
Transfers In	3,010,299	422,187	1,208,935	88,369,088	6,230			150,000	172,823,976	280,000
Transfers Out	(4,283,344)	(466, 138)	(1,039,194)	(88, 351, 969)	354	(4, 236)	(185,026)	56,435	(172,680,119)	(187, 703)
Net Income/Change in Net Position	\$5.676.373	\$7.862.935	\$13,924,800	\$7.894.485	\$10.249.307	\$13.958.779	\$13.025.163	\$11.260.860	\$14,755,252	\$12.632.534

Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Governmen

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TABLE 6

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LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM SUMMARY OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Fiscal Year	Residential	Farms	Commercial	Oil, Mineral & Timber Rights	Tangible	Intangible	Tota	Less Intangible	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (Per \$100 of Assessed value)
	200 000 310	010	017 110	11000		0				0 7575
	075,045,045	\$00,419	\$0,5//418	32,241	120,016,46		321,218,231		\$21,218,231	CCC7.0
2012	15,164,243	898,982	6,421,877	1,880	5,014,698		27,501,680		27,501,680	0.2535
113	15,235,648	897,667	6,523,119	1,499	5,333,542		27,991,475		27,991,475	0.2535
2014	15,299,695	899,945	6,757,308	1,127	5,395,493		28,353,568		28,353,568	0.2535
115	15,741,024	919,466	7,162,151	1,080	5,793,103		29,616,824 *		29,616,824	0.2535
016	15,497,091	911,673	6,935,829	995	5,527,611		28,873,199 *		28,873,199	0.2538
17	16,346,959	948,410	7,509,402	1,345	5,801,304		30,607,420		30,607,420	0.2538
18	17,358,420	746,352	8,117,423	1,740	5,953,135		32,177,070		32,177,070	0.2533
19	17,859,282	752,367	8,789,535	1,889	5,810,802		33,213,875		33,213,875	0.2533
2020	18,607,797	767,150	9,147,948	1,889	6,110,074		34,634,858		34,634,858	0.2536

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT NET ASSESSED VALUE REAL, TANGIBLE, & INTANGIBLE PROPERTY (1, Thousands)

TABLE 7

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5, 1 5 ź. property rroperty is assessed at 100% fair market value. The intangible propert

 Year 2015 & 2016 data was flipped: Corrected Error
 Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government

		LEXINGTON-FAY PROPERTY L _i	AYETTE URBAN COUNTY Y TAX LEVIES AND COLL LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	1ENT	
		Collected within the Fiscal Year	he Fiscal Vear			
		of Levy	vy	Collections in	Total Collections to Date	ns to Date
Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount	% of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	% of Levy
2011	\$52,264,220	\$51,732,977	99.0%	\$531,243 *	\$52,264,220	100.0%
2012	52,631,283	52,011,046	98.8%	620,237 *	52,631,283	100.0%
2013	53,136,159	52,567,908	98.9%	568,251 *	53,136,159	100.0%
2014	53,598,026	53,147,356	99.2%	450,670 *	53,598,026	100.0%
2015	54,798,187	53,072,141	96.9%	1,699,084	54,771,226	100.0%
2016	55,935,427	54,402,567	97.3%	109,862	54,512,430	97.5%
2017	58,046,716	56,107,829	96.7%		56,107,829	96.7%
2018	61,778,968	59,899,917	97.0%		59,899,917	97.0%
2019	63, 891, 892	62, 113, 756	97.2%		62,113,756	97.2%
2020	66,517,997	64,288,746	96.6%		64,288,746	96.6%
Note:	Data provided by the Sheriff's Tax Settlement Report	Sheriff's Tax Settle	ment Report			
	*Corrected to reflect collections to date by fiscal year of levies	collections to date b	y fiscal year of l	evies		
1	į	, , ,	1			

Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government

TABLE 8

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (RATE PER \$100)

.

			Total	1 0051	1060.1	1.0951	1.0951	1.1412	1.1634	1.2078	1.2179	1.2174	1.2774	1.2777	
			Lextran	00200	0.000	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	ates would
		Health	Department		0.0200	0.0280	0.0280	0.0280	0.0280	0.0280	0.0280	0.0280	0.0280	0.0280	rban services. R
Overlapping Rates	Soil &	Water	Conservation		0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0005	0.0005	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	iving complete u
Overlapp		Extension	Services		7000.0	0.0032	0.0032	0.0033	0.0034	0.0035	0.0035	0.0035	0.0035	0.0035	taxpayers rece
	Commonwealth	of	Kentucky	0 1330	0.1220	0.1220	0.1220	0.1220	0.1220	0.1220	0.1220	0.1220	0.1220	0.1220	All taxpayers in Fayette County are subject to the General Service rate. Total Direct rate is for taxpayers receiving complete urban services. Rates would be reduced for those taxpayers receiving less than full urban services.
	Fayette	County	School		0.020.0	0.6280	0.6280	0.6740	0.6960	0.7400	0.7500	0.7500	0.8100	0.8100	vice rate. To services.
		Total	Direct	0 7525	CCC7.0	0.2535	0.2535	0.2535	0.2535	0.2538	0.2538	0.2533	0.2533	0.2536	General Service rate n full urban services.
lates	Se	Street	Cleaning		0.0094	0.0094	0.0094	0.0094	0.0094	0.0097	0.0097	0.0097	0.0097	0.0097	All taxpayers in Fayette County are subject to the C be reduced for those taxpayers receiving less than
LFUCG Direct Rates	Urban Services	Street	Lights	01000	0.0210	0.0210	0.0210	0.0210	0.0210	0.0210	0.0210	0.0210	0.0210	0.0213	County are s payers rece
LFU	n		Refuse	0 1/21	0.1401	0.1431	0.1431	0.1431	0.1431	0.1431	0.1431	0.1426	0.1426	0.1426	in Fayette (for those tax
		-	General		0.0000	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	All taxpayers be reduced f
		Fiscal	Year	1100	1107	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Note:

The annual increase in real property tax revenue, excluding new assessments, must be 4% or less. Any amount over 4% is subject to a recall vote.

	PRINCIP CURRENT	AL PRC YEAR	PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO	S GO		
		2020			2012	
	Taxable Assessed		% of Total City Taxable Assessed	Taxable Assessed		% of Total City Taxable Assessed
Name	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
Fayette Mall SPE LLC	\$138,573,200	1	0.40%	\$117,000,000	1	0.43%
Hap Property Owner, LP	125,600,000	2	0.36%			
Fritz Farm Retail Company LLC	84,450,000	З	0.24%			
Passco Fritz Farm Mngr LLC TTEE	64,157,000	4	0.19%			
Fayette Middle Anchor LLC	63,000,000	5	0.18%			
Healthsouth Kentucky Real Estate	56,446,100	9	0.16%			
Newtown Crossing II LLC	53,000,000	7	0.15%	37,000,000	8	0.13%
War Admiral Place	54,662,000	8	0.16%	44,570,900	5	0.16%
Strata Racquet LLC	51,500,000	6	0.15%			
Sir Forty 57 LLC	50,000,000	10	0.14%			
Fourth Quarter Properties*				94,605,300	7	0.34%
Lexmark International Inc.				55,806,600	С	0.20%
Weingarten Realty Inc.				48,274,200	4	0.18%
Fayette Plaza CMBS LLC				40,000,000	9	0.15%
Ball Realty Inc.				38,463,600	7	0.14%
Diamondrock Griffin				35,950,000	6	0.13%
Mid American Apts LLC				32,700,000	10	0.12%
Total	\$741 388 300		2 13%	\$544 370 600		1 98%
10001			0/01.7	000,0-0,0#		0/0/1

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT

*Hap Properties purchased Hamburg Pavillion from Fourth Quarter Properties in July 2014.

Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government

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LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING LICENSE FEE RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YFARS

	LASTTE	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	
Fiscal	LFUCG Direct		
Year	Rate	Fayette County School	Total
2011	2.25%	0.50%	2.75%
2012	2.25%	0.50%	2.75%
2013	2.25%	0.50%	2.75%
2014	2.25%	0.50%	2.75%
2015	2.25%	0.50%	2.75%
2016	2.25%	0.50%	2.75%
2017	2.25%	0.50%	2.75%
2018	2.25%	0.50%	2.75%
2019	2.25%	0.50%	2.75%
2020	2.25%	0.50%	2.75%
Source: Depa	rtment of Finance, Lexi	Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government	vernment

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TABLE	

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT TEN MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL TAX WITHHOLDERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

CUKKENT YEAK AND NINE YEAKS AGO		
Name	2020 Rank	2012 Rank
University of Kentucky	1	1
Fayette County Board of Education	2	Э
Baptist Healthcare	c,	9
Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government	4	4
St. Joseph Hospital	5	5
Lexmark International	9	2
Defense Finance & Acctg System (formerly Dept of Veterans Affairs)	7	7
Amazon.com	8	
Valvoline International, Inc.	6	10
Lockheed Martin	10	
Lexington Clinic		8
ACS Commercial Solutions		9

TABLE 13

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Governmental Activities	al Activities		Bt	Business-type Activities	ies			
<u>Г</u>	[OECD		Bond	Durror	Montecon		T _{oto} l Duinour,	% of	Primary Government
Year	Obligation Bonds	Bond	Lease Revenue Notes Payable	Anucipation Notes	Bonds	Mortgage Revenue Bonds	Notes Payable	I otal Frunary Government	Income	Deot Fer Capita
2011	\$303,865,000				\$60,055,000	\$61,990,000	\$15,105,027	\$441,015,027	3.6%	\$1,464
2012	315,714,650				48,121,327	56,708,664	14,766,530	435,311,171	3.4%	1,425
2013	314,541,343				45,400,398	54,830,752	14,403,727	429,176,220	3.3%	1,390
2014	310,040,731				42,590,809	52,872,841	27,785,157	433,289,538	3.2% *	1,391
2015	319,736,652	2,900,000 **			38,561,469	53,625,000	36,968,889	451,792,010	3.2% *	1,435
2016	356,149,549	2,900,000 **			35,850,000	51, 315, 000	64,267,000	510,481,549	3.6%	1,603
2017	375,507,126	2,900,000 **			33,017,706	49,080,404	86,872,538	547,377,774	3.5%	1,699
2018	386,251,016	2,795,000 **			30,129,000	46,578,000	120,023,000	585,776,016	3.6%	1,809
2019	399,625,856	2,795,000 **			30,129,000	43,965,000	522,444,000	998,958,856	na	3,091
2020	385,703,338	2,795,000			77,836,589	41,248,000	138,742,000	646,324,927	na	1,810
Note:	Details regarding LFUCG outsta See table 18 for population data.	LFUCG outstand pulation data.	Details regarding LFUCG outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See table 18 for population data.	nd in the notes to	the financial stat	ements.				
	Personal income a	ata 2019 & 2020	Personal income data $2019 \propto 2020$ not available at time of publication.	ne of publication.						

* Updated in 2017

** Moved the Qualified Energy Conservation Bond (QECB) from the General Obligation Bonds total.

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	LAJI IEN F	LAJI IEN FISUAL IEANS	
Fiscal	General Obligation	% of Assessed	
Year	Bonds	Value of Property	Per Capita
2011	\$303,865,000	1.11%	\$1,009 *
2012	315,714,650	1.15%	1,033 *
2013	314,541,343	1.12%	1,018 *
2014	310,040,731	1.09%	* 966
2015	322,636,652 **	1.09%	1,025 *
2016	359,049,549 **	1.24%	1,127
2017	378,407,126 **	1.24%	1,174
2018	389,046,016 **	1.21%	1,202
2019	402,420,856 **	1.21%	1,245
2020	388,498,338 **	1.12%	1,182
Notes:	Details regarding LFUCG outstanding debt can be found in the notes	nding debt can be found in the	e notes
	to the financial statements.		
	See Table 7 for property value date and Table 18 for population data.	tte and Table 18 for populatio	n data.

* Updated in 2017

**Updated formual to include QECB bond on Table 13 Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government

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LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT SCHEDULE OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING INDEBTEDNESS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

	Debt Outstanding (1)	Estimated Percentage Applicable (2)	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Lexington Center Corporation			
Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2018	\$110,340,000	2.66%	\$2,930,026
Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A	82,375,000	2.66%	2,187,429
Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2018B	12,395,000	2.66%	329,143
Lexington Public Library			
Variable Rate, Revenue Bonds Series 2014A	624,583	0.09%	592
Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government Airport Corporation			
Variable Rate General Airport, Revenue, and Refunding Bond 2009B (AMT)	5,400,000	4.09%	221,079
Fixed Rate General Airport, Revenue, and Refunding Bond 2016A (non-AMT)	350,000	4.09%	14,329
Fixed Rate General Airport, Revenue, and Refunding Bond 2016B (AMT)	350,000	4.09%	14,329
Fixed Rate General Airport, Revenue, and Refunding Bond 2016C (Fed Taxable)	35,375,000	4.09%	1,448,273
Fixed Rate General Airport, Revenue, and Refunding Bond 2016D (non-AMT)	5,135,000	4.09%	210,230
Fixed Rate General Airport, Revenue, and Refunding Bond 2016E (AMT)	4,250,000	4.09%	173,998
Fixed Rate General Airport, Revenue, and Refunding Bond 2019A (Fed Taxable)	32,000,000	4.09%	1,310,099
Fayette County School & Kentucky School Commission Bonds	411,080,000	100.00%	411,080,000
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			419,919,527
LFUCG, Direct Debt			402,420,856
Total Direct and Overlapping Indebtedness			\$822,340,383

Notes

(1) Industrial Revenue Bonds, Industrial Development Bonds, and Multi-Family and Single Family Housing Bonds are not included in this schedule of overlapping debt as they are not secured by the full faith and credit of Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government.

(2) Determined by ratio of assessed valuation of property subject to taxation in overlapping unit to valuation of property subject to taxation in LFUCG or by ratio of total revenue of overlapping unit to total revenue of LFUCG.

			LEXIN	NGTON-FAYETTE LEGAL DEBT LAST TI (I	JEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)	r government Iation S				LABLE 10
					Fiscal Year	(ear				
'	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Assessed Value	\$27,278,231	\$27,501,680	\$27,991,475	\$28,353,568	\$29,616,824	\$28,873,199	\$30,607,420	\$32,177,070	\$33,213,875	\$34,634,858
Debt limit (10% of Assessed Value)	\$2,727,823	\$2,750,168	\$2,799,148	\$2,835,357	\$2,961,682	\$2,887,320	\$3,060,742	\$3,217,707	\$3,217,707	\$3,463,486
Total net debt applicable to limit	108,710	203,817	194,414	200,820	171,917	162,861	184,801	183,990	362,029	362,797
Legal debt margin	\$2,619,113	\$2,546,351	\$2,604,734	\$2,634,537	\$2,789,765	\$2,724,459	\$2,875,941	\$3,033,717	\$2,855,678	\$3,100,689
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	3.99%	7.41%	6.95%	7.08%	5.80%	5.64%	6.04%	5.72%	11.25%	10.47%
Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government	nance, Lexington-Fa	iyette Urban County	' Government							

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LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT REVENUE BOND COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

PrincipalInterestCoverage\$1,900\$2,5700.98
Revenue Principal \$4,370 \$1,900 4,460 1,970 2,575 2,650
Expenses \$2,789 2,697 2,305
Revenue \$7,159 7,157 5,830 6,376
Coverage 2.41 1.25 4.12 3.14
S2,608 3,181 2,400 2,348
Principal \$4,510 11,117 3,413 3,505 2,067
Revenue \$17,185 17,883 23,930 18,372 19,814
Expenses \$32,198 \$30,140 28,839 33,170 31,626
Revenue \$49,383 48,023 52,769 51,542 51,440
Year 2011 2012 2013 2013 2015

Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government

Note: Details regarding LFUCG outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT	DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Citemproyu Rate 6.9% 5.8%	Cutemproyum Rate 6.9% 5.8% 4.8%	Cuentproyure Rate 5.8% 5.8% 4.8% 3.9%	Cutemproymer Rate 5.8% 5.8% 4.8% 3.9% 3.6%	Cutentproyuten Rate 5.8% 5.8% 4.8% 3.6% 3.6% 3.6%	Cucurproyntem Rate 5.8% 5.8% 3.9% 3.6% 3.6% 3.3%	Cucurproynem Rate 5.8% 5.8% 3.9% 3.6% 3.3% 3.3%
	Unemployed 11,324 9,688 9,769	Unemployed 11,324 9,688 9,769 7,983	Unemployed 11,324 9,688 9,769 7,983 6,423	Unemployed 11,324 9,688 9,769 7,983 6,423 6,153	Unemployed 11,324 9,688 9,769 7,983 6,423 6,153 6,153	Unemployed 11,324 9,688 9,769 7,983 6,423 6,423 6,153 6,153 6,360 5,801	Unemployed 11,324 9,688 9,769 7,983 6,423 6,153 6,153 6,153 6,153 5,801 5,801
Employed	153,602 156,579 158,648	153,602 156,579 158,648 158,848	153,602 156,579 158,648 158,848 160,099	153,602 156,579 158,648 158,848 160,099 163,637	153,602 156,579 158,648 158,848 160,099 163,637 167,944	153,602 156,579 158,648 158,848 160,099 163,637 167,944 167,944	153,602 156,579 158,648 158,848 160,099 163,637 167,944 169,048 170,028
	* * *	* * * *	* * * * *	* * * * * *	* * * * * * *	* * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * *
rer Capita Persona Income	41,578 41,618 41,578	41,578 41,578 43,357	540,522 41,618 41,578 43,357 45,191	540,522 41,618 41,578 43,357 45,191 45,025	440,522 41,618 41,578 43,357 45,191 45,025 48,427	540,522 41,618 41,578 43,357 45,191 45,025 48,427 50,180	540,522 41,618 41,578 43,357 45,191 45,025 48,427 50,180 na
- I 		*	* *	* * *	* * * *	* * * * * *	* * * * *
(Thousands)	12,701,835 12,826,933	12,701,835 12,826,933 13,472,243	12,701,835 12,826,933 13,472,243 14,224,629	12,701,835 12,826,933 13,472,243 14,224,629 14,338,062	12,701,835 12,826,933 13,472,243 14,224,629 14,338,062 15,602,893	12,701,835 12,826,933 13,472,243 14,224,629 14,338,062 15,602,893 16,247,217	12,701,835 12,826,933 13,472,243 14,224,629 14,338,062 15,602,893 16,247,217 na
י 	*	* *	* * * *	* * * *	* * * * *	* * * * * * *	* * * * * * *
Population	308,501	308,501 310,725	308,501 310,725 314,767	308,501 310,725 314,767 318,449	308,501 308,501 314,767 318,449 322,193	308,501 308,501 314,767 318,449 322,193 323,780	308,501 308,501 314,767 318,449 322,193 323,780 323,152
scal Year	2013	2013 2014	2013 2014 2015	2013 2014 2015 2016	2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018	2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019
* \$12,147,960 \$40,322 * 153,602 * * 12.701.835 41.618 * 156.579		* 13,472,243 * 43,357 * 158,848	* $13,472,243$ * $43,357$ * $158,848$ * $14,224,629$ * $45,191$ * $160,099$	* 13,472,243 * 43,357 * 158,848 * 14,224,629 * 45,191 * 160,099 * 14,338,062 * 45,025 * 163,637	* 13,472,243 * 43,357 * 158,848 * 14,224,629 * 45,191 * 160,099 * 14,338,062 * 45,025 * 163,637 ** 15,602,893 ** 48,427 ** 167,944	* 13,472,243 * 43,357 * 158,848 * 14,224,629 * 45,191 * 160,099 * 14,338,062 * 45,025 * 163,637 ** 15,602,893 ** 48,427 ** 167,944 ** 167,944	* 13,472,243 * 43,357 * 158,848 * 14,224,629 * 45,191 * 160,099 * 14,338,062 * 45,025 * 163,637 ** 15,602,893 ** 48,427 ** 167,944 ** 16,247,217 ** 50,180 ** 169,048 na na na

* Updated in 2018

** Updated in 2019

Note:

Personal Income and Per Capita Personal Income data for 2019 & 2020 not available at time of publication. Employed, Unemployed and Unemployment Rate date for 2020 not available at time of publication.

Source: The Bureau of Economic Analysis Source: U.S. Census Bureau Source: The Bureau of Labor Statistics

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LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS, FAYETTE COUNTY CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2020			2012	
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Name	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
University of Kentucky	16,743	1	9.85%	12,278	1	7.84%
Fayette County Public Schools	6,327	2	3.72%	3,558	ŝ	2.27%
Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government	2,938	ŝ	1.73%	4,057	7	2.59%
Amazon.com	2,700	4	1.59%			
Conduent	2,500	5	1.47%			
Veterans Medical Center	2,000	9	1.18%			
Baptist Healthcare	2,100	7	1.24%	2,496	7	1.59%
Catholic Health Initiatives formerly St.Joseph Hospital	1,847	8	1.09%	2,500	9	1.60%
Lemark International	1,500	6	0.88%	2,800	5	1.79%
b Lockheed Martin	1,200	10	0.71%	1,750	6	1.12%
ACS a Zerox Company				3,000	4	1.92%
Wal-Mart				2,027	8	1.29%
Kroger				1,665	10	1.06%
	39,855		23.46%	36,131		23.07%

Source: Lexington Chamber of Commerce

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		Education and	-				Natural		Professional and	Trade,		Total
		Health	Financial		Leisure and		Resources	Other	Business	Transportation,		Employment by
Year	Construction	Services	Activities	Information	Hospitality	Manufacturing	and Mining	Services	Services	and Utilities	Others	Place of Work
2001 *	9,331	20,008	8,367	4,593	18,194	15,185	2,028	4,819	19,241	33,600	77	135,443
2002 *	8,249	20,919	8,330	4,670	17,756	14,703	1,959	4,786	20,866	33,424	71	135,733
2003 *	8,727	21,100	8,359	4,365	18, 199	13,874	1,890	4,746	21,765	34,276	135	137,436
2004 *	8,451	21,377	8,822	3,833	18,109	14,133	1,959	4,848	22,944	34,208	200	138,884
2005 *	8,568	21,728	8,901	3,803	18,360	14,703	2,056	4,727	23,644	34,567	274	141,331
2006 *	8,291	21,980	9,222	3,743	19,572	14,878	2,552	4,718	25,608	34,416	228	145,208
2007 *	8,628	20,919	8,811	3,600	19,626	15,299	2,473	4,696	25,352	34,347	304	144,055
2008 *	7,723	21,035	8,583	5,086	19,427	14,929	2,260	4,941	23,700	34,320	229	142,233
2009 *	7,109	21,603	7,921	4,403	19,455	13,194	2,043	5,138	23,745	32,697	24	137,332
2010 *	6,491	21,983	8,226	5,711	19,930	12,632	1,881	5,444	25,106	33,256	54	140,714
*	6,790	23,640	8,266	5,680	19,495	11,962	2,088	5,383	25,988	33,620	40	142,952
5	6,733	24,230	8,000	5,396	20,318	12,226	2,010	5,347	27,515	34,619	61	146,455
ж К	7,144	23,727	7,875	5,030	21,186	12,214	1,906	5,303	32,376	35,860	101	152,722
4	7,545	23,527	7,638	5,218	22,346	12,229	2,000	4,926	30,600	37,218	43	153,290
5 *	8,742	24,995	7,734	4,891	23,556	12,244	1,957	5,024	32,858	37,885	53	159,939
2016 *	9,591	25,165	7,859	2,335	23,579	11,911	1,775	5,328	30,942	39,458	47	157,990
* -	9,633	25,918	7,858	2,173	23,971	11,445	2,001	5,319	30,750	40,767	46	159,881
8	9,497	26,777	7,987	2,216	24,056	11,506	1,948	5,421	27,592	38,887	49	155,936
2019	10,055	26,987	8,469	2,234	24,561	11.245	2,020	5,438	28,997	38,902	36	158,944

standards. Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

TABLE 20

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT U.S. CENSUS BUREAU STATISTICS

	1990 Cer	nsus	2000 Ce	nsus	2010 Ce	nsus
-	Value	%	Value	%	Value	%
Population and Number of Households						
Population						
Under 18 years	50,416	22.4%	55,533	21.3%	62,633	21.2%
18 - 64 years	152,638	67.7%	178,805	68.7%	202,032	68.3%
65 years and over	22,312	9.9%	26,174	10.0%	31,138	10.5%
Total	225,366	100.0%	260,512	100.0%	295,803	100.0%
Number of Households	89,529		108,288		123,043	
Economic and Education						
Family Income						
Less than \$10,000	5,979	10.5%	3,587	5.6%	4,407	6.3%
\$10,000 - \$24,999	12,365	21.7%	8,947	14.1%	8,791	12.7%
\$25,000 - \$49,999	20,889	36.8%	17,124	26.9%	15,164	21.9%
\$50,000 - \$74,999	10,790	19.0%	14,759	23.2%	12,913	18.6%
\$75,000 or more	6,850	12.0%	19,231	30.2%	28,149	40.5%
Total Families	56,873	100.0%	63,648	100.0%	69,424	100.0%
Median Family Income	\$35,936		\$53,264		\$63,086	
Mean Family Income	\$44,467		\$52,261		\$76,373	
Per Capita Income	\$20,355		\$23,109		\$25,561	
School Enrollment						
Elementary/Secondary	32,858		36,938		43,918	
College	28,339		31,508		41,238	
Education for Individuals 25+ years of age						
Less than 9th grade	11,760	8.3%	8,539	5.1%	8,813	4.6%
High School, No Diploma	16,365	11.5%	15,213	9.1%	13,986	7.3%
High School Graduate	33,238	23.4%	37,448	22.4%	43,875	22.9%
College 1 - 3 years	37,299	26.2%	46,420	27.8%	54,796	28.6%
College 4 or more years	43,454	30.6%	59,615	35.6%	70,123	36.6%
Total	142,116	100.0%	167,235	100.0%	191,593	100.0%
Unemployment Rate	3.7%		1.8%		7.0%	
Source: U.S. Census Bureau						

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT LFUCG EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Excluding Temporary, Seasonal, and Part-Time Employees)

	Administrative Services 86 120 94 47 49 76 78 79 74 71 73 General Sorvices 70 66 66 66 66 66 73 74 73 71 73 Tutomación Technology 120 140 133 144 73 74 74 73 74 74 73 74 74 73 74 74 73 74 74 74 <th>Administrative Services 8 129 94 47 99 76 78 79 74 71 73 Finance A Administrative Services 7 6 7 6 7</th> <th>$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$</th> <th>Function/Program 20</th> <th>2011</th> <th>2012</th> <th>2013</th> <th>2014</th> <th>2015</th> <th>2016</th> <th>2017</th> <th>2018</th> <th>2019</th> <th>2020</th>	Administrative Services 8 129 94 47 99 76 78 79 74 71 73 Finance A Administrative Services 7 6 7 6 7	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Function/Program 20	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
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servation, & Development 39 128 137 143 146 147 regnery Services 520 500 520 566 560 565 558 568 regnery Services 17 16 16 16 18 18 26 25 regnery Services 520 500 520 566 560 565 568 568 regnery Services 511 504 524 542 518 26 25 93 127 126 122 112 87 104 112 93 127 126 122 112 87 104 112 79 81 80 68 74 73 92 91 & Corrections 240 508 484 451 453 468 475 488 egment 196 161 161 161 166 106 114 0 16 0.0 0.0 0.0 100 114	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Law	26	37	40	39	42	23	23	23	21	20
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$ \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 17 & 16 & 16 & 18 & 18 & 26 & 25 \\ 511 & 504 & 524 & 542 & 518 & 554 & 572 & 604 \\ 93 & 127 & 126 & 122 & 112 & 87 & 104 & 112 \\ 284 & 321 & 312 & 330 & 298 & 293 & 340 & 320 \\ 79 & 81 & 80 & 68 & 74 & 73 & 92 & 91 \\ 240 & 508 & 484 & 451 & 453 & 468 & 475 & 488 \\ 196 & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	Civilians 18 17 16 16 18 26 25 16 14 Office 0 127 124 542 543 554 572 604 597 588 Office 127 126 122 121 87 97 587 104 112 103 74 76 Office 20 21 23 23 23 23 340 350 340 351 313 347 76 76 76 74 75 340 350 340 350 340 350 340 350 340 350 347 76 74 75 74 75 74 75 76 74 75 74 75 74 74 74 74 75 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 75 74 75 74 73 74 75 74 75	Civiliars1817161616181826251614Place11504542542518544542518554554557604597583Place211212612211287041120503Croinnuity Corrections244321312312320298293340320313304Community Corrections244451453468747392917475Chilars206874453468475488504493Dhlie Works & Development20508484451453468475488504493Dubie Works & Development20508484451453468475488504493Dubie Works & Development200508484451453468475488504493Dubie Works & Development200508204493204293293293293293293293293293Dubie Works & Development20508445453468475488504493204493Live of the Plane Works202020202020203203203203203203203203203203203<	Civiliars181716161818262516Police011504524542518544512604591Police3334032112712612211287104112105Community Corrections31312312312313313313313Other32313312312312313314313Other320312312312313314313314Other320313313314313314314Other320313314313314314314Other320314453468475488504Other320314453468475488504Other320314453468475488504Other320314453468475488504Other320314453468475488504Other320314453468475488504Other320314453468475488504Other320321321321321321321321Other321321323326326326326326326Other365 <t< td=""><td>Firefighters & Officers</td><td>520</td><td>500</td><td>520</td><td>566</td><td>560</td><td>565</td><td>558</td><td>568</td><td>623</td><td>625</td></t<>	Firefighters & Officers	520	500	520	566	560	565	558	568	623	625
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$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Community Corrections 284 321 312 330 298 293 340 320 313 304 Other 79 81 80 68 74 73 92 91 74 76 Public Works & Development 200 58 484 451 453 468 475 488 504 493 Environmental Quality & Public Works 208 484 451 453 468 475 488 504 493 Environmental Quality & Public Works 196 806 884 451 453 468 475 488 504 493 Water & Air Quality 116 106 116 106 2.346 2.346 2.956 2.991 2.992 2.912 Other 151 $00her$ 166 2.346 2.346 2.346 2.956 2.991 2.992 2.912 Social Services 108 2.346 2.346 2.346 2.956 2.911 2.992 2.912 Communications, Information Technology and Proplexen Involution Technolog	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} Community Corrections & 24 & 321 & 312 & 310 & 298 & 293 & 340 & 320 & 313 \\ \mbox{blic} Works & Development & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	Civilians	93	127	126	122	112	87	104	112	105	109
79 81 80 68 74 73 92 91 240 240 68 74 73 92 91 240 508 484 451 453 468 475 488 196 11 151 16 10 10 11	Other79818068747392917476Public Works & Development240Other240Dublic Works & Development240Other240Environmental Quality & Public Works240Waste Management196Waste Management196Waste Management196Waste Management196Waste Air Quality151Other16Social Services9990942,7452,8942,6942,8212,7952,996111108Commensions. Enterprise Solutions. Information for Propersion Ministrative Services. Historic Preservation. Planning and Purchase of Development Rights moved from Public Works to Administrative Services. Risk ManagementCommunisations. Enterprise Solutions. Information Officer to Administrative Services. Historic Preservation. Planning and Purchase of Development Rights moved from Public Works to Administrative Services. Risk ManagementCommunisations. Enterprise Solutions. Information Officer to Administrative Services. Historic Preservation. Planning and Purchase of Development Rights moved from Public Works to Administrative Services. Risk ManagementCommunisations. Enterprise Solutions. Informed Term Administrative Services. Historic Preservation. Planning and Purchase of Development Rights moved from Public Works to Administrative Services. Risk ManagementCommunisations. Enterprise Solutions. Information Reviews. Risk ManagementCommunisations. Enterprise Solutions. Information Reviews. Risk ManagementCommunisations. Enterprise Solutions.	Other79818068747392917476Public Works & Development240806874453468475488504493Other240508484451453468475488504493Waste Management1967747576Other1967676767676Other1699949696284127962.3462.9562.9912.	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Community Corrections	284	321	312	330	298	293	340	320	313	304
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2,689 2,694 2,821 2,796 2,846 2,956 2,991 2,999	The following Departmental reorganization took place in FY 2012. Communications, Enterprise Solutions, Information Technology and PeopleSoft moved from ChiefInformation Officer to Administrative Services, Historic Preservation, Planning and Purchase of Development Rights moved from Public Works to Administrative Services, Risk Management moved from Levelopment constrative Services; Budgeting moved from Administrative Services, Hintornet Administration was created under Chief Development Officer; Office of Economic Development moved from General Government to Chief/Development Officer; Community Development changed to Grants and Special Projects and moved from Finance to Administrative Services; Human Resources moved from Finance to Law, Environmental Quality and Public Works were merged to Grant Environmental Quality, & Public, Works, Police and Fire	The following Departmental rooganization took place in FY2012: Communications, Enterprise Solutions, Information Technology and PeopleSoft moved from Chief Information Officer to Administrative Services; Historic Preservation, Planning and Purchase of Development Rights moved from Public Works to Administrative Services; Risk Management moved from Law to Administrative Services; Budgeting moved from Administrative Services; Intanace, Chief Development Officer; moved from Law to Administrative Services; Budgeting moved from Administrative Services; Historic Preservation, Planning and Purchase of Development Rights moved from General Government to Chief Development Officer; Community Development changed to Grants and Special Projects and moved from Finance to Law, Environmental Quality and Public Works were merged to form Environmental Quality & Public Works; Police and Fire Pension moved from Public Safety to Finance; Building Inspection moved from Finance to Law, Environmental Quality and Public Works were merged to form Environmental Quality & Public Works; Police and Fire Pension moved from Public Safety, Community Corrections, Police and Fire and Energency Services moved from Public Safety, Community Corrections, Police and Fire and Environmental Quality and Public Safety to Finance; Building Inspection moved from Public Works to Public Safety, Community Corrections, Police and Fire and Energency Services moved from Public Safety.	The following Departmental reorganization took place in FY2012: Communications, Enterprise Solutions, Information Technology and PeopleSoft moved from Chief Information Officer to Administrative Services, Historic Preservation, Planning and Purchase of Development Rights moved from Public Works to Administrative Services moved from Law to Administrative Services Budgeting moved from Administrative Services to Enternot Law to Administrative Services, Budgeting moved from Administrative Services to Enternot Development Officer, Office of Economic Development moved from Fublic Works to Administrative Services Budgeting moved from Fublic Works to Administrative Services itemants to Chief Development changed to Grants and Special Projects and moved from Fublic Services, Human Resources moved from Fublic Works were merged to form Environmental Quality & Public Works moved from Public Works to Public Safety. Community Development Challer Services moved from Fublic Works were merged to form Environmental Quality & Public Works were merged to form Environmental Quality & Public Works moved from Public Safety. Community Corrections, Police and Environmental Reorganization took place in FY2013 and was previously included with Administrative Services. Provement and Environmental Reorganization took place in FY2014. Division of Engineering moved from Fublic Works to Planning. Preservation & Development, Environmental Quality & Public Works to Planning. Preservation & Development, Environmental Quality & Public Works to Planning. Preservation & Development, Environmental Quality & Public Works to Planning. Preservation & Development, Environmental Quality & Public Works to Planning. Preservation & Development, Environmental Quality & Public Works to Planning. Preservation & Development, Environmental Quality & Public Works to Planning. Preservation & Development, Environmental Quality and Public Safety to Planning. Preservation & Development, Environmental Quality & Public Works to Planning. Preservation & Development, Envir		2,745			2,821	2,796	2,846	2,956	2,991	2,999	2,972
communy <i>periophent</i> changed to Grants and operature review north manke to Administrative Services, furman Resources moved from Public Safety. Community <i>development</i> end for early fire and Emergency Services moved to Public Safety.	Planning, Preservation, & Development was added in FY2013 and was previously included with Administrative Services.			The following Departmental reorganization took pla Division of Engineering moved from Environmental of Entermise Solutions moved from Administrative 5	ace in FY2014: I Quality & Publ. Services to Chiel	ic Works to Planning, Pres f Information Officer.	servation & Developmen	tt; Division of Code Enforc	cement and Division of	Building Inspection moved	from Public Safety to F	lanning, Preservation & L	Development; Computer Si	ervices & Division
Communy Development changed to Grants and operature royees not runner transfer to Animustrative Services, forman Kesources moved from Public Safety. Community Development of and runner works were merged to form Environmenta Quanty & runner works, representation of the public Safety. Community Development was added in FY2013 and was previously included with Administrative Services. Rowed to File and Emergency Services moved to Public Safety. The following Departmental regression on the previous of the public Safety community Corrections, Rowed to Public Safety. The following Departmental reorganization took place in FY2013 and was previously included with Administrative Services. Different Emergency Services moved to Public Safety to Planning, Preservation & Development, Works to Public Safety to Planning, Preservation & Development, Division of Code Enforcement and Division of Building Inspection moved from Public Safety to Planning, Preservation & Development, Computer Services & Division of Endinemental Quality & Public Works to Planning, Preservation & Development, Division of Code Enforcement and Division of Building Inspection moved from Public Safety to Planning, Preservation & Development, Computer Services & Division of Endine Safety to Planning, Preservation & Development, Computer Services & Division of Filemention Code Enforcement and Division of Routed in Front Filement, Preservation & Development, Computer Services & Division for Filementia Planning, Preservation & Development, Division of Code Enforcement and Division of Routed from Public Safety to Planning, Preservation & Development, Division of Code Enforcement and Division of Routed from Public Safety to Planning, Preservation & Development, Computer Services & Division Solutions work of them Administrative Safety to Planning, Preservation & Development, Computer Services & Division of Filements Solutions from Public Safety to Planning, Preservation & Development, Division of Code Enforcements Solutions from Public Safety to Planning, Preserv	Planning. Preservation, & Development was added in FY2013 and was previously included with Administrative Services. The following Departmental reorganization took place in FY2014. Division of Engineering moved from Environmental Quality & Public Works to Planning, Preservation & Development; Division of Code Enforcement and Division of Building Inspection moved from Public Safety to Planning, Preservation & Development; Computer Services & Division of Flemenices Schnieven woord from Administrice Services to Chier Information Officer.	The following Departmental reorganization took place in FY2014: Defaultion of Code Enforcement and Division of Code Enforcement and Division of Building Inspection moved from Public Safety to Planning, Preservation & Development; Computer Services & Division of Division of Engineering environments are covices to Chule Information Officer.												

The following Departmental reorganization took place in FY2015: The Division of Human Resources moved from Law and Risk Management to Administrative Services

In FY2016 the Chief Information Officer was changed to the Department of Information Technology. In addition, the Division of Security was moved from the Department of General Services to the Department of Public Safety.

In FY20 the Department of Planning, Preservation & Development was reorganized. The Division of Planning moved to Chief Development Officer. The Divisions of Water Quality, Building Inspection and Engineering moved to Environmental Quality & Public Works. The Divisions of Historie Preservation and Purchase of Development Rights moved to Administrative Services. In addition, the Division of Lexcall was created in Administrative Services. The Division of Code Enforcement moved to Public Safety. The Division of DEEM/Enhanced 911 was split into two separate Divisions, Emergency Management and Enhanced 911.

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TABLE	

LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				LASI II	LAST TEN FISCAL TEAKS									
Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016		2017		2018		2019	2020	
Fire and Emergency Services														
Emergency Medical Calls	34,197	37,000	36,619	37,971	42,151	43,076		46,476		47,930		51,245	46,544	
False Calls	2,870	2,673	2,585	2,983	3,077	2,898		2,915		3,108		3,154	3,074	
Fire Incidents	1,337	1,564	1,293	1,226	1,249	1,248		1,364		1,125		1,028	1,154	
Good Intent Calls	1,271	1,153	1,107	1,108	1,180	1,180		1,128		169		1,252	1,289	
Hazardous Materials Calls	1,118	1,248	1,451	1,686	1,766	2,021		1,976		1,827		1,900	1,776	
Other	79	60	4	54	40	34		46		32		25	36	
Rescues	460	421	449	443	462	501		545		570		740	784	
Rupture - Gas, Water, etc.	47	36	34	31	35	41		44		45		40	78	
Service Calls	1,529	1,707	1,598	2,209	1,968	2,099		2,336		2,838		3,061	3,376	
Police														
Physical Arrests	15,248	20,214	14,592	13,773	17,442	16,356	*	10,990	*	12,481	*	14,801	11,937	* *
Parking Violations	42,675	41,849	47,201	46,709	43,055	45,360		48,776		43,305		44,488	40,141	
Traffic Violations	63,546	52,086	40,478	48,193	44,795	36,561		37,635		37,173		47,019	33,150	
Parks and Recreation														
Rounds of Golf	89,291	95,382	96,607	90,410	91,407	101,535		102,082		90,915		85,906	88,458	
Pool Visits	185,421	205,353	169,820	142,062	145,911	167,351		152,466		137,855		141,382	0	***
Building Inspection														
Permits Issued	13,090	13,623	13,860	16,141	15,363	16,653	**	13,343	***	9,752	***	9,188	12,348	***
Inspections	24,563	23,957	24,518	23,262	21,909	27,406	***	13,517	***	15,850	* * *	18,951	22,098	* * *
Sanitary Sewers														
Tap-on Inspections	625	644	861	897	930	786		811		573		584	872	
Average daily sewage treatment (mgd)	41	39	39	42	41	41		33		35		47	43	
Solid Waste														
Annual Tons of Refuse Collected	138,331	134,788	135,595	137,728	138,714	149,226		155,493		159,320		175,537	179,204	
Annual Tons of Recyclables Collected	20,402	21,834	22,446	22,583	22,509	21,436		21,041		19,502		15,052	12,947	
Annual Tons of Yard Waste Collected	18,049	21,801	20,492	19,984	21,609	21,933		24,053		21,425		29,181	16,789	
Other Public Works														
Street Resurfacing (miles)	15	28	22	27	27	51		61		41		106	75	
*														
** I ne pnysical arrest data was based on the jall import data. ** The nhrusical arrest data is based on ticket data	ne jan import data. ret data													

** The physical arrest data is based on ticket data.
*** In the prior fiscal years permits were counted as issued, in the new system permits are counted by address. In prior fiscal years inspections were counted, including drive-by inspections. The current system limits the number of inspections per day, eliminating drive-by inspections.
*** Due to COVID19 Public Pools did not open

			LEXINGTO CAPITAL A	N-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY SSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTI LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	ERNMENT ROGRAM				
Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Fire and Emergency Services										
Number of Fire Stations	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	24
Number of Engines	23	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	25
Number of Aerials	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Number of EC Units	10	10	10	10	11	11	Ξ	12	12	12
Number of Haz-Mat Units	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Number of Special Operations*						1	1	1	1	6
Canine Facility	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
Stations	ŝ	ŝ	ŝ	ŝ	ŝ	ŝ	* *	*	* *	4
Patrol Units	440	429	424	424	430	457	480	517	550	522
Parks and Recreation										
Acres of Parks	4,917	4,282	4,282	4,282	4,282	4,282	4,282	4,273	4,273	4,276
Number of Golf Courses	9	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Number of Swimming Pools	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	9	9
Sanitary Sewers										
Treatment Capacity (mgd) Solid Waste	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
Collection Trucks Other Public Works	113	119	119	116	118	123	135	127	128	132
Streets (miles)	1,634	1,636	1,638	1,641	1,652	1,663	1,667	1,673	1,669	1,675
Acres in County	182,762	182,762	182,762	182,762	182,762	182,762	182,762	182,762	182,761	182,761
Acres in Urban Services Area	54,618	54,618	54,618	54,618	54,618	54,618	54,618	54,618	54,662	54,662
Traffic Signals	380	382	376	378	365	374	377	379	384	388
* Updated the number of Polic Stations FY2017-2019	FY2017-2019									

Source: Department of Finance, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Governme

TABLE 24