

252 North Broadway
Northside Historic District

Steve Gardner and Karen Wilson, Owner

Scope of Work

Enclose existing porch with screen.

Background

The owner is requesting that the BOAR grant a Certificate of Appropriateness to enclose an existing porch with screen and new wood columns and to replace deteriorated ornamental iron columns; new infill framing will also be installed as screen framing. The existing metal roof is to remain. The work has been started prior to the applicant applying for and receiving a COA.

Guidelines

II. GUIDELINES FOR NEW CONSTRUCTION

3. PORCHES

Design Principle: Porches are often prominent features of a building and help establish scale, proportion, and rhythm along streetscapes. Construction of a porch on an existing building should be compatible in scale and materials with the principal structure and with adjacent and surrounding buildings and the district. Porches should be in keeping with the principal structure’s architectural style and not reflect an earlier period style.

Porches:

- A. should be compatible in scale and materials with the principal structure and surrounding buildings along the block and within the district.
- B. should be compatible with the principal structure’s architectural style, and not be of an earlier architectural period.
- C. that give a building an “imitation historic” appearance are not allowed.

4. ROOM AND WING ADDITIONS

DESIGN PRINCIPLE: In planning additions, the best approach is to place the additions where they will have the least impact on the building's overall form and plan. The rear of buildings is the best location for the addition of rooms or wings. Exterior walls of new additions should not be flush with those of existing buildings, but should be stepped in a minimum of 12” from the edges of the existing building. Likewise, addition rooflines should be stepped down from the peak of the existing roofline so that the existing main roof remains evident. Enlarging a property through adding stories is not appropriate.

Additions:

- A. are most appropriately located at the rear of buildings.
- B. should be secondary (smaller and simpler) to the original building in scale, design, and placement. The use of a small connector or link between the addition and the original building is encouraged where appropriate. Exterior walls should be stepped in a minimum of 12” from the edges of the existing building, and rooflines should be stepped down from the peak of the existing roofline so that the existing main roof remains evident.

Guidelines (cont'd.).

- C. should be a compatible design in keeping with the original building's design, roof shape, materials, color and location of window, door and cornice heights.
- D. should not imitate an earlier historic style or architectural period. For example, a Greek Revival style rear porch addition would not be appropriate for a Queen Anne style house.
- E. should reflect characteristics of the current period in design, but be compatible with the original building.
- F. should be built in a manner that avoids substantive removal or loss of historic materials and which does not damage or destroy the main architectural features of the building.
- G. should keep the exterior walls of the original building as intact as possible and use existing door and window openings for connecting the addition to the building.
- H. should not be made by adding new stories.
- I. should be of materials compatible with the historic fabric of the house. The use of wood is most appropriate; however cementious board may be considered for additions.
- J. should have skylights, decks, or balconies placed so that they do not detract from the historic character of the building.

VI. GUIDELINES FOR DEMOLITION

DESIGN PRINCIPLE: Demolition of historic buildings permanently alters the character of the individual site, streetscape, building or district grouping. Demolition of buildings and structures in historic districts and of landmark structures should only be an action of last resort. Demolition is not permitted within historic districts or on historic sites unless certain conditions are demonstrated. Procedures for demolition are stated in Article 13 of the Lexington-Fayette County Zoning Ordinance.

Demolition:

- A. should only occur as a last resort after all other avenues to protect historic buildings and structures have been exhausted.
- B. of any original feature or part of a historic building should be avoided.
- C. of a building within a locally designated historic district is not permitted, unless one of the following conditions exists:
 - 1. The demolition request is for an inappropriate addition, a non-significant portion of a building or non-significant accessory structure provided that the demolition will not adversely affect those parts of a building or buildings that are significant as determined by the BOAR.
 - 2. The demolition request is for a non-contributing building and the demolition will not adversely affect the character of the district.
 - 3. The property owner proves that no reasonable economic return may be gained from the property through a process designated in Article 13, Section 7(c) (see Appendix E).
- D. Demolition of a structure or building should not be detrimental to the character, scale, rhythm, design and importance of a group of buildings, streetscape or district.

Guidelines (cont'd.)

- E. If tied to future development of the property, future development should be compatible in scale, size and use with existing zoning and existing characteristics of historic properties were the development is located.
- F. For further information about these procedures, consult Article 13 of the Lexington –Fayette Urban County Zoning Ordinance and DHP staff.

Findings

The Staff finds that the proposed work is in compliance with the “Guidelines.”

- II.A.3.A. The porch screen addition is “compatible in scale and materials with the principal structure and surrounding buildings along the block and within the district.”
- II.A.3.B. The porch screen addition is “compatible with the principal structure’s architectural style, and not be of an earlier architectural period.”
- II.A.4. A. The porch screen addition is “appropriately located at the rear of building.”
- II.A.4.B. The porch screen addition is “secondary (smaller and simpler) to the original building in scale, design, and placement.”
- II.A.4.C. The proposed porch screen addition is “compatible design in keeping with the original building's design, roof shape, materials.”

Recommendations

Staff recommends approval.

Deadline for Board Action